

# Local Plan Partial Update: Evidence Base

Technical Note: Transport Implications for Strategic Road Network

B&NES Council

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## Quality information

### Prepared by

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Matthew Davies  
Principal Consultant

### Checked by

---

Chris Carter  
Associate Director

### Verified by

---

Jeremy Douch  
Regional Director

### Approved by

---

Chris Carter  
Associate Director

## Revision History

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**Prepared for:**

Bath and North East Somerset Council

**Prepared by:**

AECOM Limited  
3rd Floor, Portwall Place  
Portwall Lane  
Bristol BS1 6NA  
United Kingdom

T: +44 117 901 7000  
aecom.com

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# 1. Introduction

## 1.1 Project Context

- 1.1.1 AECOM was appointed by Bath and North East Somerset (B&NES) Council to provide transport consultancy services in relation to the Local Plan Partial Update (LPPU).
- 1.1.2 The current Local Plan primarily comprises the *Core Strategy* (adopted July 2014) and *Placemaking Plan* (adopted July 2017). These documents provide a strategic planning framework to guide development in the region, covering the period from 2011 to 2029.
- 1.1.3 In 2018, B&NES commenced development of a new Local Plan, as part of the wider West of England (WoE) *Joint Spatial Plan* (JSP). The JSP was submitted by the four WoE councils (B&NES, Bristol City, South Gloucestershire and North Somerset) for examination by the Secretary of State in April 2018. The JSP set out proposals for future development in order to meet the region's housing, employment and transport needs to 2036. Examination hearings started in July 2019, in April 2020, the WoE Councils wrote to the Inspectors to confirm the withdrawal of the JSP from Examination.
- 1.1.4 The Council is required to review the Local Plan every five years in order to determine whether it remains appropriate or whether all or part of it needs to be updated. A full review of the Local Plan will be undertaken alongside the West of England Combined Authority (WECA) *Spatial Development Strategy* (SDS) which is scheduled for publication in 2023. In the interim, B&NES is undertaking an LPPU to address a number of urgent issues and to align with emerging priorities. The LPPU is not a new Plan, rather the scope of the changes is confined to those areas that can be addressed without changing the spatial priorities, the spatial strategy, or the strategic housing and job growth requirements in the *Core Strategy* and *Placemaking Plan*.
- 1.1.5 Key areas that are being considered in the LPPU include:
- Updates to particular policies, to address changes in circumstances and national policy and legislation since adoption of the *Core Strategy*, particularly the Council's declaration of a 'Climate Emergency' in March 2019, and of an 'Ecological Emergency' in June 2020; and
  - Identification and allocation of sites to meet the shortfall in housing supply (circa 1,200 homes) against the housing requirements in the *Core Strategy*.
- 1.1.6 The 'Options Consultation' on the LPPU ran from 7<sup>th</sup> January 2021 to 18<sup>th</sup> February 2021. The current timetable for the LPPU assumes adoption by Spring 2022 (based on formal consultation in Spring 2021, submission in Autumn 2021 and examination in Winter 2021). The process for a new Local Plan is due to commence in Summer 2021, working towards submission for Examination at the end of 2023.

## 1.2 Approach to the LPPU and Transport and Development Supplementary Planning Document (SPD)

- 1.2.1 Planning policy and wider travel trends point towards the need and potential to reduce car-dependency and increase the uptake of sustainable transport in the context of not only the Climate Emergency, but also in terms of healthier lifestyles (through greater levels of active travel) and management of existing highway networks (through mode shift from private car use). There is recognition of a need to move towards a 'Decide and Provide' approach, which establishes the travel patterns which support low carbon and active lifestyles, and then provides the measures required to deliver on that aspiration.
- 1.2.2 This approach forms a key consideration for the LPPU and Transport and Development SPD as follows:
- Amendments to policies within *Placemaking Plan*: These are intended to strengthen the focus on sustainable travel and its connections with wider issues such as health, equality and inclusivity, creating better places, climate and air quality. There will be increased recognition of importance of the location and design in the sustainability of development and ensure that development transport choices place sustainable modes first;

- Transport and Development SPD: This will provide additional standards and guidance intended to support the delivery of sustainable development. This includes the following chapters:
  - Ultra-Low Emissions Vehicles (ULEVs): This will set out requirements for developments to provide appropriate levels of ULEV charging infrastructure to support Climate Emergency targets to achieve a 76 / 14 / 10 EV / Hybrid / Internal Combustion Engine (ICE) fleet composition by 2030;
  - Walking and Cycling: This will provide best practice design and planning requirements for walking and cycling infrastructure provision;
  - Parking: This will provide detail on parking requirements and standards for new development proposals with an emphasis on good design and sustainability; and
  - Travel Plan: This sets out specific requirements for Travel Plans, including type of Travel Plan, content, and delivery model.

1.2.3 These policy amendments and SPD are intended to inherently reduce the traffic impact of new developments through ensuring that sustainability is embedded through fundamental design and mitigation decision making. Each development coming forward will be required to demonstrate compliance with Policy and delivery of suitable sustainable transport opportunities for future users.

## 1.3 Potential Housing Sites

1.3.1 The Council has supplied a list of potential development sites identified for housing to meet the shortfall in housing supply. The locations of these sites are shown in **Figure 1-1** and the details are summarised in **Table 1-1**.

**Table 1-1: Potential Housing Sites**

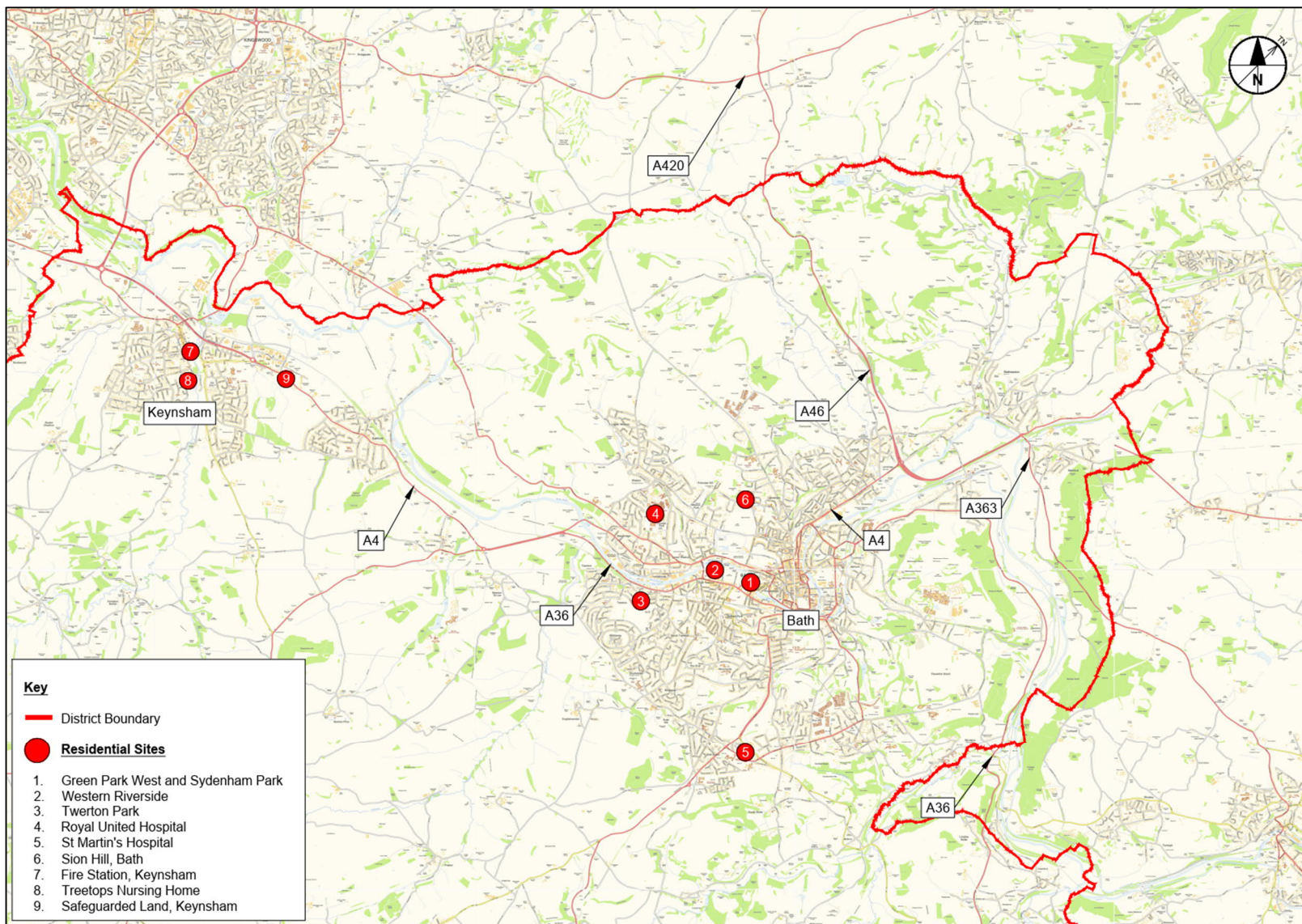
Site No.	Site Name	Location	Potential No. of Homes
1	Green Park West and Sydenham Park	Bath	250
2	Western Riverside	Bath	250
3	Twerton Park	Bath	70
4	Royal United Hospital (RUH)	Bath	100
5	St Martin's Hospital	Bath	50
6	Sion Hill	Bath	100
<b>Bath Sites Sub-Total</b>			<b>820</b>
7	Fire Station	Keynsham	15
8	Treetops Nursing Home	Keynsham	15
9	North Keynsham Safeguarded Land	Keynsham	300
<b>Keynsham Sites Sub-Total</b>			<b>336</b>
<b>Total</b>			<b>1,156</b>

1.3.2 In addition to the above, sites have been identified in Midsomer Norton (10 homes at Silver Street) and Paulton (70 homes); these sites have not been considered in terms of trip forecasting (see **Chapter 3**), as these are not strategic and are geographically detached from the Bath / Keynsham area.

1.3.3 In total, the sites have been identified as having a potential capacity for 1,236 homes, primarily delivered by sites located in Bath (circa 800 homes). The vast majority of the sites are of up to 100 homes (with some being less than 50 dwellings), with three larger sites identified for 250-300 homes. The trip forecasting at **Chapter 3** is based on the quanta in **Table 1-1**, i.e. 1,156 homes.



Figure 1-1: Locations of Potential Housing Development Sites



- 1.3.4 A number of the sites have been / currently are subject to a planning application. The recent planning history of these sites, where relevant, is summarised in **Table 1-2** for information.

**Table 1-2: Relevant Planning History**

Site No.	Site Name	Planning Reference	Status	Summary of Proposals
1	Green Park West and Sydenham Park	20/00259/FUL	Refused	317-bed community care facility, 1,834sqm office space and 370sqm children's nursery.
2	Western Riverside	20/03071/EFUL	Pending consideration	343 dwellings, student accommodation (335-bedroom) and 727sqm flexible commercial floorspace.
3	Twerton Park	19/02276/FUL	Refused	45 dwellings, student accommodation (356-bedroom), new facilities at Bath City Football Club, commercial units, community centre and gymnasium.
4	RUH	18/04550/PA05	Pre-app	No details available.
7	Fire Station	19/04405/FUL	Withdrawn	9 dwellings, hotel (42-bedroom), 360sqm office space, 260sqm retail / restaurant space and 90sqm storage space.
8	Treetops Nursing Home	21/00701/OUT	Pending consideration	39 dwellings.

## 1.4 Purpose and Structure of Technical Note

- 1.4.1 This report is one of two Technical Notes (TNs) to form part of the evidence base for allocation of the potential sites in the LPPU. The TNs examine the cumulative implications associated with the sites to inform developing policy, mitigate the impact at a strategic level and setting out how growth can be supported by and maximise sustainable transport measures. This is important given that most of the individual sites are relatively small scale, and therefore examination of these in isolation would unlikely provide understanding of potential wider implications. The TNs are to inform the LPPU process only and do not replace the assessments of local impacts that will be required for sites as part of respective planning applications.

- 1.4.2 This TN examines the transport impacts with regards to the Strategic Road Network (SRN). A separate TN considers the development implications at the Bath level. The remainder of this TN is structured as follows:

- **Chapter 2 – Trip Forecasting:** Sets out the multi-modal trip generation and distribution of trips associated with potential development sites identified to meet the shortfall in housing supply. This sets out levels of traffic increases forecast to reach the SRN;
- **Chapter 3 – Accommodating Growth in Travel Demand:** Identifies how B&NES is supporting growth in sustainable travel demand, both at the development-level and more widely, and identifies potential schemes of particularly relevance to travel to / from the SRN; and
- **Chapter 4 – Summary and Conclusions.**



## 2. Trip Forecasting

### 2.1 Introduction

- 2.1.1 This chapter of the TN sets out the methodology for forecasting the trip generation and distribution of trips associated with potential development sites identified to meet the shortfall in housing supply. The approach starts with identifying the person trip generation of each of the sites, and the origins and destinations (O/D) of those trips. Based on the O/D, mode shares are assigned to derive multi-modal trip generation from person trips. This has allowed an accurate and robust forecast of traffic trips across the network to be developed.
- 2.1.2 The methodology and initial forecasts were presented to Highways England (HE) at a meeting on Wednesday 24<sup>th</sup> February 2021. The approach to forecasting was considered appropriate and the initial findings acceptable, subject to detailed review on submission.

### 2.2 Trip Generation and Distribution

#### Person Trip Generation

- 2.2.1 Person trip generation during the weekday AM and PM peak hours has been forecast using trip rates derived from an interrogation of TRICS, the industry standard database. It is important that person trip generation, rather than traffic generation, is the starting point for the assessment as it enables journey specific mode shares to be applied for accurate multi-modal trip generation to be established. Sites meeting the following criteria have been selected, based on the TRICS guidance:
- 'Residential – Houses Privately Owned', considered the most robust dataset for forecasting;
  - Located in England, Wales and Scotland (excluding Greater London); and
  - Up to 500 dwellings.
- 2.2.2 It is recognised that the potential development sites vary in terms of their location relative to the urban area. Therefore, each site has been assigned a 'location category' that corresponds with those listed in TRICS, i.e. 'Edge of Town Centre', 'Suburban Area', 'Edge of Town', etc. Person trip rates specific to these location categories have then been extracted based on the criteria listed above. The resulting person trip rates for these categories are summarised in **Table 2-1** with full TRICS outputs supplied at **Appendix A**. The person trip rates have been applied to the potential development sites, as appropriate, in **Table 2-2**. For forecasting purposes, the development quanta set out in **Table 1-1** have been used.

**Table 2-1: Person Trip Rates (per dwelling) by Location Category**

Location Category	Weekday AM Peak Hour			Weekday PM Peak Hour		
	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way
Edge of Town Centre	0.230	0.646	0.876	0.673	0.381	1.054
Suburban Area	0.181	0.759	0.940	0.630	0.308	0.938
Edge of Town	0.205	0.774	0.979	0.603	0.245	0.848

**Table 2-2: Person Trip Generation by Site**

Site No.	Site Name	TRICS Location Category	No. of Trips (Two-Way)	
			Weekday AM Peak Hour	Weekday PM Peak Hour
1	Green Park West and Sydenham Park	Edge of Town Centre	219	264
2	Western Riverside	Suburban Area	235	235
3	Twerton Park	Suburban Area	66	66
4	RUH	Suburban Area	94	94
5	St Martin's Hospital	Suburban Area	47	47
6	Sion Hill	Suburban Area	94	94
<b>Bath Sites Sub-Total</b>			<b>755</b>	<b>798</b>
7	Fire Station	Edge of Town Centre	18	22
8	Treetops Nursing Home	Edge of Town Centre	31	37
9	North Keynsham Safeguarded Land	Edge of Town	274	237
<b>Keynsham Sites Sub-Total</b>			<b>323</b>	<b>296</b>
<b>Total</b>			<b>1,078</b>	<b>1,095</b>

Note: Summation errors due to rounding.

### Trip Distribution by Mode

- 2.2.3 Analysis has been undertaken of 2011 Census data (specifically the 'Location of usual residence and place of work' dataset) to identify the distribution of person trips by mode. The use of this data is considered appropriate for peak hour assessments, given that trips for commuting and business purposes make up a significant proportion of trips during these time periods. These trips are also likely to be longer distance than other trips types such as education or retail, and therefore this distribution results in a 'worst case' assessment of impact as trips are further and more likely to be undertaken by car. Whilst the 2011 Census data is now aged, it remains the most appropriate source for identifying the distribution of commuting and business trips.
- 2.2.4 The analysis of distribution in tandem with mode is considered appropriate to ensure the methodology derives proportions of trips by mode that are reflective and appropriate to journey distances, i.e. a higher proportion of active travel modes for local trips / higher proportion of car use for longer trips.
- 2.2.5 For each potential development site, the corresponding Middle Super Output Area (MSOA) has been identified; this is the most detailed geographical level at which analysis can be undertaken for distribution by mode. The distribution (i.e. the origin / destination) of trips have been aggregated at a settlement level (such as Bath, Keynsham, etc) with further breakdowns provided as appropriate for larger conurbations (such as Bristol). The proportion of total trips by origin / destination and mode has then been identified.
- 2.2.6 The analysis of the relevant MSOAs is included at **Appendix B**. The proportions for trip distribution by mode derived from the analysis have then applied to the person trip generation of the potential development sites, as appropriate. The full trip generation and distribution forecasts for each site are included at **Appendix C**.
- 2.2.7 For reporting purposes, the potential development sites have been grouped by their location, i.e. those located in Bath and Keynsham. Summary forecasts for these locations and for all sites are provided in the following sub-sections, and in full at **Appendix D**.

### Summary Trip Generation Forecasts

- 2.2.8 The trip generation by mode for sites in Bath and Keynsham is summarised in **Table 2-3** and **Table 2-4** respectively. The trip generation by mode for all sites is summarised in **Table 2-5**.

**Table 2-3: Multi-Modal Trip Generation – Bath Sites**

Mode	Weekday AM Peak Hour		Weekday PM Peak Hour	
	No. of Trips (Two-Way)	Mode Share	No. of Trips (Two-Way)	Mode Share
Vehicles	267	35%	280	35%
Car Share	32	4%	33	4%
Walk	296	39%	315	39%
Cycle	37	5%	39	5%
Bus	77	10%	82	10%
Rail	45	6%	49	6%
<b>Total</b>	<b>755</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>798</b>	<b>100%</b>

**Table 2-4: Multi-Modal Trip Generation – Keynsham Sites**

Mode	Weekday AM Peak Hour		Weekday PM Peak Hour	
	No. of Trips (Two-Way)	Mode Share	No. of Trips (Two-Way)	Mode Share
Vehicles	221	68%	202	68%
Car Share	14	4%	13	5%
Walk	35	11%	32	11%
Cycle	10	3%	9	3%
Bus	31	9%	28	10%
Rail	13	4%	12	4%
<b>Total</b>	<b>323</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>296</b>	<b>100%</b>

Note: Summation errors due to rounding.

