

Placemaking Plan Stage 2: Site Assessment Report

Parish Name:	Compton Martin
Date that the Placemaking Plan site assessment were received:	February 2014
Date of the Stage 2b surveys:	Wednesday 2nd July 2014

B&NES will assess and compare the suitability of sites proposed for allocation and designation for inclusion in the Placemaking Plan. It is essential that all site allocation decisions can be justified and that they are supported by a clear audit trail. To this end, the Placemaking Plan site assessment process has been designed to:

- Take account of national planning policy
- Be transparent so that any parish/Town Councils can clearly see the process that has been undertaken
- Ensure that development takes place in sustainable locations or contributes to making existing settlements more sustainable
- Enable very unsuitable sites to be filtered out early on in the appraisal process
- Provide a basis for comparison between sites

B&NES have adopted a two stage approach to the assessment of sites and assets to be protected that have been submitted by town & parish councils for potential allocation or designation in the Placemaking Plan.

Site Selection

Stage 1

In the first stage, the Council reviewed all 'character assessments' and 'site allocations' documents for validation. All character and site assessments were reviewed to ensure that the Planning Toolkit methodology had been applied correctly. A validation report has been supplied to all relevant Town & Parish Councils.

The Parish/Town Councils have the opportunity to review the Council's feedback and undertake any further work necessary and/or respond to and discuss the concerns that the Council have raised.

Stage 2

Stage 2 will now have two sub stages. Stage 2a, which is an assessment of the broad sustainability of sites and stage 2b which is a more detailed and specialist assessment of the sites in relation to their suitability and deliverability.

Stage 2a - Site sieving

The objective of this stage is to ascertain whether any of the sites are subject to constraints that render them wholly unsuitable for allocation. Stage 2a site assessments involves more detailed and specialist assessment of the sites in relation to their suitability and deliverability. Input from specialist departments within the B&NES is used to ensure that only potentially deliverable sites are surveyed during the summer of 2014. The specialists are assessing whether the sites:

- are in accordance with and will deliver the policy framework that is set out in the B&NES Core Strategy would best relate to the existing built up area of the settlement and would be compatible with surrounding land uses
- are available for development in the short term and/or subject to major constraints

Sites that perform poorly against the criteria detailed above will not be carried forward.

Stage 2b - Site surveys/detailed assessment

Building on the work undertaken by the Town & Parish Councils, B&NES have undertaking detailed assessment work on every potential site that has been deemed suitable for survey during June and July 2014. The site surveys involved the specialists from the different Council departments undertaking site surveys and assessing the following site suitability considerations:

- Accessibility It is important that new developments are appropriately located in relation to services, facilities and the communities that will use them
- Environmental impact The degree of impact on the character and appearance
 of an area, the built and historic environment, biodiversity and other
 environmental assets / resources will be assessed
- Physical constraints The existence of constraints such as flood risk, contamination, and the suitability of vehicular access to the site will be assessed. Highway network capacity will be assessed separately for the preferred selection of sites
- Owner intentions B&NES must allocate sites which have a realistic chance of coming forward for development within the Placemaking Plan period. The availability of a site for development is a key factor which needs to be taken into account. Land ownership details will be required

Site assessment- Compton Martin

Site Information	
Site name	Wednesday 2 nd July 2014
Site location	Leamon Cottage, The Street, Compton Martin, BS40 6JF
Parish	None
Site survey date	CM1
SHLAA reference	None
Parish site name	Landowner has been identified and is willing to sell the land for development
Placemaking Plan Reference:	SR17
Site area	0.3ha
Current use of the site	Arable/Farmland/Countryside
Potential use of the site	Based on assumed density 30pph (80% efficiency due to the shape of the land) approximately: 7 dwellings could be accommodated on this site
Potential housing yield	Wednesday 2 nd July 2014
Planning designations	RA2 settlementWithin the Mendip Hills AONB
Planning history	No planning applications since 2005
Has the site previously been considered in a Local Plan inquiry or by a Planning Inspector during an appeal?	Needs further investigation
Parish Council comments from the planning toolkit	 The site is directly on the main A368 with no existing congestion or safety problems Within walking distance of the Pub, Church, Pond, Post
(December 2013)	Office, Village Hall and Amenity Field • Car parking a possible issue
Is the site within a Neighbourhood Planning area?	 Compton Martin is one of the seven parishes which formed the Chew Valley Area Neighbourhood Plan area (designated 18th March 2014)