**Table 2-5: Multi-Modal Trip Generation – All Sites**

Mode	Weekday AM Peak Hour		Weekday PM Peak Hour	
	No. of Trips (Two-Way)	Mode Share	No. of Trips (Two-Way)	Mode Share
Vehicles	488	45%	482	44%
Car Share	46	4%	47	4%
Walk	331	31%	348	32%
Cycle	47	4%	48	4%
Bus	108	10%	110	10%
Rail	58	5%	61	6%
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,078</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>1,095</b>	<b>100</b>

Note: Summation errors due to rounding.

- 2.2.9 The combined potential development sites in Bath are forecast to generate around 750-800 trips during the weekday peak hours. Of these, 44% are forecast to be by active travel modes (walking and cycling) and 16% by public transport (bus and rail). Car use, either as a driver or passenger, accounts for 40% of trips.
- 2.2.10 The combined potential development sites in Keynsham are forecast to generate around 300-320 trips during the weekday peak hours. Of these, 14% are forecast to be by active travel modes (walking and cycling) and 13% by public transport (bus and rail). Vehicles, either as a driver or passenger, accounts for 73% of trips. In comparison, the analysis shows that the sites located in Bath will have a higher share of trips by active travel modes.
- 2.2.11 Overall, the potential development sites are forecast to generate around 1,100 trips during the weekday peak hours. Of these, around 480-490 trips (45% AM, 44% PM) will be via private vehicle use (i.e. new vehicular trips on the network). There will be additional demand for circa 170 trips on the public transport network.

- 2.2.12 For information, the average vehicle trip generation forecasts for the Bath and Keynsham sites have been used to derive vehicle trip rates for these levels of location, as shown in **Table 2-6**. These are aggregated and therefore do not take account of variations in mode share by site based on location.

**Table 2-6: Vehicle Trip Rates (per dwelling)**

Site Location	Weekday AM Peak Hour			Weekday PM Peak Hour		
	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way
Bath	0.069	0.256	0.325	0.226	0.116	0.342
Keynsham	0.143	0.514	0.657	0.419	0.182	0.601

### Summary Trip Distribution Forecasts

- 2.2.13 The trip distribution for sites in Bath is summarised for all trips and vehicle trips in **Table 2-7** and **Table 2-8** respectively.

**Table 2-7: Trip Distribution (All Trips) – Bath Sites**

Distribution	Weekday AM Peak Hour		Weekday PM Peak Hour	
	No. of Trips (Two-Way)	Proportion of Trips	No. of Trips (Two-Way)	Proportion of Trips
Bath	565	75%	596	75%
Bristol – Central	38	5%	40	5%
Bristol – Suburban	34	5%	36	5%
Keynsham	9	1%	9	1%
Other – B&NES (Wider)	45	6%	47	6%
Other – Bristol (Ports)	0	0%	0	0%
Other – Gloucestershire	0	0%	0	0%
Other – North Somerset	2	0%	2	0%
Other – Somerset	7	1%	8	1%
Other – South Gloucestershire	8	1%	8	1%
Other – Swindon	5	1%	6	1%
Other – Wiltshire	38	5%	41	5%
Other – Wider UK	5	1%	5	1%
<b>Total</b>	<b>755</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>798</b>	<b>100%</b>

*Notes:*

1. *Summation errors due to rounding.*
2. *'Bath', 'Bristol – Central', 'Bristol – Suburban' and 'Keynsham' are based on the effective urban areas, rather than specific authority boundaries.*

**Table 2-8: Trip Distribution (Vehicle Trips) – Bath Sites**

Distribution	Weekday AM Peak Hour		Weekday PM Peak Hour	
	No. of Trips (Two-Way)	Proportion of Trips	No. of Trips (Two-Way)	Proportion of Trips
Bath	153	57%	160	57%
Bristol – Central	12	4%	13	5%
Bristol – Suburban	21	8%	21	8%
Keynsham	6	2%	6	2%
Other – B&NES (Wider)	29	11%	30	11%
Other – Bristol (Ports)	0	0%	0	0%
Other – Gloucestershire	0	0%	0	0%
Other – North Somerset	1	0%	2	1%
Other – Somerset	6	2%	6	2%
Other – South Gloucestershire	7	3%	8	3%
Other – Swindon	1	0%	1	0%
Other – Wiltshire	30	11%	32	11%
Other – Wider UK	1	0%	1	0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>100%</b>

*Notes:*

1. *Summation errors due to rounding.*
2. *'Bath', 'Bristol – Central', 'Bristol – Suburban' and 'Keynsham' are based on the effective urban areas, rather than specific authority boundaries.*

2.2.14 **Table 2-7** shows that the vast majority of trips generated by the potential development sites in Bath are forecast to be contained within the Bath urban area, at 75%. Where travel demand is external to Bath, this is primarily to Bristol (the central or suburban area), at 10%. Other external travel demand accounts for 16% of all trips, primarily from the wider B&NES area (6%) and Wiltshire (5%), with the remainder spread across other neighbouring authorities / areas (North Somerset, Somerset, South Gloucestershire and Swindon).

2.2.15 **Table 2-8** shows that, with regards to vehicle trips, the majority are again forecast to be contained within the Bath urban area, albeit at a lower level than all trips combined, at 57%. This equates to circa 150-160 two-way vehicle trips within Bath in each peak hour. 'Other' locations account for 27% (AM) / 28% (PM) of vehicle trips (circa 75-80 two-way peak hour trips in each peak). Again, this is primarily from the wider B&NES area (11%) and Wiltshire (11%), with the remainder spread across other neighbouring authorities / areas (North Somerset, Somerset, South Gloucestershire and Swindon). Trips to these locations are generally over greater distances where opportunities for sustainable travel to / from these locations are likely to be less attractive than for other examined locations. This would also likely account for the higher proportion of vehicle trips to the Bristol (suburban area) when compared with trips by all modes

2.2.16 The trip distribution for sites in Keynsham is summarised for all trips and vehicle trips in **Table 2-9** and **Table 2-10** respectively.

**Table 2-9: Trip Distribution (All Trips) – Keynsham Sites**

Distribution	Weekday AM Peak Hour		Weekday PM Peak Hour	
	No. of Trips (Two-Way)	Proportion of Trips	No. of Trips (Two-Way)	Proportion of Trips
Bath	55	17%	51	17%
Bristol – Central	50	16%	46	15%
Bristol – Suburban	96	30%	88	30%
Keynsham	73	23%	68	23%
Other – B&NES (Wider)	24	8%	22	8%
Other – Bristol (Ports)	2	1%	2	1%
Other – Gloucestershire	0	0%	0	0%
Other – North Somerset	4	1%	4	1%
Other – Somerset	0	0%	0	0%
Other – South Gloucestershire	14	4%	13	4%
Other – Swindon	0	0%	0	0%
Other – Wiltshire	3	1%	2	1%
Other – Wider UK	1	0%	1	0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>323</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>296</b>	<b>100%</b>

Notes:

1. Summation errors due to rounding.
2. 'Bath', 'Bristol – Central', 'Bristol – Suburban' and 'Keynsham' are based on the effective urban areas, rather than specific authority boundaries.

**Table 2-10: Trip Distribution (Vehicle Trips) – Keynsham Sites**

Distribution	Weekday AM Peak Hour		Weekday PM Peak Hour	
	No. of Trips (Two-Way)	Proportion of Trips	No. of Trips (Two-Way)	Proportion of Trips
Bath	40	18%	36	18%
Bristol – Central	22	10%	20	10%
Bristol – Suburban	81	37%	74	37%
Keynsham	36	16%	33	17%
Other – B&NES (Wider)	20	9%	18	9%
Other – Bristol (Ports)	2	1%	2	1%
Other – Gloucestershire	0	0%	0	0%
Other – North Somerset	3	2%	3	2%
Other – Somerset	0	0%	0	0%
Other – South Gloucestershire	13	6%	12	6%
Other – Swindon	0	0%	0	0%
Other – Wiltshire	3	1%	2	1%
Other – Wider UK	0	0%	0	0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>100%</b>

Notes:

1. Summation errors due to rounding.
2. 'Bath', 'Bristol – Central', 'Bristol – Suburban' and 'Keynsham' are based on the effective urban areas, rather than specific authority boundaries.

2.2.1 **Table 2-9** shows that a lower level of self-containment for the Keynsham development sites (compared to the Bath sites) is forecast, with 23% of trips within the Keynsham urban area (circa 70 two-way trips in each peak hour). The majority of trips are forecast to be external to Keynsham, primarily to Bristol (the central or suburban area), at 45% (AM and PM). 17% of trips are forecast to be to / from Bath, with the remaining external travel demand spread across other locations (15%), primarily from the wider B&NES area (8%) and South Gloucestershire (4%), with the remainder spread across other neighbouring authorities / areas (North Somerset and Wiltshire)



2.2.2 **Table 2-10** shows a broadly similar pattern for vehicle trips, with 16% (AM) / 17% (PM) of trips within the Keynsham urban area (circa 35 two-way trips in each peak hour) and 47% (AM) / 46% (PM) to / from the central / suburban Bristol area (circa 100 two-way trips in each peak hour). Similarly, 18% of trips are forecast to be to / from Bath (circa 35-40 two-way trips in each peak hour), and 19% from 'Other' locations, primarily the wider B&NES area (9%) and South Gloucestershire (6%). It is noted that there is a reduction in the proportions of vehicle trips within Keynsham and to the Bristol (central) area when compared to trips on all modes, with the difference primarily shifted to the Bristol (suburban) area and 'Other' locations, suggesting opportunities for sustainable travel to / from these locations are less attractive than for other examined locations. From a review of data across both tables, it is identified that vehicles account for 50% (AM) / 49% (PM) of all trips within the Keynsham urban area generated by the Keynsham development sites.

## 2.3 Comparison with Existing Data

2.3.1 The travel demand forecasts for the potential development sites have been compared with data at the B&NES level, referenced in the Phase 1 report (April 2020) of the *Transport Delivery Action Plan for Bath* (TDAPfB) and associated technical studies.

2.3.2 **Table 2-11** provides a comparison of the mode share of vehicles for commuting trips, for the potential development sites in Bath and Keynsham with that at the B&NES level.

**Table 2-11: Mode Share Comparison – Commuting Trips by Vehicles**

Location	Mode Share of Vehicles
B&NES	62% <sup>1</sup>
Potential Development Sites in Bath	35% <sup>2</sup>
Potential Development Sites in Keynsham	68% <sup>3</sup>
Potential Development Sites Combined	45% <sup>4</sup>

*Notes:*

1. Based on Figure 2.18 of *Transport Delivery Action Plan for Bath* (April 2020). 'Work mainly at or from home' and 'Other' have been omitted for comparison purposes.
2. As per Table 2-3.
3. As per Table 2-4.
4. Calculated from total vehicle trips and total trips in Tables 2-7 to 2-10.

2.3.3 It is shown that the potential development sites in Bath have a significantly lower mode share for vehicles than at the B&NES level. This is to be expected given the proximity of employment opportunities associated with the urban area, with infrastructure and proximity being more conducive to walking, cycling and use of public transport. The potential development sites in Keynsham are shown to have a higher mode share for vehicles than at the B&NES level. When amalgamated, the potential developments are shown to have a lower mode share for vehicles than at the B&NES level; this therefore suggests that, as a whole, the identified development sites have the potential to deliver growth in a positive way. This is based on their location alone and does not include for the potential benefits that could be achieved as part of the design of the development proposals themselves, which B&NES will seek to achieve through its revised policy framework, and also the opportunities associated with wider transport schemes (discussed at **Chapter 3**).

## 2.4 Growth in Travel Demand to / from Strategic Road Network

2.4.1 The potential development sites will give rise to an increase in travel demand to / from the SRN. As part of the forecasting process, analysis has been undertaken in regard to the distribution of vehicle trips associated with the potential development sites, specifically whether this requires routing via the SRN. This has been identified using online route planning software (Google Maps) for a weekday peak hour pre-COVID so as to represent 'normal' conditions on the network and associated route choices.

2.4.2 Where a route requires use of the SRN, the point at which traffic would enter / exit the SRN has been identified. This has been undertaken for the relevant MSOAs as part of the analysis of 2011 Census data at **Appendix B**. The resulting proportions have then been applied to the development sites at **Appendix C**, which includes the generation of vehicle trips on the SRN by development sites and combined. **Table 2-12** summarises the number of vehicle trips generated by the potential development sites that are forecast to route via the SRN.

**Table 2-12: Vehicle Trips Routeing via SRN**

Development Location	No. of Vehicle Trips (Two-Way)	
	Weekday AM Peak Hour	Weekday PM Peak Hour
Bath	58	62
Keynsham	25	23
<b>Total</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>85</b>

2.4.3 The potential development sites are forecast to generate circa 80-85 two-way trips that require routeing via the SRN during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. The majority will be related to the development sites in Bath, which is to be expected given the higher level of development in this location, and the greater proximity of Bath to the SRN.

2.4.4 **Table 2-13** examines the vehicle trip generation in terms of the number of additional movements by junction location. These values are higher than those presented in **Table 2-12** given that it includes for both the entry and exit points of movements on the SRN. For presentation purposes, junctions forecast to experience increases of less than 10 trips per junction have been grouped under 'Other'.

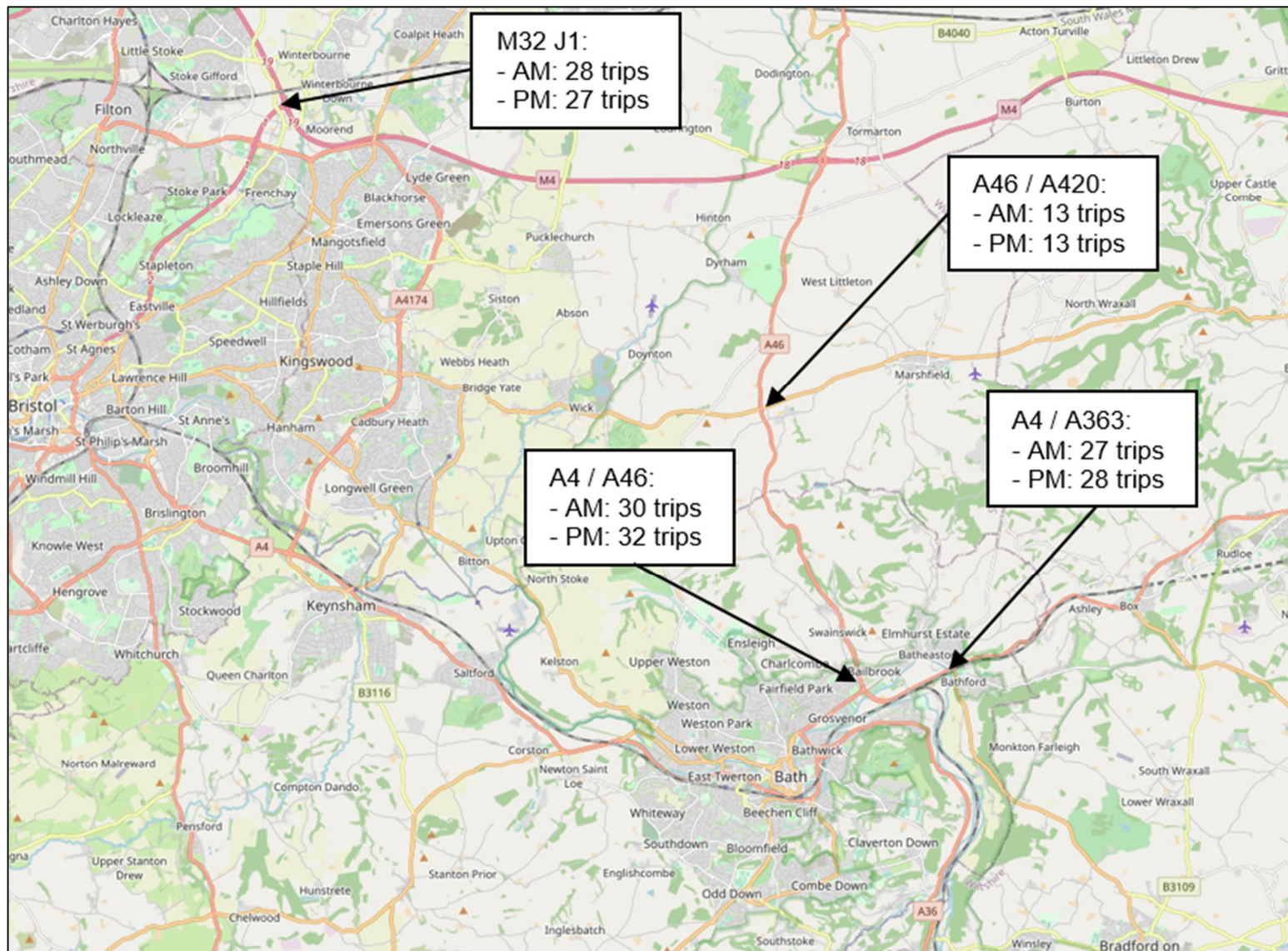
**Table 2-13: Additional Vehicle Trips at SRN Junctions**

Junction	Location	No. of Vehicle Trips (Two-Way)	
		Weekday AM Peak Hour	Weekday PM Peak Hour
A4 / A363	Batheaston	27	28
A4 / A46	Bath	30	32
A46 / A420	Cold Ashton	13	13
M32 J1	Bristol (North)	28	27
Other (23 in total)	Various	45	47
	<b>Total</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>147</b>

*Note: Summation errors due to rounding.*

2.4.5 The potential development sites are forecast to generate a total of 144 and 147 two-way trips at SRN junctions across the network as a whole during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. Most of the junctions identified as part of vehicle routeing will experience increases of less than 10 two-way trips. Four junctions are forecast to experience increases of greater than this, but these do not exceed 35 two-way vehicle trips in an hour. The locations of these increases are shown in **Figure 2-1** and are primarily junctions to the north / east of Bath.

Figure 2-1: Key Locations of Increases in Vehicle Trips on SRN



2.4.6 The increases at these locations have been examined with regards to existing traffic flows, available from HE's online 'WebTris' resource. Whilst the resource does not include junction turning count data for these locations, it does provide directional traffic flow data for key highway links on the SRN in the vicinity. Data has been extracted for 2019, which is the most up-to-date annual dataset available prior to the COVID-19 pandemic. **Table 2-14** summarises the locations and data sites used for the analysis.

**Table 2-14: Summary of WebTris Data Extract**

Location	Direction	WebTris Site Reference
A46, between A4 and A420	Northbound	5336/2
	Southbound	5336/1
A46, between A420 and M4 J18	Northbound	5335/1
	Southbound	5335/2
A4, between A46 and A363	Eastbound	5337/2
	Westbound	5337/1
A36, between A4 and B3108	Northbound	5661/1
	Southbound	5661/2
A36, between B3108 and A366	Northbound	5660/1
	Southbound	5660/2
M32, between A4174 and M4 J19	Northbound – Mainline	M32/5073A
	Northbound – Slip Road	M32/5073K
	Southbound – Mainline	M32/5073B
	Southbound – Slip Road	M32/5073L

2.4.7 For each of the sites, traffic flows for the typical weekday AM (08:00-09:00hrs) and PM (17:00-18:00hrs) peak hours have been calculated for an average weekday (excluding bank holidays) during neutral months (April, May, June, September and October). **Table 2-15** summarises the existing two-way traffic flows together with the forecast level of increase associated with the potential development sites.

**Table 2-15: Additional Vehicle Trips on Key SRN Links**

Time Period	Location	Two-Way Traffic Flows			
		2019	2019 + LPPU	Difference	Percentage Change
Weekday AM Peak Hour	A46, between A4 and A420	1,603	1,606	+3	+0.2%
	A46, between A420 and M4 J18	2,098	2,114	+15	+0.7%
	A4, between A46 and A363	2,115	2,142	+27	+1.3%
	A36, between A4 and B3108	703	706	+3	+0.4%
	A36, between B3108 and A366	1,052	1,065	+13	+1.2%
	M32, between A4174 and M4 J19	6,858	6,872	+14	+0.2%
Weekday PM Peak Hour	A46, between A4 and A420	1,760	1,764	+4	+0.2%
	A46, between A420 and M4 J18	2,441	2,457	+16	+0.6%
	A4, between A46 and A363	2,144	2,172	+28	+1.3%
	A36, between A4 and B3108	773	776	+3	+0.4%
	A36, between B3108 and A366	1,198	1,212	+14	+1.2%
	M32, between A4174 and M4 J19	7,541	7,554	+13	+0.2%

2.4.8 The analysis shows that the potential development sites are generally forecast to result in increases in two-way traffic flows of under 1% on the SRN, with the exception of on the A4 (between A46 and A363) and A36 (between B3108 and A366), although these are under 2%.

2.4.9 The forecast levels of increase are unlikely to result in a material change in operating conditions on the SRN, and therefore specific interventions relating to the SRN as part of the LPPU are not considered to be required. These results are in line with information presented at the meeting on the 24<sup>th</sup> February 2021, which were not considered to be a concern to HE.



## 2.5 Summary

- 2.5.1 Trip forecasts have been prepared for potential development sites identified for housing, based on information supplied by B&NES. The sites have been identified as having a potential capacity for circa 1,236 homes, primarily delivered by sites located in Bath (circa 800 homes), with the remainder being in Keynsham. Sites identified for Midsomer Norton and Paulton are not included in the forecasts as these are not strategic (account for 80 homes in total) and are geographically detached from the Bath / Keynsham area and so are unlikely to contribute significantly to cumulative impact. A number of the potential sites have been / currently are subject to a planning application. For forecasting purposes, the development quanta supplied by B&NES have been used.
- 2.5.2 Person trip generation for the weekday AM and PM peak hours has been forecast from trip rates derived from TRICS, based on location categories appropriate to the potential development sites. Analysis has then been undertaken of 2011 Census data (specifically the 'Location of usual residence and place of work' dataset) to identify the distribution of person trips by mode. The analysis of distribution in tandem with mode is considered appropriate to ensure the methodology derives proportions of trips by mode that are reflective and appropriate to journey distances. For each potential development site, the proportion of total trips by origin / destination and mode has then been identified, and the person trip generation applied.
- 2.5.3 The potential development sites in Bath and Keynsham are forecast to generate around 750-800 trips and 300-320 trips respectively during the weekday peak hours. Development in Bath, compared to development in Keynsham, is forecast to have a higher active travel mode share (44% compared to 14%) and lower vehicles (as driver or passenger) mode share (40% compared to 73%), but broadly similar public transport mode shares. The vast majority of travel demand generated by Bath development is forecast to be contained within the Bath urban area (75%), with external demand primarily to Bristol (10%). Keynsham development is forecast to have a lower level of self-containment in terms of travel demand (23%), with the vast majority being external, primarily to Bristol (45%), followed by Bath (17%). Other external travel demand for both Bath and Keynsham sites is spread across numerous locations in B&NES and neighbouring authorities (Wiltshire, North Somerset, South Gloucestershire and Somerset).
- 2.5.4 The pattern of distribution for vehicle trips is broadly similar, albeit with a reduction in the proportions within the respective urban areas, with the differences primarily shifted towards central / suburban Bristol (circa 35 two-way trips from Bath development and 100 two-way trips from Keynsham development during each peak hour) and 'Other' locations (circa 75-80 two-way trips from Bath development and circa 40 two-way trips from Keynsham development during each peak hour). For Bath development, 'Other' locations are primarily related to the wider B&NES area and Wiltshire. For Keynsham development, 'Other' locations are primarily related to the wider B&NES area and South Gloucestershire. The shift in proportions towards these locations, travel to which is generally over greater distances, would suggest that opportunities for sustainable travel to / from these locations are likely to be less attractive than for other examined locations. This would also likely account for the higher proportion of trips to the Bristol (suburban area) when compared with trips on all modes. It is identified that vehicles account for 27% (circa 150-160 two-way trips in each peak hour) and 50% (AM) / 49% (PM) (circa 30-35 two-way trips in each peak hour) of all trips within the respective urban areas of the Bath and Keynsham development sites.
- 2.5.5 Compared with existing data at the B&NES level, development in Bath has a significantly lower mode share for vehicles, whilst the mode share for Keynsham development is higher. When amalgamated, the potential developments are shown to have a lower mode share for vehicles than at the B&NES level; this therefore suggests that, as a whole, the identified development sites have the potential to deliver growth in a positive way.

- 2.5.6 As part of the forecasting process, analysis of vehicle trip distribution has been undertaken to identify the increase in travel demand to / from the SRN, based on online route planning software. The potential development sites are forecast to generate circa 80-85 two-way trips that require routeing via the SRN during the weekday AM and PM peak hours, the majority being from the development sites in Bath, which is to be expected given the higher level of development in this location and greater proximity to the SRN. The generation has been examined further in terms of the number of additional movements by junction location, given that vehicle trips will have an entry and exit point on the SRN. Most of the junctions identified as part of vehicle routeing will experience increases of less than 10 two-way peak hour trips. Four junctions are forecast to experience increases of greater than this, but these do not exceed 35 two-way peak hour vehicle trips. These increases are below 2% with regard to existing traffic flows on key links serving these junctions. This level of cumulative impact from the LPPU development sites is not considered to be significant nor result in a severe cumulative impact.



## 3. Accommodating Growth in Travel Demand

### 3.1 Introduction

- 3.1.1 Planning policy and wider travel trends point towards the need and opportunity to reduce car-dependency and increase the uptake of sustainable transport. This focus is not only aligned to the Climate Emergency, but also in terms of healthier lifestyles (through greater levels of active travel) and management of existing highway networks (through mode shift from private car use). It is recognised that there is a need to move on from a ‘Predict and Provide’ approach, which has entrenched car dominance in our towns and cities, to ‘Decide and Provide’, which establishes the travel patterns which support low carbon and active lifestyles, and then provides the measures required to deliver on that aspiration. This approach forms a fundamental part of B&NES’s strategy to addressing the Climate Emergency and accommodating growth in as sustainable manner as possible. It is a key consideration for updates to policy within the *Placemaking Plan* as part of the LPPU and associated development of the Transport and Development SPD.
- 3.1.2 This chapter of the TN identifies how B&NES is supporting growth in sustainable travel demand through specific schemes and measures and the expected requirements at the development-level. This includes identification of schemes that have potential to result in a transfer of demand from use of the SRN, together with those related to improving existing network performance and efficiency on routes to / from the SRN. Other schemes and measures aimed at improving sustainability in general are also referenced where relevant, although more detail can be found in the Bath level TN if required.

### 3.2 Key Challenges and Opportunities

- 3.2.1 B&NES, as part of the WoE, published the *Joint Local Transport 4* (JLTP4) in March 2020. It sets out the vision for travel and transport across the region between 2020 and 2036. The JLTP4 outlines the challenges and opportunities, together with high-level interventions, across four spatial levels: ‘outside’ the WoE, ‘within’ the WoE, ‘local’ and ‘neighbourhood’. Those considered of particular relevance to new development, supporting growth in travel demand and managing the performance of existing networks are summarised in **Table 3-1**.

**Table 3-1: Summary of Challenges, Opportunities and Approach to Interventions in JLTP4**

Level	Challenge / Opportunity	Approach to Interventions
Connectivity beyond the West of England	B2: Improve strategic resilience of the network for all trips.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Maximise opportunities arising from improvements to the strategic road and rail network and identify and support delivery of further changes.</li> <li>Identify opportunities to manage the impact of Severn Bridge tolls removal.</li> <li>Manage and mitigate the impact of regular and infrequent events on the transport network.</li> </ul>
Connectivity within the West of England	W1: Provide more public transport options and improve service quality.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provide high quality and reliable mass and rapid transit.</li> <li>Support and enhance existing public transport services.</li> <li>Improve the availability and accessibility of accurate travel information and ticketing.</li> </ul>
	W2: Provide for journeys where public transport is not an option.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provide Park &amp; Ride (P&amp;R) and sharing schemes to minimise the impact of single occupancy vehicles.</li> </ul>
	W3: Use, as appropriate, measures and technological advances to influence and better manage demand.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use technology to keep traffic moving.</li> <li>Embrace technology to improve cleaner travel options.</li> <li>Use, as appropriate, measures to influence and better manage the demand of private car use.</li> </ul>
	W4: Improve resilience of the network, providing increased reliability.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Effectively accommodate development sites and associated trips.</li> </ul>
Local Connectivity	L1: Enable walking and cycling, ‘active modes of travel’, to be the preferred choice for shorter journeys.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provide an attractive, safe and usable walking and cycling network.</li> <li>Provide schemes to support the uptake of cycling.</li> </ul>
	L3: Encourage residents and employees to make more sustainable and healthier travel choices.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Support travel planning with developers, education providers and individuals.</li> </ul>

Level	Challenge / Opportunity	Approach to Interventions
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Support travel planning with businesses and employment sites. Encourage mode shift through grants, incentives and rewards.</li> <li>▪ Maximise awareness of sustainable and active travel choices and the benefits these bring.</li> </ul>
Neighbourhood Connectivity	N1: Use master planning and local design to create better places.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Improve the quality of streets and public realm.</li> <li>▪ Prioritise walking, cycling and public transport into new developments.</li> <li>▪ Provide clear wayfinding and signage.</li> <li>▪ Improve and maintain Public Rights of Way.</li> </ul>
	N2: Facilitate the use of active modes for all short trips, including the first and last mile of longer journeys.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Work with residents and communities to identify barriers to accessibility.</li> <li>▪ Support the provision of safe crossings and speed reduction in appropriate locations.</li> <li>▪ Improve actual and perceived personal security.</li> </ul>

3.2.2 At a more local level, challenges and opportunities have been examined by B&NES with regards to travel within and to / from Bath through the *Transport Delivery Action Plan for Bath* (TDAPfB). The Phase 1 report, published in April 2020, states that Bath has seen more rapid growth in active travel and public transport use than previously forecasted, and further ambitious measures are needed to support and continue this trend. Furthermore, whilst a high proportion of the working population of Bath also live in the city, there are significant levels of in-commuting, and therefore a need to improve sustainable transport options for travel to / from the surrounding areas; this is of particular relevance with regards to travel to / from the neighbouring SRN. These challenges and opportunities are explored in further detail as part of the TN examining the transport implications for Bath.

3.2.3 Overall, policy identifies the requirement to support the growth in active travel modes and public transport, recognising that, where demand for car use remains, there will be a need to effectively manage existing networks, delivering improvements where necessary, and decarbonise vehicle travel through technological change. Measures targeted at addressing these challenges and opportunities have been identified through the JLTP4 and are emerging at the Bath level through the TDAPfB, which will be alongside appropriate measures at a development level. These are discussed in the following sections.

### 3.3 Accommodating Growth in Sustainable Travel

#### Development-Level Measures

3.3.1 The potential development sites will need to accord with adopted policies at the time that planning applications are made and decided. The current adopted policies, as set out in *Core Strategy* and *Placemaking Plan*, are currently being reviewed as part of the LPPU. A Transport and Development SPD is being developed to include detailed guidance and standards for walking and cycling, parking, Travel Planning and ULEVs. These policy changes are intended to further support the sustainability of developments which come forwards.

3.3.2 Development of the potential housing sites will be required to support growth in sustainable transport provision. This will need to include the following, appropriate to their scale and location:

- Prioritise pedestrian and cycle movements over vehicles;
- Provide and enhance facilities for pedestrians, cyclists and the mobility impaired, including segregated provision that is appropriate, safe, and attractive to potential uses;
- Access to high-quality public transport facilities and provide enhancements to existing infrastructure / new infrastructure where required;
- Promote the use of resilient mobility measures such as car clubs and electric cars;
- Safeguard and enhance the network of Public Rights of Way and cycle routes;
- Provide appropriate levels of parking; and
- Develop a Travel Plan and implement associated measures to promote the uptake of sustainable travel modes.

### Potential Transport Schemes in JLTP4

- 3.3.3 JLTP4 is considered the most appropriate reference in terms of identification of major transport schemes relating to supporting growth in sustainable travel demand and managing existing networks.
- 3.3.4 JLTP4 identifies numerous major transport schemes for the WoE. B&NES has supplied a list of these schemes within an 'Uncertainty Log', which defines the likelihood of schemes coming forward, according to the criteria set out in **Table 3-2**.

**Table 3-2: Classification of Scheme Likelihood**

Likelihood	Description	Status
Near certain	The outcome will happen or there is a high probability that it will happen.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Intent announced by proponent to regulatory agencies.</li> <li>▪ Approved development proposals.</li> <li>▪ Projects under construction.</li> </ul>
More than likely	The outcome is likely to happen but there is some uncertainty	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Submission of planning or consent application imminent.</li> <li>▪ Development application within the consent process.</li> </ul>
Reasonably foreseeable	The outcome may happen, but there is significant uncertainty	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Identified within a development plan.</li> <li>▪ Not directly associated with the transport strategy / scheme but may occur if the strategy / scheme is implemented.</li> <li>▪ Development conditional upon the transport strategy / scheme proceeding.</li> <li>▪ Committed policy goal, subject to tests (e.g. of deliverability) whose outcomes are subject to significant uncertainty.</li> </ul>
Hypothetical	There is considerable uncertainty whether the outcome will ever happen.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Conjecture based upon currently available information.</li> <li>▪ Discussed on a conceptual basis.</li> <li>▪ One of a number of possible inputs in an initial consultation process.</li> <li>▪ Policy aspiration.</li> </ul>

- 3.3.5 For the purposes of this review, schemes where B&NES has specifically commented on the likelihood have only been considered. Schemes classed as 'Hypothetical' have been omitted. Those schemes / considered of relevance to supporting growth in sustainable travel demand are summarised in **Table 3-3**.

**Table 3-3: JLTP4 Major Schemes Relevant to Sustainable Travel**

JLTP Ref.	Scheme Name / Location	Summary Description of Relevant Scheme Components	Probability
C3	MetroWest Phase 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Upgraded train services to half-hourly connections for the Bath Spa to Bristol line.</li> </ul>	More than likely
C4	MetroWest Phase 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Improved connectivity to suburban areas of Bristol through reopening of Henbury line, increased services to Yate and new stations at Henbury, North Filton and Ashley Down.</li> </ul>	More than likely
E4	Passenger Rail Service and Capacity Improvements, Station Upgrades and New Stations Package	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Upgrades to existing rail stations with a focus on developing multi-modal transport interchanges, in conjunction with schemes to improve access to existing rail stations by sustainable modes on key routes to stations across the WoE.</li> <li>Package of rail improvement measures to increase frequency of local services to a minimum of two trains per hour, plus hourly rail services between Weston-super-Mare and London.</li> <li>New station at Salford, to be delivered with associated infrastructure (i.e. passenger waiting facilities, bus stops, cycle stands, car parking, real-time information and be fully Equality Act compliant).</li> </ul>	Near certain Reasonably foreseeable
E13	Sustainable Travel Package for Bath	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Increasing high-quality, sustainable travel options to expand, complement and / or offer alternatives to existing P&amp;R / transport interchanges at Lansdown, Odd Down and Newbridge.</li> </ul>	More than likely
E14	Regional EV Charging Network	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Increasing public charging infrastructure, including through 'Go Ultra Low West' EV charging infrastructure programme.</li> </ul>	Near certain
E16	Bath Cycle Network and City Centre Package	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Continuous and integrated network of strategic cycle routes and associated infrastructure, comprising key corridors and cross city and / or river routes, complemented by improved permeability and investment in public realm in the city centre.</li> <li>Improvements to local routes and integration with strategic routes as part of ongoing programmes.</li> </ul>	More than likely
E21	South East Bristol and Whitchurch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A4 metrobus + Callington Road Link: Metrobus service along the A4 corridor between Keynsham and Bristol, incorporating Callington Road Link to reduce congestion on the A4.</li> <li>Hicks Gate interchange: New P&amp;R / transport interchange at Hicks Gate junction. This would replace the existing Brislington P&amp;R site.</li> </ul>	More than likely
E22	Keynsham	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Package of strategic cycle corridor, bus priority, and enhanced bus services to Bristol and Bath, including a direct link to the Bristol / Bath Railway Path (also referenced under Scheme Ref. E17 in terms of completion of the link from the Somerdale cycle bridge via the River Avon towpath to the Keynsham Peninsular and the Bristol / Bath strategic cycle network).</li> <li>Review of access arrangements and passenger waiting facilities at railway station.</li> <li>Enhanced pedestrian and cycle facilities at A4175 / Avon Mill Lane junction as part of junction upgrade / improvements.</li> </ul>	More than likely Reasonably foreseeable
L3	Bath Area Bus Network Improvement Scheme (BABNIS)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Vehicle fleet improvements.</li> <li>Real Time Information (RTI) screens at all stops and upgrade to thin-film-transistor (TFT) displays.</li> <li>New bus priority measures, including on A367 Wellsway, A36 Lower Bristol Road and A4 London Road.</li> <li>New access to Bath Bus Station from Churchill Bridge.</li> </ul>	More than likely
T2	Bristol City Centre to Bath	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mass Transit route providing high frequency, high capacity and fast public transport services between Bristol and Bath.</li> <li>Route from Hicks Gate to Bristol will be facilitated by diversion of traffic onto the Callington Road Link to enable reallocation of roadscape from car to public transport within Bristol.</li> <li>In the short term, Metrobus would provide mass transit along the corridor from Bristol to Bath, and in the longer term there is an ambition for light rail.</li> </ul>	Reasonably foreseeable
T5	Bath city centre and corridors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Light rail in Bath city and environs, to be considered for all key routes entering the city.</li> </ul>	Reasonably foreseeable

3.3.6 **Table 3-3** shows that there are numerous schemes within JLPT4 that will support growth in sustainable travel. For ease of review, these have been summarised in terms of the improvements by mode with appropriate scheme references in **Table 3-4**.