Site description	Gentle west to east slope	
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(including topography and		
surrounding land uses)		
Agricultural land quality	To be confirmed	
Adjacent uses	North: established woodland	
	East: surrounding houses are two storey detached houses in	
	large plots separated by gardens.	
	South: The Street highway	
	West: 20 th century housing	
Access to services	The site is approximately 500m from the nearest shop in	
	West Harptree	
	There is a facility at Court Farm to purchase dairy products is	
	currently available but is due to be withdrawn	
	 There is no primary school The Amenity field joins the village hall and is at the east end 	
	of the village	
	of the village	
	Comments from the Planning Toolkit (February 2014)	
Air quality, noise, smell	No issues were identified	
Illumination	Where illumination is proposed, it should be designed to	
	avoid intruding into areas where darkness is valued as a	
	characteristic feature of the village	
	There is existing street lighting adjacent to the site	
Landscape and Conservation		
Landscape character	The field is grassland with a few dying (fruit?) trees. The	
	boundaries are hedgerows with woodland developing	
(of the site and immediate	immediately to the north	
area)	The hedgerow on the road frontage is without trees and	
	clipped high. The appears to be quite a significant change of level from road to field which would require sensitivity in	
	design but a small scale road frontage development would	
	be acceptable	
	 Site is within the Mendip Hills AONB and the AONB 	
	Management Board will need to be consulted	
Landscape and visual	Developing this field could visually unite the two sections of	
amenity	the village - the Mendip Villas houses are physically	
	separated from the rest of the village by a block of small	
	fields and developing woodland with the field being the field	
Ecological impacts	which lies along the main road	
Ecological impacts	 Filed cut for hay / silage; bounded by hedgerows with some mature trees, no known interest from records held 	
Proximity to Tree	TPO assessment would be required for the trees on site (In	
Preservation Orders (TPO)	response to the site assessment Environment Team TPO	
trees and hedgerows within	Assessment has been triggered June 2014)	
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(includes ancient woodland)	
Heritage (Listed building, conservation area)	 Adjacent to isolated C20 social housing The land acts as an important visual gap between Mendip Villas and the built entrance to this part of the conservation area which contains several undesignated heritage assets Important hedging between the site and the conservation area could be harmed if development allowed – which in turn would harm this approach to and views of the conservation area (has significant value in contributing to the rural/village-edge character) Provided harm to the setting of the nearby heritage assets is avoided a limited form of development may be acceptable
Proximity to heritage assets (Listed buildings, conservation area etc)	There are no Listed Buildings within 100m's of the site
Archaeology	Requires further investigation
(SAM etc) Public Right Of Way (PROW)	• None
(on or adjacent to the site)	
Infrastructure	
Availability of utilities infrastructure-e.g. water/gas/electric	The site is close to existing housing and there should be no issues associated with the availability of utilities infrastructure
Flood risk (zone/drainage)	The site is within a low flood risk zone
Structures on site	None
Access and highways	 The Street is a classified road with a 30mph speed limit. However during the site visit it was observed that vehicles were travelling considerably faster and the 85th percentile speed is likely to be in excess of 40mph Visibility splays will need to comply with the DMRB in this location and should be 90m x 2.4m but dependent on the number of dwellings provided this may increase to 90m x 4.5m - either of which may be difficult to provide. However if visibility issues can be overcome it is likely that any access road would become adopted highway dependent on the number of dwellings provided on the site and would need to be built to national standards

	A Transport Statement and contributions from the developer towards improving sustainable infrastructure within Compton Martin would also be sought to mitigate the impact of the development. Development of both sites would however not be possible as it is likely that opposing right turning vehicles would cause conflict to the detriment of highway safety	
Availability and achievability		
Is the whole site available for the proposed use?	Yes	
Identification of any abnormal costs or other constraints that would prevent or delay the site coming forward?	• None	
Site Evaluation		
Site should be considered in the Placemaking Plan as an option for potential development.		