**Table 3-4: Summary Improvements by Mode**

Mode	Key Improvements	JLTP Ref.
Active Travel	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Integrated network of strategic cycle routes.</li> <li>Improvements to local cycle networks and integration with strategic routes.</li> <li>Improvements to pedestrian / cycle facilities as part of junction upgrades.</li> </ul>	E13, E16, E22
Bus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Vehicle fleet improvements.</li> <li>Improved facilities at bus stops.</li> <li>Bus priority measures.</li> <li>New / improvements to existing transport interchanges.</li> </ul>	E13, L3, T2
Rail	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Increased connectivity through opening of new stations / lines</li> <li>Increased frequency of services.</li> <li>Improvements to station facilities.</li> <li>Enhancements to accessibility to stations by sustainable modes.</li> </ul>	C3, C4, E4, E22
Mass Transit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provision of road links to enable reallocation of existing road space to provide Metrobus services between Bath and Bristol and potentially light rail in the long-term.</li> <li>Potential for light rail, to be considered on key routes entering Bath.</li> </ul>	E21, T2, T5
Decarbonisation of Vehicle Travel	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Bus fleet improvements.</li> <li>Increasing public EV charging infrastructure.</li> </ul>	E14, L3

3.3.7 In addition to the major schemes, JLPT4 identifies a number of general measures / actions which will contribute towards accommodating growth in sustainable transport / reducing the impacts of transport across the WoE. Whilst not 'hard' infrastructure schemes, these softer measures will support uptake of sustainable modes and align with Climate Emergency priorities. These include, but are not limited to, the measures summarised in **Table 3-5**.

**Table 3-5: Other General Measures within JLTP4**

Category	Key Improvements
Active Travel / Public Transport	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Work with developers from an early stage of planning to ensure provision of appropriate on-site infrastructure and integration with surrounding active travel and public transport network.</li> <li>Investigate and implement initiatives to support further uptake of e-bikes.</li> <li>Smart Ticketing to enhance convenience of public transport and provide more seamless journeys.</li> </ul>
Behavioural Change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Work with public and private sector organisations (such as employers, businesses, education providers, etc) to provide advice and guidance in regard to active travel modes (including skills training where appropriate), travel planning and EVs.</li> <li>Target travel planning engagement with citizens who are at a transition point in their lives and who are making new journeys before travel habits have been established.</li> <li>Local authorities to "lead by example" by encouraging own staff / operations to use sustainable transport.</li> </ul>
Collaboration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Maintain and develop partnerships with local communities, authorities (local and strategic), transport operators / providers, transport organisations / user groups and other key stakeholders.</li> <li>Participate in sustainable travel forums for business and organisations, providing the opportunity to influence and shape policy and investment.</li> </ul>
Communication and Marketing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Improvements to travel information at transport interchanges together with development of app-based delivery of information.</li> <li>Social marketing and events to maximise awareness of active travel and associated benefits together with support for the wider promotion and provision of national and community-based active travel activities.</li> </ul>
Decarbonisation of Vehicle Travel	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Support the uptake and expansion of a car club network of low emission vehicles.</li> </ul>
Demand Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Further investigation of potential restrictions on private vehicles in city centre and town centre environments and demand management policies (e.g. road user charging and parking management / strategies).</li> </ul>

Category	Key Improvements
Network Management and Efficiency	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Develop tools to improve management and maintenance of highway network;</li> <li>Work with appropriate freight partners and operators to improve efficiency of freight movement on existing networks and investigate potential solutions / new technologies, e.g. use of waterways, e-cargo bikes and drones;</li> </ul>
Emerging Technologies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pursue and develop strategies relating to new technologies in terms of form (such as Connected Autonomous Vehicles) and delivery (such as Mobility as a Service and demand-responsive services).</li> </ul>

### Other Key Projects within B&NES

3.3.8 There are a number of other key projects currently being undertaken across the district, which will support wider transport objectives. These are summarised in **Table 3-6**.

**Table 3-6: Other Key Projects Relevant to Sustainable Travel**

Project	Summary
Bath's Clean Air Zone (CAZ)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The CAZ came into effect in March 2021, charging all higher emission vehicles (except private cars and motorcycles) to drive in the city centre.</li> <li>A reduction in vehicle traffic flows and reduced emissions within the city centre is likely to make the environment more conducive towards use of active travel modes.</li> </ul>
Local Cycling and Walking Infrastructure Plan (LCWIP)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Proposes the allocation of £105 million to improving 30 local high streets and £306 million for upgrades along 55 continuous cycle routes.</li> <li>Identifies potential improvements to existing / creation of new walking and cycling routes that enable active travel. These include routes within Bath and Keynsham that will be of direct benefit to the potential development sites.</li> </ul>
Liveable Neighbourhoods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Aims to reduce the dominance of vehicles in residential areas, particularly through-traffic, whilst maintaining vehicle access to homes and businesses.</li> <li>Includes measures aimed at increasing the convenience and attractiveness of active travel modes, discouraging use of car travel through design measures and reductions in parking supply, and ensuring streets are equipped to accommodate EVs.</li> </ul>
E-Scooters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>As part of the WECA programme, B&amp;NES is undertaking 12-month e-scooter trials to provide alternative ways to travel around Bath. Should the trials be successful, e-scooters could become a permanent sustainable travel option in Bath.</li> </ul>
Active Travel	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Consultation was undertaken in February / March 2021 with regards to potential schemes to improve walking and cycling routes in Bath, focusing on encouraging active travel on routes with high bus usage.</li> <li>Three routes have been consulted on (A4 Upper Bristol Road, Combe Down to University of Bath, and city centre to University of Bath). Approval was given at the Council's Cabinet meeting in July 2021 to proceed to the Traffic Regulation Order stage of consultation (with amendments to the A4 Upper Bristol Road scheme).</li> </ul>

### Summary of Sustainable Travel Measures

3.3.9 The review has identified the extensive work currently being undertaken by B&NES and partners to enhance the sustainability of the transport system. This demonstrates long term investment and commitment which will be coupled with designating development sites in locations that can maximise the opportunities these provide. The measures support the uptake of both active travel modes and public transport, with the latter playing an important role for supporting journeys over a longer distance where there is increased potential for use of the SRN.

## 3.4 Accommodating Growth in Demand on the Strategic Road Network

3.4.1 It is recognised that demand for vehicle travel on the SRN will need to be accommodated where there are no reasonable alternatives, and that growth in housing and employment will bring with it demand for the SRN. As set out in **Chapter 2**, the levels of SRN traffic demand generated by the LPPU development sites will be minimal.

3.4.2 This has been considered by B&NES (as part of the WoE) through the JLTP4. As per Section 3.3, schemes within the 'Uncertainty Log' have been identified where B&NES has specifically commented on their likelihood. Those schemes classed as 'Hypothetical' have been omitted. These are summarised in **Table 3-7**.



**Table 3-7: JLTP4 Major Schemes Relevant to SRN**

JLTP Ref.	Scheme Name / Location	Summary Components	Description of Relevant Scheme	Probability
E2	East of Bath access improvements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provision of a high-quality north-south route connecting the south coast to the M4.</li> <li>This route will enable north-south traffic to avoid passing through Bath.</li> </ul>		Reasonably foreseeable
E8	Freezing Hill junction upgrade and whole route improvements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Route between the A420 and Lansdown P&amp;R currently experiences excessive delays and is not considered suitable for the levels of traffic carried. This forms a key route for travel to / from the SRN.</li> <li>Interventions to include improvements at three junctions and localised widening of Freezing Hill Lane.</li> </ul>		More than likely
L2	A46 to M4 route improvements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Capacity improvements, including at Cold Ashton (A46 / A420) roundabout, to remove existing delays between Bath and the M4 (Junction 18).</li> </ul>		Reasonably foreseeable

3.4.3 With regards to JLTP4 Ref. E2, the Department for Transport's *Road Investment Strategy 2: 2020-2025*, published in March 2020, identifies the requirement for a strategic study in regard to north-south connections across the Southwest of England. The present strategic road is a mixture of the A36 and A46, via Bath, Warminster and Salisbury. B&NES, together with other local authorities, have suggested that there is a strategic case for adopting an alternative corridor, the A350, as the main strategic route for the area, with a coordinated programme of upgrades to provide a high-quality route linking the M4 to the Dorset Coast including Bournemouth and Poole. The study will be expected to identify which corridor provides the main strategic route for the area, any recommendations for the trunking / detrunking of key routes, and identify possible priority investments in the area that can be taken forward.

3.4.4 With regards to JLTP4 Ref. E8, it understood that B&NES is working in partnership with South Gloucestershire (given part of the route falls within its administrative boundary) to assess options for access improvements from the A420 to Lansdown P&R.

## 3.5 Summary

3.5.1 Planning policy and wider travel trends point towards the need and potential to reduce car-dependency and increase the uptake of sustainable transport in the context of not only the Climate Emergency, but also in terms of healthier lifestyles (through greater levels of active travel) and management of existing highway networks (through mode shift from private car use). It is recognised that there is a need to move on from a 'Predict and Provide' approach, which has entrenched car dominance in our towns and cities, to 'Decide and Provide', which establishes the travel patterns which support low carbon and active lifestyles, and then provides the measures required to deliver on that aspiration.

3.5.2 Accommodating and supporting growth in travel sustainably, in line with this approach requires measures at both the development-level and more widely in terms of infrastructure and general initiatives. At a development-level, there is a need to ensure that sites are designed to support sustainable travel not just in terms of their internal arrangements and parking strategies, but also through provision of connections to, and enhancements of, surrounding infrastructure. These requirements are being strengthened through the updates to policies within the *Placemaking Plan* and associated Transport and Development SPD, including detailed guidance and standards for walking and cycling, parking, Travel Planning and ULEVs.

3.5.3 More widely, B&NES is supporting growth in sustainable travel through a number of location / corridor-specific schemes. Numerous potential schemes to support growth in active travel, public transport (bus / rail) and mass transit have been identified, as well as the decarbonisation of vehicle travel. These have been set out by B&NES (as part of WoE) through JLTP4. These schemes sit alongside other key projects which will contribute towards accommodating growth in sustainable transport / reducing the impacts of transport across B&NES / WoE. The measures support the uptake of both active travel modes and public transport, with the latter playing an important role for journeys over a longer distance where there is increased potential for use of the SRN.

## 4. Summary and Conclusions

### 4.1 Background

- 4.1.1 AECOM was appointed by Bath and North East Somerset (B&NES) Council to provide transport consultancy services in relation to the Local Plan Partial Update (LPPU) Process.
- 4.1.2 The current Local Plan primarily comprises the *Core Strategy* (adopted July 2014) and *Placemaking Plan* (adopted July 2017), which provide a strategic planning framework to guide development in the region, covering the period from 2011 to 2029. B&NES is undertaking a LPPU to address a number of urgent issues and to align with emerging priorities. Key areas that are being considered in the LPPU include:
- Updates to particular policies, to address changes in circumstances and national policy and legislation since adoption of the *Core Strategy*, particularly the Council's declaration of a 'Climate Emergency' in March 2019, and of an 'Ecological Emergency' in June 2020; and
  - Identification and allocation of sites to meet the shortfall in housing supply (circa 1,200 homes) against the housing requirements in the *Core Strategy*.
- 4.1.3 This report is one of two Technical Notes (TNs) to form part of the evidence base for allocation of the potential sites in the LPPU. The TNs examine the cumulative implications associated with the sites to inform developing policy, mitigate the impact at a strategic level and setting out how growth can be supported by and maximise sustainable transport measures. The Council has supplied a list of sites, identified as having a potential capacity for 1,236 homes, primarily delivered by sites located in Bath (circa 800 homes). The vast majority of the sites are relatively small scale, and therefore it is important to examine these in combination to understand potential wider implications. This TN examines the transport impacts with regards to the Strategic Road Network (SRN). A separate TN considers the development implications at the Bath level. The TNs do not replace the assessments of local impacts that will be required for sites as part of respective planning applications.

### 4.2 Trip Forecasting

- 4.2.1 Trip forecasts have been prepared for potential development sites identified for housing, based on information supplied by B&NES. The sites have been identified as having a potential capacity for circa 1,236 homes, primarily delivered by sites located in Bath (circa 800 homes), with the remainder being in Keynsham. Sites identified for Midsomer Norton and Paulton are not included in the forecasts as these are not strategic (account for 80 homes in total) and are geographically detached from the Bath / Keynsham area. A number of the potential sites have been / currently are subject to a planning application. For forecasting purposes, the development quanta supplied by B&NES have been used.
- 4.2.2 Person trip generation for the weekday AM and PM peak hours has been forecast from trip rates derived from TRICS, based on location categories appropriate to the potential development sites. Analysis has then been undertaken of 2011 Census data (specifically the 'Location of usual residence and place of work' dataset) to identify the distribution of person trips by mode. The analysis of distribution in tandem with mode is considered appropriate to ensure the methodology derives proportions of trips by mode that are reflective and appropriate to journey distances. For each potential development site, the proportion of total trips by origin / destination and mode has then been identified, and the person trip generation applied.
- 4.2.3 The potential development sites in Bath and Keynsham are forecast to generate around 750-800 trips and 300-320 trips respectively during the weekday peak hours. Development in Bath, compared to development in Keynsham, is forecast to have a higher active travel mode share (44% compared to 14%) and lower vehicles (as driver or passenger) mode share (40% compared to 73%), but broadly similar public transport mode shares. The vast majority of travel demand generated by Bath development is forecast to be contained within the Bath urban area (75%), with external demand primarily to Bristol (10%). Keynsham development is forecast to have a lower level of self-containment in terms of travel demand (23%), with the vast majority being external, primarily to Bristol (45%), followed by Bath (17%). Other external travel demand for both Bath and Keynsham sites is spread across numerous locations in B&NES and neighbouring authorities (Wiltshire, North Somerset, South Gloucestershire and Somerset).

- 4.2.4 The pattern of distribution for vehicle trips is broadly similar, albeit with a reduction in the proportions within the respective urban areas, with the differences primarily shifted towards central / suburban Bristol (circa 35 two-way trips from Bath development and 100 two-way trips from Keynsham development during each peak hour) and 'Other' locations (circa 75-80 two-way trips from Bath development and circa 40 two-way trips from Keynsham development during each peak hour). For Bath development, 'Other' locations are primarily related to the wider B&NES area and Wiltshire. For Keynsham development, 'Other' locations are primarily related to the wider B&NES area and South Gloucestershire. The shift in proportions towards these locations, travel to which is generally over greater distances, would suggest that opportunities for sustainable travel to / from these locations are likely to be less attractive than for other examined locations. This would also likely account for the higher proportion of trips to the Bristol (suburban area) when compared with trips on all modes. It is identified that vehicles account for 27% (circa 150-160 two-way trips in each peak hour) and 50% (AM) / 49% (PM) (circa 30-35 two-way trips in each peak hour) of all trips within the respective urban areas of the Bath and Keynsham development sites.
- 4.2.5 Compared with existing data at the B&NES level, development in Bath has a significantly lower mode share for vehicles, whilst the mode share for Keynsham development is higher. When amalgamated, the potential developments are shown to have a lower mode share for vehicles than at the B&NES level; this therefore suggests that, as a whole, the identified development sites have the potential to deliver growth in a positive way.
- 4.2.6 As part of the forecasting process, analysis of vehicle trip distribution has been undertaken to identify the increase in travel demand to / from the SRN, based on online route planning software. The potential development sites are forecast to generate circa 80-85 two-way trips that require routeing via the SRN during the weekday AM and PM peak hours, the majority being from the development sites in Bath, which is to be expected given the higher level of development in this location and greater proximity to the SRN. The generation has been examined further in terms of the number of additional movements by junction location, given that vehicle trips will have an entry and exit point on the SRN. Most of the junctions identified as part of vehicle routeing will experience increases of less than 10 two-way peak hour trips. Four junctions are forecast to experience increases of greater than this, but these do not exceed 35 two-way peak hour vehicle trips. These increases are below 2% with regard to existing traffic flows on key links serving these junctions. This level of cumulative impact from the LPPU development sites is not considered to be significant nor result in a severe cumulative impact.

## 4.3 Accommodating Growth in Travel Demand

- 4.3.1 Planning policy and wider travel trends point towards the need and potential to reduce car-dependency and increase the uptake of sustainable transport in the context of not only the Climate Emergency, but also in terms of healthier lifestyles (through greater levels of active travel) and management of existing highway networks (through mode shift from private car use). It is recognised that there is a need to move on from a 'Predict and Provide' approach, which has entrenched car dominance in our towns and cities, to 'Decide and Provide', which establishes the travel patterns which support low carbon and active lifestyles, and then provides the measures required to deliver on that aspiration.
- 4.3.2 Accommodating and supporting growth in travel sustainably, in line with this approach requires measures at both the development-level and more widely in terms of infrastructure and general initiatives. At a development-level, there is a need to ensure that sites are designed to support sustainable travel not just in terms of their internal arrangements and parking strategies, but also through provision of connections to, and enhancements of, surrounding infrastructure. These requirements are being strengthened through the updates to policies within the *Placemaking Plan* and associated Transport and Development Supplementary Planning Document (SPD), including guidance and standards for walking and cycling, parking, Travel Planning and Ultra Low Emissions Vehicles (ULEVs).
- 4.3.3 More widely, B&NES is supporting growth in sustainable travel through a number of location / corridor-specific schemes. Numerous potential schemes to support growth in active travel, public transport (bus / rail) and mass transit have been identified, as well as the decarbonisation of vehicle travel. These have been set out by B&NES (as part of the West of England (WoE)) through JLT4. These schemes sit alongside other key projects which will contribute towards accommodating growth in sustainable transport / reducing the impacts of transport across B&NES / WoE. The measures support the uptake of both active travel modes and public transport, with the latter playing an important role for journeys over a longer distance where there is increased potential for use of the SRN.

## 4.4 Conclusion

- 4.4.1 This TN has examined the cumulative transport implications of allocating 1,156 additional homes in Bath and Keynsham in terms of travel demand and impacts on the SRN. Travel demand, mode share and traffic generation and distribution have been quantified. This shows that the allocation of this housing through the LPPU will generate relatively low levels of vehicle traffic on the SRN, and that the locations of the development sites will result in vehicle mode shares lower than the existing population.
- 4.4.2 This TN also identifies the extensive work currently being undertaken by B&NES and partners to enhance the sustainability of the transport system, both in Bath and in the wider district. This demonstrates long term investment and commitment.
- 4.4.3 In transport terms, this TN therefore presents sufficient evidence as to the suitability of allocating the sites proposed through the LPPU process and shows that there is unlikely to be a cumulative strategic impact requiring strategic mitigation over and above existing plans and programmes. Individual development sites will be required to assess their own transport impacts and provide site-specific mitigation through the planning application process.

## **Appendix A:**

# **TRICS Output Reports**

Calculation Reference: AUDIT-204605-210218-0255

## TRIP RATE CALCULATION SELECTION PARAMETERS:

Land Use : 03 - RESIDENTIAL  
 Category : A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED  
 MULTI-MODAL TOTAL VEHICLES

Selected regions and areas:

07	YORKSHIRE & NORTH LINCOLNSHIRE	
	NY NORTH YORKSHIRE	1 days
09	NORTH	
	CB CUMBRIA	1 days
10	WALES	
	PS POWYS	1 days

*This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS® sub-region in the selected set*

## Primary Filtering selection:

*This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.*

Parameter: No of Dwellings  
 Actual Range: 16 to 50 (units: )  
 Range Selected by User: 6 to 500 (units: )

Parking Spaces Range: All Surveys Included

Parking Spaces per Dwelling Range: All Surveys Included

Bedrooms per Dwelling Range: All Surveys Included

Percentage of dwellings privately owned: All Surveys Included

Public Transport Provision:

Selection by: Include all surveys

Date Range: 01/01/12 to 08/10/20

*This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.*

Selected survey days:

Monday	1 days
Tuesday	2 days

*This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.*

Selected survey types:

Manual count	3 days
Directional ATC Count	0 days

*This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaken using machines.*

Selected Locations:

Edge of Town Centre	3
---------------------	---

*This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.*

Selected Location Sub Categories:

Residential Zone	3
------------------	---

*This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.*



## Secondary Filtering selection:

Use Class:

C3 3 days

*This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS®.*

Population within 500m Range:

All Surveys Included

Population within 1 mile:

5,001 to 10,000 1 days

10,001 to 15,000 2 days

*This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.*

Population within 5 miles:

5,001 to 25,000 3 days

*This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5-mile radii of population.*

Car ownership within 5 miles:

0.6 to 1.0 1 days

1.1 to 1.5 2 days

*This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5-miles of selected survey sites.*

Travel Plan:

No 3 days

*This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.*

PTAL Rating:

No PTAL Present 3 days

*This data displays the number of selected surveys with PTAL Ratings.*

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

1	CB-03-A-05 MACADAM WAY PENRITH	DETACHED/TERRACED HOUSING		CUMBRIA
	Edge of Town Centre Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings:		50	
	<i>Survey date: TUESDAY</i>		<i>21/06/16</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
2	NY-03-A-12 RACECOURSE LANE NORTHALLERTON	TOWN HOUSES		NORTH YORKSHIRE
	Edge of Town Centre Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings:		47	
	<i>Survey date: TUESDAY</i>		<i>27/09/16</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
3	PS-03-A-01 BRYN GLAS WELSHPOOL	MIXED HOUSES		POWYS
	Edge of Town Centre Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings:		16	
	<i>Survey date: MONDAY</i>		<i>11/05/15</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>

*This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.*

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL TOTAL VEHICLES

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	3	38	0.097	3	38	0.221	3	38	0.318
08:00 - 09:00	3	38	0.168	3	38	0.363	3	38	0.531
09:00 - 10:00	3	38	0.212	3	38	0.159	3	38	0.371
10:00 - 11:00	3	38	0.097	3	38	0.115	3	38	0.212
11:00 - 12:00	3	38	0.106	3	38	0.133	3	38	0.239
12:00 - 13:00	3	38	0.177	3	38	0.212	3	38	0.389
13:00 - 14:00	3	38	0.159	3	38	0.168	3	38	0.327
14:00 - 15:00	3	38	0.177	3	38	0.159	3	38	0.336
15:00 - 16:00	3	38	0.195	3	38	0.177	3	38	0.372
16:00 - 17:00	3	38	0.319	3	38	0.142	3	38	0.461
17:00 - 18:00	3	38	0.372	3	38	0.212	3	38	0.584
18:00 - 19:00	3	38	0.212	3	38	0.195	3	38	0.407
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			2.291			2.256			4.547

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

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#### Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 16 - 50 (units: )  
 Survey date range: 01/01/12 - 08/10/20  
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 3  
 Number of Saturdays: 0  
 Number of Sundays: 0  
 Surveys automatically removed from selection: 0  
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL TAXIS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
08:00 - 09:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
10:00 - 11:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
11:00 - 12:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
12:00 - 13:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
13:00 - 14:00	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.018
14:00 - 15:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
15:00 - 16:00	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.018
16:00 - 17:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
17:00 - 18:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
18:00 - 19:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.018			0.018			0.036

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL OGVS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.036
08:00 - 09:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.018
10:00 - 11:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
11:00 - 12:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
12:00 - 13:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
13:00 - 14:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
14:00 - 15:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
15:00 - 16:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
16:00 - 17:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
17:00 - 18:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
18:00 - 19:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.027			0.027			0.054

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL CYCLISTS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.018
08:00 - 09:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
10:00 - 11:00	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.009
11:00 - 12:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
12:00 - 13:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
13:00 - 14:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
14:00 - 15:00	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.018
15:00 - 16:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
16:00 - 17:00	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.018
17:00 - 18:00	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.027
18:00 - 19:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.018
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.045			0.063			0.108

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.



TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL VEHICLE OCCUPANTS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	3	38	0.115	3	38	0.257	3	38	0.372
08:00 - 09:00	3	38	0.212	3	38	0.487	3	38	0.699
09:00 - 10:00	3	38	0.265	3	38	0.204	3	38	0.469
10:00 - 11:00	3	38	0.142	3	38	0.142	3	38	0.284
11:00 - 12:00	3	38	0.115	3	38	0.186	3	38	0.301
12:00 - 13:00	3	38	0.230	3	38	0.257	3	38	0.487
13:00 - 14:00	3	38	0.159	3	38	0.204	3	38	0.363
14:00 - 15:00	3	38	0.221	3	38	0.195	3	38	0.416
15:00 - 16:00	3	38	0.327	3	38	0.195	3	38	0.522
16:00 - 17:00	3	38	0.416	3	38	0.195	3	38	0.611
17:00 - 18:00	3	38	0.540	3	38	0.301	3	38	0.841
18:00 - 19:00	3	38	0.301	3	38	0.301	3	38	0.602
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			<b>3.043</b>			<b>2.924</b>			<b>5.967</b>

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL PEDESTRIANS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.097	3	38	0.115
08:00 - 09:00	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.159	3	38	0.177
09:00 - 10:00	3	38	0.027	3	38	0.071	3	38	0.098
10:00 - 11:00	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.106	3	38	0.124
11:00 - 12:00	3	38	0.115	3	38	0.062	3	38	0.177
12:00 - 13:00	3	38	0.062	3	38	0.080	3	38	0.142
13:00 - 14:00	3	38	0.097	3	38	0.106	3	38	0.203
14:00 - 15:00	3	38	0.071	3	38	0.062	3	38	0.133
15:00 - 16:00	3	38	0.071	3	38	0.080	3	38	0.151
16:00 - 17:00	3	38	0.142	3	38	0.044	3	38	0.186
17:00 - 18:00	3	38	0.124	3	38	0.062	3	38	0.186
18:00 - 19:00	3	38	0.071	3	38	0.062	3	38	0.133
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.834			0.991			1.825

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL BUS/TRAM PASSENGERS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
08:00 - 09:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.009
10:00 - 11:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
11:00 - 12:00	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.027	3	38	0.045
12:00 - 13:00	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.018
13:00 - 14:00	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.009
14:00 - 15:00	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.009
15:00 - 16:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.018
16:00 - 17:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.018
17:00 - 18:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
18:00 - 19:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.063			0.063			0.126

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED  
MULTI-MODAL TOTAL RAIL PASSENGERS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
08:00 - 09:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
10:00 - 11:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.009
11:00 - 12:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
12:00 - 13:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
13:00 - 14:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
14:00 - 15:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
15:00 - 16:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
16:00 - 17:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
17:00 - 18:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
18:00 - 19:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.000			0.009			0.009

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED  
MULTI-MODAL PUBLIC TRANSPORT USERS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
08:00 - 09:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.009
10:00 - 11:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.009
11:00 - 12:00	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.027	3	38	0.045
12:00 - 13:00	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.018
13:00 - 14:00	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.009
14:00 - 15:00	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.009
15:00 - 16:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.018
16:00 - 17:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.018
17:00 - 18:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
18:00 - 19:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.063			0.072			0.135

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL TOTAL PEOPLE

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	3	38	0.133	3	38	0.372	3	38	0.505
08:00 - 09:00	3	38	0.230	3	38	0.646	3	38	0.876
09:00 - 10:00	3	38	0.301	3	38	0.274	3	38	0.575
10:00 - 11:00	3	38	0.168	3	38	0.257	3	38	0.425
11:00 - 12:00	3	38	0.248	3	38	0.274	3	38	0.522
12:00 - 13:00	3	38	0.310	3	38	0.336	3	38	0.646
13:00 - 14:00	3	38	0.265	3	38	0.310	3	38	0.575
14:00 - 15:00	3	38	0.310	3	38	0.265	3	38	0.575
15:00 - 16:00	3	38	0.398	3	38	0.292	3	38	0.690
16:00 - 17:00	3	38	0.575	3	38	0.257	3	38	0.832
17:00 - 18:00	3	38	0.673	3	38	0.381	3	38	1.054
18:00 - 19:00	3	38	0.372	3	38	0.381	3	38	0.753
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			3.983			4.045			8.028

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.



TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL CARS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	3	38	0.080	3	38	0.195	3	38	0.275
08:00 - 09:00	3	38	0.133	3	38	0.327	3	38	0.460
09:00 - 10:00	3	38	0.142	3	38	0.106	3	38	0.248
10:00 - 11:00	3	38	0.097	3	38	0.115	3	38	0.212
11:00 - 12:00	3	38	0.097	3	38	0.115	3	38	0.212
12:00 - 13:00	3	38	0.177	3	38	0.186	3	38	0.363
13:00 - 14:00	3	38	0.142	3	38	0.150	3	38	0.292
14:00 - 15:00	3	38	0.159	3	38	0.142	3	38	0.301
15:00 - 16:00	3	38	0.168	3	38	0.142	3	38	0.310
16:00 - 17:00	3	38	0.292	3	38	0.133	3	38	0.425
17:00 - 18:00	3	38	0.354	3	38	0.204	3	38	0.558
18:00 - 19:00	3	38	0.204	3	38	0.177	3	38	0.381
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			2.045			1.992			4.037

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL LGVS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.009
08:00 - 09:00	3	38	0.035	3	38	0.035	3	38	0.070
09:00 - 10:00	3	38	0.062	3	38	0.044	3	38	0.106
10:00 - 11:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
11:00 - 12:00	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.027
12:00 - 13:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.027	3	38	0.027
13:00 - 14:00	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.018
14:00 - 15:00	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.036
15:00 - 16:00	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.027	3	38	0.045
16:00 - 17:00	3	38	0.027	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.036
17:00 - 18:00	3	38	0.018	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.027
18:00 - 19:00	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.018
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.205			0.214			0.419

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL MOTOR CYCLES

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
08:00 - 09:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
10:00 - 11:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
11:00 - 12:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
12:00 - 13:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
13:00 - 14:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
14:00 - 15:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
15:00 - 16:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
16:00 - 17:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
17:00 - 18:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.000
18:00 - 19:00	3	38	0.000	3	38	0.009	3	38	0.009
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.000			0.009			0.009

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Calculation Reference: AUDIT-204605-210218-0202

## TRIP RATE CALCULATION SELECTION PARAMETERS:

Land Use : 03 - RESIDENTIAL  
 Category : A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED  
 MULTI-MODAL TOTAL VEHICLES

Selected regions and areas:

02	SOUTH EAST		
	HC HAMPSHIRE		1 days
	KC KENT		2 days
	WS WEST SUSSEX		1 days
03	SOUTH WEST		
	DV DEVON		2 days
04	EAST ANGLIA		
	CA CAMBRIDGESHIRE		1 days
	NF NORFOLK		2 days
	SF SUFFOLK		1 days
05	EAST MIDLANDS		
	LN LINCOLNSHIRE		1 days
	NR NORTHAMPTONSHIRE		1 days
07	YORKSHIRE & NORTH LINCOLNSHIRE		
	NY NORTH YORKSHIRE		2 days
08	NORTH WEST		
	CH CHESHIRE		2 days
09	NORTH		
	DH DURHAM		1 days
10	WALES		
	PS POWYS		1 days
11	SCOTLAND		
	AG ANGUS		1 days
	FA FALKIRK		2 days
	HI HIGHLAND		1 days

*This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS® sub-region in the selected set*

## Primary Filtering selection:

*This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.*

Parameter: No of Dwellings  
 Actual Range: 7 to 363 (units: )  
 Range Selected by User: 6 to 500 (units: )

Parking Spaces Range: All Surveys Included

Parking Spaces per Dwelling Range: All Surveys Included

Bedrooms per Dwelling Range: All Surveys Included

Percentage of dwellings privately owned: All Surveys Included

Public Transport Provision:

Selection by: Include all surveys

Date Range: 01/01/12 to 08/10/20

*This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.*

Selected survey days:

Monday	5 days
Tuesday	7 days
Wednesday	5 days
Thursday	3 days
Friday	1 days
Saturday	1 days

*This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.*

Selected survey types:

Manual count	22 days
Directional ATC Count	0 days

*This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaken using machines.*

Selected Locations:

Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)

*This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.*

Selected Location Sub Categories:

Residential Zone 22

*This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.*

Secondary Filtering selection:

Use Class:

C3 22 days

*This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS®.*

Population within 500m Range:

All Surveys Included

Population within 1 mile:

5,001 to 10,000	5 days
10,001 to 15,000	4 days
15,001 to 20,000	7 days
20,001 to 25,000	6 days

*This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.*

Population within 5 miles:

5,001 to 25,000	3 days
25,001 to 50,000	2 days
50,001 to 75,000	5 days
75,001 to 100,000	5 days
100,001 to 125,000	2 days
125,001 to 250,000	5 days

*This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5-mile radii of population.*

Car ownership within 5 miles:

0.6 to 1.0	8 days
1.1 to 1.5	14 days

*This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5-miles of selected survey sites.*

Travel Plan:

Yes	3 days
No	19 days

*This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.*

PTAL Rating:

No PTAL Present 22 days

*This data displays the number of selected surveys with PTAL Ratings.*

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

1	AG-03-A-01 KEPTIE ROAD ARBROATH	BUNGALOWS/DET.	ANGUS
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 7 <i>Survey date: TUESDAY 22/05/12</i>		<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
2	CA-03-A-05 EASTFIELD ROAD PETERBOROUGH	DETACHED HOUSES	CAMBRI DGESHIRE
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 28 <i>Survey date: MONDAY 17/10/16</i>		<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
3	CH-03-A-08 WHITCHURCH ROAD CHESTER BOUGHTON HEATH	DETACHED	CHESHIRE
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 11 <i>Survey date: TUESDAY 22/05/12</i>		<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
4	CH-03-A-11 LONDON ROAD NORTHWICH LEFTWICH	TOWN HOUSES	CHESHIRE
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 24 <i>Survey date: THURSDAY 06/06/19</i>		<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
5	DH-03-A-01 GREENFIELDS ROAD BISHOP AUCKLAND	SEMI DETACHED	DURHAM
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 50 <i>Survey date: TUESDAY 28/03/17</i>		<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
6	DV-03-A-02 MILLHEAD ROAD HONITON	HOUSES & BUNGALOWS	DEVON
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 116 <i>Survey date: FRIDAY 25/09/15</i>		<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
7	DV-03-A-03 LOWER BRAND LANE HONITON	TERRACED & SEMI DETACHED	DEVON
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 70 <i>Survey date: MONDAY 28/09/15</i>		<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
8	FA-03-A-01 MANDELA AVENUE FALKIRK	SEMI -DETACHED/TERRACED	FALKIRK
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 37 <i>Survey date: THURSDAY 30/05/13</i>		<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>



LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters (Cont.)

9	FA-03-A-02	MIXED HOUSES ROSEBANK AVENUE & SPRINGFIELD DRIVE FALKIRK	FALKIRK
		Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 161 <i>Survey date: WEDNESDAY 29/05/13</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
10	HC-03-A-23	HOUSES & FLATS CANADA WAY LIPHOOK	HAMPSHIRE
		Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 62 <i>Survey date: TUESDAY 19/11/19</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
11	HI-03-A-14	SEMI-DETACHED & TERRACED KING BRUDE ROAD INVERNESS SCORGUIE	HIGHLAND
		Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 40 <i>Survey date: WEDNESDAY 23/03/16</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
12	KC-03-A-03	MIXED HOUSES & FLATS HYTHE ROAD ASHFORD WILLESBOROUGH	KENT
		Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 51 <i>Survey date: THURSDAY 14/07/16</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
13	KC-03-A-06	MIXED HOUSES & FLATS MARGATE ROAD HERNE BAY	KENT
		Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 363 <i>Survey date: WEDNESDAY 27/09/17</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
14	LN-03-A-03	SEMI DETACHED ROOKERY LANE LINCOLN BOULTHAM	LINCOLNSHIRE
		Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 22 <i>Survey date: TUESDAY 18/09/12</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
15	NF-03-A-01	SEMI DET. & BUNGALOWS YARMOUTH ROAD CAISTER-ON-SEA	NORFOLK
		Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 27 <i>Survey date: TUESDAY 16/10/12</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
16	NF-03-A-02	HOUSES & FLATS DEREHAM ROAD NORWICH	NORFOLK
		Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 98 <i>Survey date: MONDAY 22/10/12</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
17	NR-03-A-01	HOUSES BOUGHTON GREEN ROAD NORTHAMPTON KINGSTHORPE	NORTHAMPTONSHIRE
		Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 102 <i>Survey date: SATURDAY 22/09/12</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters (Cont.)

18	NY-03-A-08 NICHOLAS STREET YORK	TERRACED HOUSES		NORTH YORKSHIRE
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 21 <i>Survey date: MONDAY 16/09/13</i>			
	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>			
19	NY-03-A-13 CATTERICK ROAD CATTERICK GARRISON OLD HOSPITAL COMPOUND	TERRACED HOUSES		NORTH YORKSHIRE
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 10 <i>Survey date: WEDNESDAY 10/05/17</i>			
	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>			
20	PS-03-A-02 GUNROG ROAD WELSHPOOL	DETACHED/SEMI-DETACHED		POWYS
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 28 <i>Survey date: MONDAY 11/05/15</i>			
	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>			
21	SF-03-A-04 NORMANSTON DRIVE LOWESTOFT	DETACHED & BUNGALOWS		SUFFOLK
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 7 <i>Survey date: TUESDAY 23/10/12</i>			
	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>			
22	WS-03-A-05 UPPER SHOREHAM ROAD SHOREHAM BY SEA	TERRACED & FLATS		WEST SUSSEX
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre) Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 48 <i>Survey date: WEDNESDAY 18/04/12</i>			
	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>			

*This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.*

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL TOTAL VEHICLES

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	22	63	0.056	22	63	0.269	22	63	0.325
08:00 - 09:00	22	63	0.103	22	63	0.354	22	63	0.457
09:00 - 10:00	22	63	0.148	22	63	0.166	22	63	0.314
10:00 - 11:00	22	63	0.113	22	63	0.157	22	63	0.270
11:00 - 12:00	22	63	0.130	22	63	0.150	22	63	0.280
12:00 - 13:00	22	63	0.182	22	63	0.155	22	63	0.337
13:00 - 14:00	22	63	0.165	22	63	0.174	22	63	0.339
14:00 - 15:00	22	63	0.152	22	63	0.178	22	63	0.330
15:00 - 16:00	22	63	0.232	22	63	0.155	22	63	0.387
16:00 - 17:00	22	63	0.301	22	63	0.177	22	63	0.478
17:00 - 18:00	22	63	0.340	22	63	0.181	22	63	0.521
18:00 - 19:00	22	63	0.254	22	63	0.183	22	63	0.437
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			2.176			2.299			4.475

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

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#### Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:	7 - 363 (units: )
Survey date range:	01/01/12 - 08/10/20
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):	21
Number of Saturdays:	1
Number of Sundays:	0
Surveys automatically removed from selection:	4
Surveys manually removed from selection:	0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED  
 MULTI-MODAL TAXIS  
 Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS  
 BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.002
08:00 - 09:00	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.008
09:00 - 10:00	22	63	0.007	22	63	0.003	22	63	0.010
10:00 - 11:00	22	63	0.003	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.007
11:00 - 12:00	22	63	0.003	22	63	0.003	22	63	0.006
12:00 - 13:00	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.008
13:00 - 14:00	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.008
14:00 - 15:00	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.002	22	63	0.003
15:00 - 16:00	22	63	0.005	22	63	0.002	22	63	0.007
16:00 - 17:00	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.005	22	63	0.009
17:00 - 18:00	22	63	0.003	22	63	0.002	22	63	0.005
18:00 - 19:00	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.003	22	63	0.004
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			<b>0.040</b>			<b>0.037</b>			<b>0.077</b>

*This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.*

*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP\*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED  
 MULTI-MODAL OGVS  
 Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS  
 BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
08:00 - 09:00	22	63	0.005	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.009
09:00 - 10:00	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.008
10:00 - 11:00	22	63	0.002	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.006
11:00 - 12:00	22	63	0.002	22	63	0.002	22	63	0.004
12:00 - 13:00	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.003	22	63	0.004
13:00 - 14:00	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.002
14:00 - 15:00	22	63	0.002	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.003
15:00 - 16:00	22	63	0.002	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.003
16:00 - 17:00	22	63	0.002	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.003
17:00 - 18:00	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.002	22	63	0.003
18:00 - 19:00	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.002
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.023			0.024			0.047

*This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.*

*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP\*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED  
 MULTI-MODAL PSVS  
 Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS  
 BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
08:00 - 09:00	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.002
09:00 - 10:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
10:00 - 11:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
11:00 - 12:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
12:00 - 13:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
13:00 - 14:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
14:00 - 15:00	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.002
15:00 - 16:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
16:00 - 17:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
17:00 - 18:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
18:00 - 19:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.002			0.002			0.004

*This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.*

*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP\*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED  
 MULTI-MODAL CYCLISTS  
 Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS  
 BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	22	63	0.003	22	63	0.011	22	63	0.014
08:00 - 09:00	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.014	22	63	0.015
09:00 - 10:00	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.005	22	63	0.006
10:00 - 11:00	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.006	22	63	0.010
11:00 - 12:00	22	63	0.003	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.004
12:00 - 13:00	22	63	0.007	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.011
13:00 - 14:00	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.005
14:00 - 15:00	22	63	0.002	22	63	0.006	22	63	0.008
15:00 - 16:00	22	63	0.012	22	63	0.002	22	63	0.014
16:00 - 17:00	22	63	0.009	22	63	0.003	22	63	0.012
17:00 - 18:00	22	63	0.013	22	63	0.007	22	63	0.020
18:00 - 19:00	22	63	0.007	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.011
19:00 - 20:00	1	7	0.000	1	7	0.000	1	7	0.000
20:00 - 21:00	1	7	0.000	1	7	0.000	1	7	0.000
21:00 - 22:00	1	7	0.000	1	7	0.000	1	7	0.000
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.066			0.064			0.130

*This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.*

*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP\*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL VEHICLE OCCUPANTS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	22	63	0.073	22	63	0.359	22	63	0.432
08:00 - 09:00	22	63	0.127	22	63	0.542	22	63	0.669
09:00 - 10:00	22	63	0.185	22	63	0.231	22	63	0.416
10:00 - 11:00	22	63	0.151	22	63	0.221	22	63	0.372
11:00 - 12:00	22	63	0.167	22	63	0.210	22	63	0.377
12:00 - 13:00	22	63	0.243	22	63	0.223	22	63	0.466
13:00 - 14:00	22	63	0.226	22	63	0.244	22	63	0.470
14:00 - 15:00	22	63	0.199	22	63	0.249	22	63	0.448
15:00 - 16:00	22	63	0.361	22	63	0.214	22	63	0.575
16:00 - 17:00	22	63	0.456	22	63	0.252	22	63	0.708
17:00 - 18:00	22	63	0.515	22	63	0.257	22	63	0.772
18:00 - 19:00	22	63	0.388	22	63	0.266	22	63	0.654
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			3.091			3.268			6.359

*This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.*

*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP\*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*



TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL PEDESTRIANS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	22	63	0.017	22	63	0.052	22	63	0.069
08:00 - 09:00	22	63	0.052	22	63	0.159	22	63	0.211
09:00 - 10:00	22	63	0.057	22	63	0.061	22	63	0.118
10:00 - 11:00	22	63	0.041	22	63	0.057	22	63	0.098
11:00 - 12:00	22	63	0.040	22	63	0.042	22	63	0.082
12:00 - 13:00	22	63	0.056	22	63	0.033	22	63	0.089
13:00 - 14:00	22	63	0.042	22	63	0.038	22	63	0.080
14:00 - 15:00	22	63	0.047	22	63	0.053	22	63	0.100
15:00 - 16:00	22	63	0.132	22	63	0.066	22	63	0.198
16:00 - 17:00	22	63	0.082	22	63	0.056	22	63	0.138
17:00 - 18:00	22	63	0.070	22	63	0.040	22	63	0.110
18:00 - 19:00	22	63	0.048	22	63	0.040	22	63	0.088
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.684			0.697			1.381

*This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.*

*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP\*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED  
MULTI-MODAL BUS/TRAM PASSENGERS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	22	63	0.003	22	63	0.012	22	63	0.015
08:00 - 09:00	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.029	22	63	0.030
09:00 - 10:00	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.017	22	63	0.021
10:00 - 11:00	22	63	0.007	22	63	0.007	22	63	0.014
11:00 - 12:00	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.003	22	63	0.007
12:00 - 13:00	22	63	0.008	22	63	0.012	22	63	0.020
13:00 - 14:00	22	63	0.003	22	63	0.002	22	63	0.005
14:00 - 15:00	22	63	0.008	22	63	0.007	22	63	0.015
15:00 - 16:00	22	63	0.018	22	63	0.009	22	63	0.027
16:00 - 17:00	22	63	0.015	22	63	0.005	22	63	0.020
17:00 - 18:00	22	63	0.012	22	63	0.005	22	63	0.017
18:00 - 19:00	22	63	0.015	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.016
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.098			0.109			0.207

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED  
 MULTI-MODAL TOTAL RAIL PASSENGERS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.017	22	63	0.017
08:00 - 09:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.014	22	63	0.014
09:00 - 10:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.004
10:00 - 11:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.001
11:00 - 12:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.001
12:00 - 13:00	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.002
13:00 - 14:00	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.001
14:00 - 15:00	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.002
15:00 - 16:00	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.001
16:00 - 17:00	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.004
17:00 - 18:00	22	63	0.020	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.020
18:00 - 19:00	22	63	0.012	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.012
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.040			0.039			0.079

*This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.*

*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP\*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED  
 MULTI-MODAL COACH PASSENGERS  
 Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS  
 BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
08:00 - 09:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.001
09:00 - 10:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
10:00 - 11:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
11:00 - 12:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
12:00 - 13:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
13:00 - 14:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
14:00 - 15:00	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.001
15:00 - 16:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
16:00 - 17:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
17:00 - 18:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
18:00 - 19:00	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000	22	63	0.000
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.001			0.001			0.002

*This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.*

*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP\*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL PUBLIC TRANSPORT USERS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	22	63	0.003	22	63	0.029	22	63	0.032
08:00 - 09:00	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.044	22	63	0.045
09:00 - 10:00	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.021	22	63	0.025
10:00 - 11:00	22	63	0.007	22	63	0.007	22	63	0.014
11:00 - 12:00	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.008
12:00 - 13:00	22	63	0.009	22	63	0.014	22	63	0.023
13:00 - 14:00	22	63	0.004	22	63	0.002	22	63	0.006
14:00 - 15:00	22	63	0.009	22	63	0.008	22	63	0.017
15:00 - 16:00	22	63	0.019	22	63	0.009	22	63	0.028
16:00 - 17:00	22	63	0.019	22	63	0.005	22	63	0.024
17:00 - 18:00	22	63	0.032	22	63	0.005	22	63	0.037
18:00 - 19:00	22	63	0.027	22	63	0.001	22	63	0.028
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.138			0.149			0.287

*This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.*

*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP\*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL TOTAL PEOPLE

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	22	63	0.096	22	63	0.451	22	63	0.547
08:00 - 09:00	22	63	0.181	22	63	0.759	22	63	0.940
09:00 - 10:00	22	63	0.247	22	63	0.318	22	63	0.565
10:00 - 11:00	22	63	0.204	22	63	0.291	22	63	0.495
11:00 - 12:00	22	63	0.214	22	63	0.258	22	63	0.472
12:00 - 13:00	22	63	0.315	22	63	0.274	22	63	0.589
13:00 - 14:00	22	63	0.275	22	63	0.285	22	63	0.560
14:00 - 15:00	22	63	0.257	22	63	0.315	22	63	0.572
15:00 - 16:00	22	63	0.523	22	63	0.291	22	63	0.814
16:00 - 17:00	22	63	0.567	22	63	0.317	22	63	0.884
17:00 - 18:00	22	63	0.630	22	63	0.308	22	63	0.938
18:00 - 19:00	22	63	0.471	22	63	0.312	22	63	0.783
19:00 - 20:00	1	7	0.000	1	7	0.000	1	7	0.000
20:00 - 21:00	1	7	0.000	1	7	0.000	1	7	0.000
21:00 - 22:00	1	7	0.000	1	7	0.000	1	7	0.000
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			3.980			4.179			8.159

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Calculation Reference: AUDIT-204605-210218-0212

## TRIP RATE CALCULATION SELECTION PARAMETERS:

Land Use : 03 - RESIDENTIAL  
 Category : A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED  
 MULTI-MODAL TOTAL VEHICLES

Selected regions and areas:

02	SOUTH EAST	
	ES EAST SUSSEX	2 days
	HC HAMPSHIRE	2 days
	HF HERTFORDSHIRE	1 days
	KC KENT	2 days
	SC SURREY	2 days
	WS WEST SUSSEX	4 days
03	SOUTH WEST	
	SM SOMERSET	1 days
04	EAST ANGLIA	
	NF NORFOLK	3 days
	SF SUFFOLK	1 days
05	EAST MIDLANDS	
	DS DERBYSHIRE	1 days
06	WEST MIDLANDS	
	SH SHROPSHIRE	2 days
	ST STAFFORDSHIRE	1 days
07	YORKSHIRE & NORTH LINCOLNSHIRE	
	NE NORTH EAST LINCOLNSHIRE	1 days
	NY NORTH YORKSHIRE	1 days
08	NORTH WEST	
	CH CHESHIRE	2 days
09	NORTH	
	DH DURHAM	1 days
10	WALES	
	VG VALE OF GLAMORGAN	1 days

*This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS® sub-region in the selected set*

## Primary Filtering selection:

*This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.*

Parameter: No of Dwellings  
 Actual Range: 10 to 432 (units: )  
 Range Selected by User: 6 to 500 (units: )

Parking Spaces Range: All Surveys Included

Parking Spaces per Dwelling Range: All Surveys Included

Bedrooms per Dwelling Range: All Surveys Included

Percentage of dwellings privately owned: All Surveys Included

Public Transport Provision:

Selection by: Include all surveys

Date Range: 01/01/12 to 08/10/20

*This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.*

Selected survey days:

Monday	7 days
Tuesday	4 days
Wednesday	8 days
Thursday	7 days
Friday	2 days

*This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.*

Selected survey types:

Manual count	28 days
Directional ATC Count	0 days

*This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaken using machines.*

Selected Locations:

Edge of Town

*This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.*

Selected Location Sub Categories:

Residential Zone	26
No Sub Category	2

*This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.*

Secondary Filtering selection:

Use Class:

C3	28 days
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*This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS®.*

Population within 500m Range:

All Surveys Included

Population within 1 mile:

5,001 to 10,000	8 days
10,001 to 15,000	12 days
15,001 to 20,000	6 days
20,001 to 25,000	2 days

*This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.*

Population within 5 miles:

5,001 to 25,000	1 days
25,001 to 50,000	3 days
50,001 to 75,000	5 days
75,001 to 100,000	7 days
100,001 to 125,000	1 days
125,001 to 250,000	11 days

*This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5-mile radii of population.*

Car ownership within 5 miles:

0.6 to 1.0	6 days
1.1 to 1.5	20 days
1.6 to 2.0	2 days

*This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5-miles of selected survey sites.*

Travel Plan:

Yes	11 days
No	17 days

*This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.*

PTAL Rating:

No PTAL Present	28 days
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*This data displays the number of selected surveys with PTAL Ratings.*



LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

1	CH-03-A-09 GREYSTOKE ROAD MACCLESFIELD HURDSFIELD Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 24 <i>Survey date: MONDAY 24/11/14</i>	TERRACED HOUSES	CHESHIRE	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
2	CH-03-A-10 MEADOW DRIVE NORTHWICH BARNTON Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 40 <i>Survey date: TUESDAY 04/06/19</i>	SEMI-DETACHED & TERRACED	CHESHIRE	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
3	DH-03-A-03 PILGRIMS WAY DURHAM  Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 57 <i>Survey date: FRIDAY 19/10/18</i>	SEMI-DETACHED & TERRACED	DURHAM	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
4	DS-03-A-02 RADBOURNE LANE DERBY  Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 371 <i>Survey date: TUESDAY 10/07/18</i>	MIXED HOUSES	DERBYSHIRE	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
5	ES-03-A-03 SHEPHAM LANE POLEGATE  Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 212 <i>Survey date: MONDAY 11/07/16</i>	MIXED HOUSES & FLATS	EAST SUSSEX	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
6	ES-03-A-05 RATTLE ROAD NEAR EASTBOURNE STONE CROSS Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 99 <i>Survey date: WEDNESDAY 05/06/19</i>	MIXED HOUSES & FLATS	EAST SUSSEX	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
7	HC-03-A-21 PRIESTLEY ROAD BASINGSTOKE HOUNDMILLS Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 39 <i>Survey date: TUESDAY 13/11/18</i>	TERRACED & SEMI-DETACHED	HAMPSHIRE	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
8	HC-03-A-22 BOW LAKE GARDENS NEAR EASTLEIGH BISHOPSTOKE Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings: 40 <i>Survey date: WEDNESDAY 31/10/18</i>	MIXED HOUSES	HAMPSHIRE	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters (Cont.)

9	HF-03-A-03 HARE STREET ROAD BUNTINGFORD	MIXED HOUSES	HERTFORDSHIRE
	Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings:	160	
	<i>Survey date: MONDAY</i>	<i>08/07/19</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
10	KC-03-A-04 KILN BARN ROAD AYLESFORD DITTON	SEMI-DETACHED & TERRACED	KENT
	Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings:	110	
	<i>Survey date: FRIDAY</i>	<i>22/09/17</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
11	KC-03-A-07 RECULVER ROAD HERNE BAY	MIXED HOUSES	KENT
	Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings:	288	
	<i>Survey date: WEDNESDAY</i>	<i>27/09/17</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
12	NE-03-A-02 HANOVER WALK SCUNTHORPE	SEMI DETACHED & DETACHED	NORTH EAST LINCOLNSHIRE
	Edge of Town No Sub Category Total No of Dwellings:	432	
	<i>Survey date: MONDAY</i>	<i>12/05/14</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
13	NF-03-A-03 HALING WAY THETFORD	DETACHED HOUSES	NORFOLK
	Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings:	10	
	<i>Survey date: WEDNESDAY</i>	<i>16/09/15</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
14	NF-03-A-04 NORTH WALSHAM ROAD NORTH WALSHAM	MIXED HOUSES	NORFOLK
	Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings:	70	
	<i>Survey date: WEDNESDAY</i>	<i>18/09/19</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
15	NF-03-A-06 BEAUFORT WAY GREAT YARMOUTH BRADWELL	MIXED HOUSES	NORFOLK
	Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings:	275	
	<i>Survey date: MONDAY</i>	<i>23/09/19</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
16	NY-03-A-10 BOROUGHBRIDGE ROAD RIPON	HOUSES AND FLATS	NORTH YORKSHIRE
	Edge of Town No Sub Category Total No of Dwellings:	71	
	<i>Survey date: TUESDAY</i>	<i>17/09/13</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters (Cont.)

17	SC-03-A-04 HIGH ROAD BYFLEET	DETACHED & TERRACED		SURREY
	Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings:		71	
	<i>Survey date:</i>	<i>THURSDAY</i>	<i>23/01/14</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
18	SC-03-A-05 REIGATE ROAD HORLEY	MIXED HOUSES		SURREY
	Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings:		207	
	<i>Survey date:</i>	<i>MONDAY</i>	<i>01/04/19</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
19	SF-03-A-05 VALE LANE BURY ST EDMUNDS	DETACHED HOUSES		SUFFOLK
	Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings:		18	
	<i>Survey date:</i>	<i>WEDNESDAY</i>	<i>09/09/15</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
20	SH-03-A-05 SANDCROFT TELFORD SUTTON HILL	SEMI-DETACHED/TERRACED		SHROPSHIRE
	Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings:		54	
	<i>Survey date:</i>	<i>THURSDAY</i>	<i>24/10/13</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
21	SH-03-A-06 ELLESMERE ROAD SHREWSBURY	BUNGALOWS		SHROPSHIRE
	Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings:		16	
	<i>Survey date:</i>	<i>THURSDAY</i>	<i>22/05/14</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
22	SM-03-A-01 WEMBDON ROAD BRIDGWATER NORTHFIELD	DETACHED & SEMI		SOMERSET
	Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings:		33	
	<i>Survey date:</i>	<i>THURSDAY</i>	<i>24/09/15</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
23	ST-03-A-07 BEACONSIDE STAFFORD MARSTON GATE	DETACHED & SEMI-DETACHED		STAFFORDSHIRE
	Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings:		248	
	<i>Survey date:</i>	<i>WEDNESDAY</i>	<i>22/11/17</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
24	VG-03-A-01 ARTHUR STREET BARRY	SEMI-DETACHED & TERRACED		VALE OF GLAMORGAN
	Edge of Town Residential Zone Total No of Dwellings:		12	
	<i>Survey date:</i>	<i>MONDAY</i>	<i>08/05/17</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters (Cont.)

25	WS-03-A-04	MIXED HOUSES		WEST SUSSEX
	HILLS FARM LANE			
	HORSHAM			
	BROADBRIDGE HEATH			
	Edge of Town			
	Residential Zone			
	Total No of Dwellings:		151	
	<i>Survey date: THURSDAY</i>		<i>11/12/14</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
26	WS-03-A-08	MIXED HOUSES		WEST SUSSEX
	ROUNDSTONE LANE			
	ANGMERING			
	Edge of Town			
	Residential Zone			
	Total No of Dwellings:		180	
	<i>Survey date: THURSDAY</i>		<i>19/04/18</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
27	WS-03-A-09	MIXED HOUSES & FLATS		WEST SUSSEX
	LITTLEHAMPTON ROAD			
	WORTHING			
	WEST DURRINGTON			
	Edge of Town			
	Residential Zone			
	Total No of Dwellings:		197	
	<i>Survey date: THURSDAY</i>		<i>05/07/18</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>
28	WS-03-A-10	MIXED HOUSES		WEST SUSSEX
	TODDINGTON LANE			
	LITTLEHAMPTON			
	WICK			
	Edge of Town			
	Residential Zone			
	Total No of Dwellings:		79	
	<i>Survey date: WEDNESDAY</i>		<i>07/11/18</i>	<i>Survey Type: MANUAL</i>

*This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.*

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL TOTAL VEHICLES

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	28	127	0.081	28	127	0.326	28	127	0.407
08:00 - 09:00	28	127	0.129	28	127	0.384	28	127	0.513
09:00 - 10:00	28	127	0.142	28	127	0.173	28	127	0.315
10:00 - 11:00	28	127	0.126	28	127	0.155	28	127	0.281
11:00 - 12:00	28	127	0.132	28	127	0.146	28	127	0.278
12:00 - 13:00	28	127	0.153	28	127	0.150	28	127	0.303
13:00 - 14:00	28	127	0.159	28	127	0.152	28	127	0.311
14:00 - 15:00	28	127	0.171	28	127	0.188	28	127	0.359
15:00 - 16:00	28	127	0.272	28	127	0.182	28	127	0.454
16:00 - 17:00	28	127	0.283	28	127	0.161	28	127	0.444
17:00 - 18:00	28	127	0.343	28	127	0.144	28	127	0.487
18:00 - 19:00	28	127	0.309	28	127	0.167	28	127	0.476
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			2.300			2.328			4.628

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

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#### Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected: 10 - 432 (units: )  
 Survey date range: 01/01/12 - 08/10/20  
 Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday): 28  
 Number of Saturdays: 0  
 Number of Sundays: 0  
 Surveys automatically removed from selection: 0  
 Surveys manually removed from selection: 0

This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL TAXIS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.006
08:00 - 09:00	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.007
09:00 - 10:00	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.006
10:00 - 11:00	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.005
11:00 - 12:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
12:00 - 13:00	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.004
13:00 - 14:00	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.004
14:00 - 15:00	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.007
15:00 - 16:00	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.005	28	127	0.009
16:00 - 17:00	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.007
17:00 - 18:00	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.004
18:00 - 19:00	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.004
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.033			0.032			0.065

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL OGVS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.003
08:00 - 09:00	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.004
09:00 - 10:00	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.007
10:00 - 11:00	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.006
11:00 - 12:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.003
12:00 - 13:00	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.005
13:00 - 14:00	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.004
14:00 - 15:00	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.005
15:00 - 16:00	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.005
16:00 - 17:00	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.004
17:00 - 18:00	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.003
18:00 - 19:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.026			0.025			0.051

*This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.*

*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP\*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL PSVS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
08:00 - 09:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
10:00 - 11:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
11:00 - 12:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
12:00 - 13:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
13:00 - 14:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
14:00 - 15:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
15:00 - 16:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
16:00 - 17:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
17:00 - 18:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
18:00 - 19:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.010			0.010			0.020

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.



TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL CYCLISTS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	28	127	0.006	28	127	0.007	28	127	0.013
08:00 - 09:00	28	127	0.007	28	127	0.017	28	127	0.024
09:00 - 10:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.003
10:00 - 11:00	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.006
11:00 - 12:00	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.005	28	127	0.008
12:00 - 13:00	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.008
13:00 - 14:00	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.005
14:00 - 15:00	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.007
15:00 - 16:00	28	127	0.005	28	127	0.005	28	127	0.010
16:00 - 17:00	28	127	0.013	28	127	0.008	28	127	0.021
17:00 - 18:00	28	127	0.013	28	127	0.007	28	127	0.020
18:00 - 19:00	28	127	0.008	28	127	0.008	28	127	0.016
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.068			0.073			0.141

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED  
 MULTI-MODAL VEHICLE OCCUPANTS  
 Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS  
 BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	28	127	0.098	28	127	0.485	28	127	0.583
08:00 - 09:00	28	127	0.166	28	127	0.670	28	127	0.836
09:00 - 10:00	28	127	0.188	28	127	0.260	28	127	0.448
10:00 - 11:00	28	127	0.164	28	127	0.224	28	127	0.388
11:00 - 12:00	28	127	0.181	28	127	0.212	28	127	0.393
12:00 - 13:00	28	127	0.215	28	127	0.208	28	127	0.423
13:00 - 14:00	28	127	0.226	28	127	0.216	28	127	0.442
14:00 - 15:00	28	127	0.240	28	127	0.266	28	127	0.506
15:00 - 16:00	28	127	0.471	28	127	0.263	28	127	0.734
16:00 - 17:00	28	127	0.481	28	127	0.247	28	127	0.728
17:00 - 18:00	28	127	0.541	28	127	0.207	28	127	0.748
18:00 - 19:00	28	127	0.467	28	127	0.257	28	127	0.724
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			3.438			3.515			6.953

*This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.*

*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP\*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL PEDESTRIANS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	28	127	0.014	28	127	0.027	28	127	0.041
08:00 - 09:00	28	127	0.031	28	127	0.063	28	127	0.094
09:00 - 10:00	28	127	0.027	28	127	0.027	28	127	0.054
10:00 - 11:00	28	127	0.022	28	127	0.024	28	127	0.046
11:00 - 12:00	28	127	0.020	28	127	0.021	28	127	0.041
12:00 - 13:00	28	127	0.024	28	127	0.018	28	127	0.042
13:00 - 14:00	28	127	0.021	28	127	0.023	28	127	0.044
14:00 - 15:00	28	127	0.029	28	127	0.033	28	127	0.062
15:00 - 16:00	28	127	0.056	28	127	0.038	28	127	0.094
16:00 - 17:00	28	127	0.047	28	127	0.024	28	127	0.071
17:00 - 18:00	28	127	0.037	28	127	0.027	28	127	0.064
18:00 - 19:00	28	127	0.036	28	127	0.042	28	127	0.078
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.364			0.367			0.731

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED  
MULTI-MODAL BUS/TRAM PASSENGERS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.013	28	127	0.013
08:00 - 09:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.017	28	127	0.018
09:00 - 10:00	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.007	28	127	0.009
10:00 - 11:00	28	127	0.005	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.009
11:00 - 12:00	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.008
12:00 - 13:00	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.007
13:00 - 14:00	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.007
14:00 - 15:00	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.006
15:00 - 16:00	28	127	0.016	28	127	0.006	28	127	0.022
16:00 - 17:00	28	127	0.015	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.019
17:00 - 18:00	28	127	0.009	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.012
18:00 - 19:00	28	127	0.014	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.018
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.076			0.072			0.148

*This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.*

*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP\*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED  
MULTI-MODAL TOTAL RAIL PASSENGERS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.006	28	127	0.007
08:00 - 09:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.008	28	127	0.008
09:00 - 10:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.003
10:00 - 11:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.003
11:00 - 12:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001
12:00 - 13:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
13:00 - 14:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
14:00 - 15:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.001
15:00 - 16:00	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.005
16:00 - 17:00	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.005
17:00 - 18:00	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.005
18:00 - 19:00	28	127	0.005	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.006
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.021			0.027			0.048

*This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.*

*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP\*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL COACH PASSENGERS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001
08:00 - 09:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000
10:00 - 11:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000
11:00 - 12:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000
12:00 - 13:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000
13:00 - 14:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000
14:00 - 15:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000
15:00 - 16:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000
16:00 - 17:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000
17:00 - 18:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000
18:00 - 19:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.000			0.001			0.001

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED  
MULTI-MODAL PUBLIC TRANSPORT USERS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.020	28	127	0.022
08:00 - 09:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.025	28	127	0.026
09:00 - 10:00	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.011	28	127	0.014
10:00 - 11:00	28	127	0.005	28	127	0.007	28	127	0.012
11:00 - 12:00	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.005	28	127	0.009
12:00 - 13:00	28	127	0.005	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.009
13:00 - 14:00	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.005	28	127	0.009
14:00 - 15:00	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.007
15:00 - 16:00	28	127	0.020	28	127	0.007	28	127	0.027
16:00 - 17:00	28	127	0.019	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.023
17:00 - 18:00	28	127	0.013	28	127	0.004	28	127	0.017
18:00 - 19:00	28	127	0.019	28	127	0.006	28	127	0.025
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.099			0.101			0.200

*This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.*

*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP\*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL TOTAL PEOPLE

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	28	127	0.119	28	127	0.540	28	127	0.659
08:00 - 09:00	28	127	0.205	28	127	0.774	28	127	0.979
09:00 - 10:00	28	127	0.218	28	127	0.300	28	127	0.518
10:00 - 11:00	28	127	0.192	28	127	0.259	28	127	0.451
11:00 - 12:00	28	127	0.208	28	127	0.243	28	127	0.451
12:00 - 13:00	28	127	0.249	28	127	0.235	28	127	0.484
13:00 - 14:00	28	127	0.254	28	127	0.246	28	127	0.500
14:00 - 15:00	28	127	0.278	28	127	0.306	28	127	0.584
15:00 - 16:00	28	127	0.552	28	127	0.313	28	127	0.865
16:00 - 17:00	28	127	0.561	28	127	0.283	28	127	0.844
17:00 - 18:00	28	127	0.603	28	127	0.245	28	127	0.848
18:00 - 19:00	28	127	0.530	28	127	0.312	28	127	0.842
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			3.969			4.056			8.025

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.



TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL CARS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	28	127	0.051	28	127	0.263	28	127	0.314
08:00 - 09:00	28	127	0.095	28	127	0.298	28	127	0.393
09:00 - 10:00	28	127	0.097	28	127	0.128	28	127	0.225
10:00 - 11:00	28	127	0.085	28	127	0.111	28	127	0.196
11:00 - 12:00	28	127	0.097	28	127	0.102	28	127	0.199
12:00 - 13:00	28	127	0.107	28	127	0.108	28	127	0.215
13:00 - 14:00	28	127	0.112	28	127	0.105	28	127	0.217
14:00 - 15:00	28	127	0.122	28	127	0.134	28	127	0.256
15:00 - 16:00	28	127	0.205	28	127	0.122	28	127	0.327
16:00 - 17:00	28	127	0.211	28	127	0.112	28	127	0.323
17:00 - 18:00	28	127	0.265	28	127	0.104	28	127	0.369
18:00 - 19:00	28	127	0.246	28	127	0.123	28	127	0.369
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			1.693			1.710			3.403

*This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.*

*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP\*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL LGVS

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	28	127	0.016	28	127	0.026	28	127	0.042
08:00 - 09:00	28	127	0.016	28	127	0.023	28	127	0.039
09:00 - 10:00	28	127	0.021	28	127	0.020	28	127	0.041
10:00 - 11:00	28	127	0.020	28	127	0.019	28	127	0.039
11:00 - 12:00	28	127	0.015	28	127	0.023	28	127	0.038
12:00 - 13:00	28	127	0.019	28	127	0.016	28	127	0.035
13:00 - 14:00	28	127	0.024	28	127	0.022	28	127	0.046
14:00 - 15:00	28	127	0.019	28	127	0.020	28	127	0.039
15:00 - 16:00	28	127	0.021	28	127	0.022	28	127	0.043
16:00 - 17:00	28	127	0.019	28	127	0.017	28	127	0.036
17:00 - 18:00	28	127	0.032	28	127	0.014	28	127	0.046
18:00 - 19:00	28	127	0.017	28	127	0.013	28	127	0.030
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.239			0.235			0.474

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED

MULTI-MODAL MOTOR CYCLES

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
08:00 - 09:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.002
09:00 - 10:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001
10:00 - 11:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.001
11:00 - 12:00	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000	28	127	0.000
12:00 - 13:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
13:00 - 14:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
14:00 - 15:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
15:00 - 16:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
16:00 - 17:00	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.005
17:00 - 18:00	28	127	0.003	28	127	0.002	28	127	0.005
18:00 - 19:00	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.001	28	127	0.002
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
<b>Total Rates:</b>			0.013			0.013			0.026

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is:  $COUNT/TRP*FACT$ . Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

## **Appendix B:**

# **2011 Census Analysis**

**2011 Census Data - Distribution by Mode**

**Export Details**

Dataset:	WU03EW - Location of usual residence and place of work by method of travel to work (MCOA level)
Population:	All usual residents aged 16 to 74
Class:	Persons
Date:	2011
Date Exported:	ONS Crown Copyright Reserved from Nomis on 16 February 2021
Usual Residence:	BANES 002

**Raw Data**

Place of Work	Number of Trips by Mode							Total
	Train	Bus, minibus or coach	Taxi	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	Driving a car or van	Passenger in a car or van	Bicycle	
BANES 001	0	5	0	1	62	13	5	91
BANES 002	0	1	0	0	14	9	1	24
BANES 003	0	4	1	2	69	8	4	88
BANES 004	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BANES 007	17	15	0	2	66	7	1	113
BANES 008	4	4	0	0	18	2	0	28
BANES 010	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	9
BANES 011	0	1	0	0	15	0	0	16
BANES 012	1	0	0	0	37	1	0	39
BANES 014	1	0	0	0	13	1	0	15
BANES 016	0	1	0	0	37	4	1	43
BANES 017	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3
BANES 018	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	6
BANES 019	0	2	0	1	3	0	0	6
BANES 020	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	5
BANES 022	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	12
BANES 023	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	6
BANES 024	0	2	0	0	8	0	0	10
BANES 026	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	5
BANES 028	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	5
BANES 031	0	0	0	0	4	3	0	7
BANES 034	0	1	0	0	9	0	0	10
BANES 038	0	4	0	0	9	0	0	13
BANES 041	0	1	0	0	5	0	0	6
BANES 042	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	6
BANES 043	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	7
BANES 045	2	9	0	0	4	1	2	19
BANES 046	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	8
BANES 047	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	8
BANES 048	4	59	0	1	43	6	3	122
BANES 049	0	1	0	2	18	3	0	24
BANES 050	0	0	0	0	36	2	0	38
BANES 051	0	2	0	0	12	0	0	14
BANES 052	0	0	0	0	8	1	0	9
BANES 053	0	0	0	0	20	2	0	22
BANES 054	0	0	0	0	10	1	0	11
BANES 055	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	4
BANES 056	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	5
BANES 057	0	0	0	0	13	2	0	15
BANES 058	7	27	0	0	38	3	7	62
BANES 059	0	2	0	0	6	0	1	9
BANES 060	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2
BANES 061	0	0	0	0	19	2	0	21
BANES 062	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 063	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 064	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 065	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 066	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 067	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 068	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 069	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 070	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 071	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 072	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 073	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 074	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 075	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 076	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 077	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 078	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 079	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 080	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 081	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 082	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 083	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 084	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 085	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 086	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 087	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 088	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 089	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 090	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 091	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 092	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 093	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 094	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 095	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 096	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 097	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 098	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 099	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 100	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 101	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 102	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 103	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 104	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 105	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 106	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 107	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 108	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 109	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 110	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 111	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 112	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 113	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 114	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 115	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 116	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 117	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 118	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 119	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 120	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 121	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 122	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 123	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 124	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 125	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 126	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 127	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 128	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 129	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 130	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 131	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 132	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 133	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 134	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 135	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 136	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 137	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 138	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 139	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 140	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 141	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 142	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 143	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 144	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 145	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 146	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 147	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 148	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 149	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 150	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 151	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 152	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 153	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 154	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 155	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 156	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 157	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 158	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 159	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 160	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 161	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 162	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 163	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 164	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 165	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 166	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 167	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 168	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 169	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 170	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 171	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 172	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 173	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 174	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 175	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 176	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 177	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 178	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 179	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 180	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 181	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 182	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 183	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 184	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 185	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 186	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 187	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 188	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 189	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 190	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 191	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 192	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 193	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 194	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 195	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 196	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 197	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 198	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 199	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 200	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 201	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 202	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BANES 203	0	0	0					

Place of Work by Mode - Actual

Place of Work	Number of Trips by Mode							Total
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail		
BANES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	0	0	1	0	0	0	10	
BANES - Other (North Radstock)	18	0	0	0	2	0	20	
BANES - Other (Paulton)	4	0	1	0	2	0	7	
BANES - Other (Peasedown St John)	12	0	1	0	0	0	13	
BANES - Other (Salisbury)	40	0	1	0	1	0	42	
BANES - Other (Whitchurch)	17	0	0	0	0	0	9	
Bath	217	16	14	4	21	25	298	
Berkshire (Reading)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bristol - Central	96	9	6	13	88	11	223	
Bristol - Poole	22	1	0	0	1	0	24	
Bristol - Suburban	26	0	0	0	14	0	40	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Hampshire (Winchester)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Hereford	31	31	200	11	10	0	443	
London	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	12	0	0	0	0	0	12	
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Long Ashton)	6	1	0	0	0	0	7	
North Somerset (Nassau)	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	
North Somerset (Wincoburn)	7	0	1	0	0	0	8	
North Somerset (Yarnton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Somerset (Frome)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Somerset (Shafton Malke)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Somerset (Shest)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Somerset (Wells)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Somerset (Wincanton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	5	0	1	0	0	0	6	
South Gloucestershire (Clifford Causeway)	26	3	1	0	0	0	30	
South Gloucestershire (Vale)	31	3	1	1	0	0	36	
Swindon - East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Swindon - West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
The North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Chippingham)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Curdham)	4	0	1	0	0	0	5	
Wiltshire (Malmesbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Melksham)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	
Wiltshire (Warminster)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,097</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>1,714</b>	

Place of Work by Mode - Proportion of Total Trips

Place of Work	Proportion of Trips by Mode							Total
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail		
BANES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
BANES - Other (North Radstock)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
BANES - Other (Paulton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
BANES - Other (Peasedown St John)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
BANES - Other (Salisbury)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
BANES - Other (Whitchurch)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
Bath	13%	1%	1%	0%	1%	2%	17%	
Berkshire (Reading)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Bristol - Central	0%	1%	0%	1%	5%	1%	13%	
Bristol - Poole	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
Bristol - Suburban	2%	0%	1%	1%	3%	1%	8%	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Hampshire (Winchester)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Hereford	1%	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	4%	
London	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Long Ashton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Nassau)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Wincoburn)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Yarnton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Frome)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Shafton Malke)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Shest)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Wells)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Wincanton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Clifford Causeway)	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	
South Gloucestershire (Vale)	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	
Swindon - East	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Swindon - West	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
The North	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Chippingham)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Curdham)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Malmesbury)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Melksham)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Warminster)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
<b>Total</b>	<b>44%</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>14%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>16%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>100%</b>	

Use of SRN

Start Junction	End Junction	Number of Trips	Proportion of Total Trips
A36	A36 / A360	0	0%
A36	A36 / A361	0	0%
A36	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0%
A36	M3 / J9	0	0%
A36 / A361	A36 / A360	0	0%
A36 / A361	A36 / A362	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A361	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A361	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A361	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0%
A36 / Branch Road	A36 / A361	4	0%
M1 / A46	M1 / A363	13	1%
M1 / A46	M32 / J1	0	0%
M1 / A46	M32 / J2	0	0%
M1 / A46	M32 / J1	0	0%
M1 / A46	M1 / J16	0	0%
M1 / A46	M1 / J18	0	0%
M1 / A46	M3 / J17	0	0%
M1 / A46	M3 / J19	0	0%
M1 / A420	M1 / A363	0	0%
M1 / A420	M3 / A420	0	0%
M1 / A420	M3 / J18	0	0%
M1 / A420	M32 / J1	0	0%
M1 / A420	M32 / J2	0	0%
M1 / A420	M32 / J3	0	0%
M1 / A420	M3 / J1	0	0%
M1 / A420	M3 / J16	0	0%
M1 / A420	M3 / J15	0	0%
M1 / A420	M3 / J17	0	0%
M1 / A420	M3 / J18	0	0%
M1 / A420	M3 / J19	0	0%
M1 / A420	M3 / J17	0	0%
M1 / A420	M3 / J18	0	0%
M1 / A420	M3 / J19	0	0%
M32 / J1	M32 / J1	53	3%
M32 / J1	M3 / J17	29	2%
M32 / J1	M3 / J18	18	1%
M32 / J1	M32 / J4	0	0%
M32 / J1	M32 / J2	0	0%
M32 / J1	M32 / J3	0	0%
M32 / J1	M3 / J19	4	0%
<b>Total</b>		<b>128</b>	<b>7%</b>



Place of Work by Mode - Actual

Place of Work	Number of Trips by Mode							Total
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail		
BANES - Other (Bathaston - Bathford)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
BANES - Other (Norton Radstock)	27	1	4	1	1	0	34	
BANES - Other (Pawton)	12	0	0	0	0	0	12	
BANES - Other (Peasedown St John)	18	1	0	1	0	0	20	
BANES - Other (Salford)	36	7	2	2	1	0	48	
BANES - Other (Westontrun)	13	0	1	0	0	0	14	
Bath	221	21	8	9	32	18	309	
Berkshire (Reading)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bristol - Central	128	8	1	17	92	43	289	
Bristol - Ports	11	0	0	0	0	0	11	
Bristol - Sclodman	472	18	4	12	31	13	650	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Hampshire (Winchester)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Keenham	204	17	168	11	8	2	400	
London	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	14	1	1	0	0	0	16	
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Lang Ashton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Naislea)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Winccombe)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Yatton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Somerset (Frome)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Somerset (Street)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Somerset (Wells)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Somerset (Wincanton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	28	1	0	0	0	0	29	
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	7	0	0	1	0	0	8	
South Gloucestershire (Yarwood)	28	0	2	0	0	0	30	
Swindon - East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Swindon - West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
The North	2	0	0	0	3	0	5	
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Cotswold)	10	0	0	0	0	0	10	
Wiltshire (Malmesbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Marlborough)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
Wiltshire (Wimborne)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,251</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>1,810</b>	

Place of Work by Mode - Proportion of Total Trips

Place of Work	Proportion of Trips by Mode							Total
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail		
BANES - Other (Bathaston - Bathford)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
BANES - Other (Norton Radstock)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
BANES - Other (Pawton)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
BANES - Other (Peasedown St John)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
BANES - Other (Salford)	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%	
BANES - Other (Westontrun)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
Bath	15%	1%	0%	0%	1%	1%	19%	
Berkshire (Reading)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Bristol - Central	7%	0%	0%	1%	5%	2%	16%	
Bristol - Ports	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
Bristol - Sclodman	26%	1%	0%	1%	2%	0%	30%	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Hampshire (Winchester)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Keenham	11%	1%	9%	1%	0%	0%	22%	
London	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Lang Ashton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Naislea)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Winccombe)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Yatton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Frome)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Street)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Wells)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Wincanton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Yarwood)	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	
Swindon - East	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Swindon - West	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
The North	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Cotswold)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Malmesbury)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Marlborough)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Wimborne)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
<b>Total</b>	<b>68%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>100%</b>	

Use of SRN

Entry Junction	Exit Junction	Number of Trips	Proportion of Total Trips
A36	A36 / A350	0	0%
A36	A36 / A361	0	0%
A36	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0%
A36	M3 J8	0	0%
A36 / A361	A36 / A350	0	0%
A36 / A366	A36 / A366	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A350	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A361	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A366	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / B3108	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0%
A36 / Branch Road	A36 / A366	5	0%
A4 / A46	M4 / A365	17	0%
A4 / A46	M32 J1	0	0%
A4 / A46	M32 J2	0	0%
A4 / A46	M4 J1	0	0%
A4 / A46	M4 J16	0	0%
A4 / A46	M4 J18	0	0%
A4 / A46	M5 J17	0	0%
A4 / A46	M5 J19	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 / A365	0	0%
A46 / A420	A46 / A420	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 J19	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 J1	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 J2	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 J3	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J1	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J12	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J15	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J16	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J17	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J18	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J20	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J19	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J20	0	0%
M32 J1	M32 J1	71	4%
M32 J1	M5 J17	28	0%
M32 J1	M5 J18	0	0%
M32 J1	M5 J24	2	0%
M32 J3	M32 J2	0	0%
M32 J3	M32 J3	7	0%
M5 J19	M5 J19	5	0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>8%</b>



2011 Census Data - Distribution by Mode

Export Details

Dataset:	WISSEW - Location of usual residence and place of work by method of travel to work (RSCA level)
Population:	All usual residents aged 16 to 74
Unit:	Persons
Date:	2011
Date Exported:	CNS' Crown Copyright Reserved from 2011 on 16 February 2011
Usual Residence:	BANES 107

Raw Data

Place of Work	Number of Trips by Mode								Total
	Train	Bus, minibus or coach	Taxi	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	Driving a car or van	Passenger in a car or van	Bicycle	On foot	
BANES 002	0	2	0	0	12	1	0	0	18
BANES 003	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	5
BANES 004	1	2	0	0	9	1	9	9	31
BANES 005	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	7	17
BANES 006	1	1	0	0	9	1	1	31	44
BANES 007	12	49	0	4	129	19	16	119	189
BANES 008	1	25	1	1	81	6	17	72	204
BANES 009	3	5	0	0	35	3	8	251	305
BANES 010	0	6	0	0	24	2	0	11	46
BANES 011	0	4	0	0	18	2	0	0	36
BANES 012	0	140	0	0	122	20	23	185	509
BANES 013	0	1	0	0	11	1	0	6	20
BANES 014	0	0	0	0	0	2	9	11	20
BANES 016	0	3	0	0	16	1	0	0	20
BANES 017	1	6	0	0	11	1	3	3	23
BANES 018	0	0	0	0	18	0	1	0	22
BANES 019	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	12
BANES 022	0	9	1	0	16	2	6	2	34
BANES 023	0	3	0	0	2	1	0	0	6
BANES 025	0	2	0	0	8	0	0	2	12
BANES 026	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	8
BANES 027	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	4
BANES 028	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 029	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	4
BANES 030	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
BANES 031	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
BANES 032	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 033	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 034	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 035	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 036	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 037	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 038	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 039	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 040	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 041	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 042	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 043	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 044	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 045	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 046	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 047	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 048	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 049	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 050	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 051	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 052	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 053	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 054	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 055	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 056	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 057	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 058	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 059	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 060	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 061	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 062	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 063	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 064	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 065	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 066	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 067	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 068	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 069	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 070	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 071	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 072	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 073	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 074	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 075	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 076	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 077	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 078	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 079	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 080	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 081	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 082	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 083	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 084	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 085	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 086	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 087	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 088	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 089	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 090	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 091	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 092	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 093	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 094	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 095	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 096	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 097	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 098	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 099	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 100	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 101	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 102	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 103	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 104	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 105	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 106	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 107	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 108	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 109	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 110	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 111	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 112	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 113	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 114	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 115	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 116	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 117	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 118	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 119	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 120	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 121	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 122	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 123	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 124	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 125	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 126	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 127	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 128	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 129	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 130	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 131	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 132	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 133	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 134	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 135	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 136	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 137	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 138	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 139	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 140	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 141	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 142	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 143	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 144	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 145	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 146	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 147	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 148	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 149	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 150	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 151	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 152	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 153	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 154	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 155	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 156	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 157	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 158	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 159	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 160	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 161	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 162	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 163	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 164	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 165	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 166	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 167	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 168	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 169	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 170	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 171	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 172	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 173	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
BANES 174	0	0	0	0	3</				

Place of Work by Mode - Actual

Place of Work	Number of Trips by Mode							Total
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail		
BANES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	24	0	10	4	0	0	24	
BANES - Other (Norton Radstock)	18	1	3	0	2	0	24	
BANES - Other (Pawton)	2	0	0	0	3	0	5	
BANES - Other (Peasedown St John)	17	1	2	5	0	0	25	
BANES - Other (Salford)	18	1	0	0	3	0	22	
BANES - Other (Weston)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bath	475	58	1,723	82	247	24	2,609	
Berkshire (Reading)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bristol - Central	54	3	2	4	3	102	168	
Bristol - Ports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bristol - Suburban	105	8	10	3	9	24	159	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	3	2	0	0	0	0	5	
Hampshire (Winchester)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Keenham	17	1	0	0	2	3	23	
London	13	0	3	3	1	28	48	
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	19	0	0	0	0	0	19	
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Lang Ashton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Nailsea)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Wincobton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Yatton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Somerset (Frome)	32	3	2	0	1	0	38	
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	7	0	1	0	0	0	8	
Somerset (Street)	8	0	0	0	0	0	8	
Somerset (Wells)	5	0	1	0	0	0	6	
Somerset (Wincobton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	10	0	0	0	0	0	10	
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	9	0	0	0	1	1	11	
South Gloucestershire (Yarwood)	12	0	0	1	0	0	13	
Swindon - East	6	0	0	0	0	2	8	
Swindon - West	6	1	0	0	2	28	37	
The North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	14	4	0	2	0	4	24	
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	26	4	0	0	14	0	44	
Wiltshire (Corham)	40	2	2	1	7	0	52	
Wiltshire (Malmesbury)	12	3	0	0	0	0	15	
Wiltshire (Malkham)	19	2	0	0	0	1	22	
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	6	0	0	0	0	0	6	
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	11	3	1	0	3	11	29	
Wiltshire (Wimborne)	16	0	0	0	0	0	16	
Wiltshire (Westbury)	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,643</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1,766</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>269</b>	<b>3,284</b>	

Place of Work by Mode - Proportion of Total Trips

Place of Work	Proportion of Trips by Mode							Total
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail		
BANES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
BANES - Other (Norton Radstock)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
BANES - Other (Pawton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
BANES - Other (Peasedown St John)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
BANES - Other (Salford)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
BANES - Other (Weston)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Bath	13%	2%	48%	2%	7%	1%	73%	
Berkshire (Reading)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Bristol - Central	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%	4%	
Bristol - Ports	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Bristol - Suburban	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Hampshire (Winchester)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Keenham	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
London	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Lang Ashton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Nailsea)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Wincobton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Yatton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Frome)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Street)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Wells)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Wincobton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Yarwood)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Swindon - East	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Swindon - West	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	
The North	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	
Wiltshire (Corham)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
Wiltshire (Malmesbury)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
Wiltshire (Malkham)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
Wiltshire (Wimborne)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
<b>Total</b>	<b>28%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>48%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>100%</b>	

Use of SRN

Entry Junction	Exit Junction	Number of Trips	Proportion of Total Trips
A36	A36 / A350	16	0%
A36	A36 / A361	32	1%
A36	A36 / Marsh Road	7	0%
A36	M3 J8	0	0%
A36 / A361	A36 / A350	0	0%
A36 / A366	A36 / A366	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A350	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A36	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A366	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / B3108	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0%
A36 / Branch Road	A36 / A366	0	0%
A4 / A46	A4 / A365	183	0%
A4 / A46	M32 J1	0	0%
A4 / A46	M32 J2	0	0%
A4 / A46	M4 J1	0	0%
A4 / A46	M4 J16	0	0%
A4 / A46	M4 J18	0	0%
A4 / A46	M4 J19	0	0%
A4 / A46	M5 J19	0	0%
A46 / A420	A4 / A365	0	0%
A46 / A420	A46 / A420	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 J19	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 J1	50	1%
A46 / A420	M32 J2	8	0%
A46 / A420	M32 J3	49	1%
A46 / A420	M4 J1	8	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J12	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J15	6	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J16	22	1%
A46 / A420	M4 J17	12	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J18	18	1%
A46 / A420	M4 J20	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J17	10	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J20	0	0%
M32 J1	M32 J1	0	0%
M32 J1	M5 J17	0	0%
M32 J1	M5 J18	0	0%
M32 J1	M5 J24	0	0%
M32 J3	M32 J2	0	0%
M32 J3	M32 J3	0	0%
M5 J19	M5 J19	0	0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>482</b>	<b>1%</b>

2011 Census Data - Distribution by Mode

Export Details

Dataset:	WISSEW - Location of usual residence and place of work by method of travel to work (MSOA level)
Population:	All usual residents aged 16 to 74
Unit:	Persons
Date:	2011
Date Exported:	CNS' Crown Copyright Reserved (from: NoMIS on 16 February 2021)
Usual Residence:	BANES 008

Raw Data

Place of Work	Number of Trips by Mode								Total
	Train	Bus, minibus or coach	Taxi	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	Driving a car or van	Passenger in a car or van	Bicycle	On foot	
BANES 001	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	7
BANES 002	0	2	0	0	13	0	0	0	16
BANES 003	0	0	0	0	6	2	1	1	10
BANES 004	0	1	0	0	9	0	0	1	11
BANES 005	0	0	0	0	14	1	4	16	35
BANES 006	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	5
BANES 007	2	108	3	4	143	32	71	163	526
BANES 008	1	3	0	0	83	3	18	359	457
BANES 009	0	17	1	3	43	5	26	158	154
BANES 010	0	2	0	0	10	2	2	1	16
BANES 011	0	0	0	1	17	0	2	14	34
BANES 012	0	17	1	1	70	7	15	52	134
BANES 013	0	0	0	0	19	3	9	2	24
BANES 014	0	0	0	0	6	2	2	7	16
BANES 016	0	1	0	0	11	2	2	0	16
BANES 018	0	0	0	0	29	0	0	5	34
BANES 019	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	1	25
BANES 022	0	0	0	0	10	1	0	0	11
BANES 023	0	0	0	0	17	1	0	2	20
BANES 024	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	2	8
BANES 025	0	1	0	0	8	0	1	0	10
BANES 026	0	0	0	0	10	1	0	3	14
BANES 027	0	0	0	0	7	1	0	0	8
BANES 028	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	9
BANES 029	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	6
BANES 030	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	14
BANES 031	0	0	0	0	10	1	0	3	14
BANES 032	0	0	0	0	10	1	0	0	11
BANES 033	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	7
BANES 034	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	6
BANES 035	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	6
BANES 036	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	5
BANES 037	0	0	0	0	19	0	1	0	20
BANES 038	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	7
BANES 039	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 040	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	5
BANES 041	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	19
BANES 042	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	7
BANES 043	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 044	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 045	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 046	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 047	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 048	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 049	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 050	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 051	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 052	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 053	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 054	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 055	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 056	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 057	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 058	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 059	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 060	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 061	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 062	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 063	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 064	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 065	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 066	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 067	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 068	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 069	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 070	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 071	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 072	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 073	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 074	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 075	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 076	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 077	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 078	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 079	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 080	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 081	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 082	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 083	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 084	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 085	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 086	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 087	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 088	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 089	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 090	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 091	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 092	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 093	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 094	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 095	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 096	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 097	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 098	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 099	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 100	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 101	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 102	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 103	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 104	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 105	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 106	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 107	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 108	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 109	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 110	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 111	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 112	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 113	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 114	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 115	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 116	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 117	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 118	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 119	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 120	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 121	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 122	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 123	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 124	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 125	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 126	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 127	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 128	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 129	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 130	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 131	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 132	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 133	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 134	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 135	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 136	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 137	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 138	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 139	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 140	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 141	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 142	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 143	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 144	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 145	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 146	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 147	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 148	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 149	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 150	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 151	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 152	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 153	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 154	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 155	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 156	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 157	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 158	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 159	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 160	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 161	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 162	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 163	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 164	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 165	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 166	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 167	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 168	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
BANES 169	0	0	0	0	10	0	0		

Place of Work by Mode - Actual

Place of Work	Number of Trips by Mode							Total
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail		
BANES - Other (Bathaston - Bathford)	1	0	1	1	4	0	0	16
BANES - Other (Norton Radstock)	46	2	7	4	4	0	0	63
BANES - Other (Pawton)	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
BANES - Other (Peasedown St John)	17	1	2	1	8	0	0	29
BANES - Other (Salford)	11	2	0	2	1	0	0	16
BANES - Other (Weston)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bath	466	55	649	146	150	4	0	1,470
Berkshire (Reading)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bristol - Central	49	3	0	5	26	22	0	105
Bristol - Ports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bristol - Sclodan	114	4	3	7	6	12	0	146
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hampshire (Winchester)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Keenham	26	2	1	2	2	1	0	33
London	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Somerset (Lang Ashton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Somerset (Nailsea)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Somerset (Wincoburn)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Somerset (Yatton)	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
Somerset (Frome)	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Somerset (Street)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Somerset (Wells)	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	6
Somerset (Wincanton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	6	0	0	0	0	1	0	10
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
South Gloucestershire (Yarwood)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Swindon - East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Swindon - West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
The North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	5
Wiltshire (Corham)	27	3	3	0	0	0	0	33
Wiltshire (Malmesbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire (Marlborough)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	5
Wiltshire (Wimborne)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>860</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>668</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2,016</b>

Place of Work by Mode - Proportion of Total Trips

Place of Work	Proportion of Trips by Mode							Total
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail		
BANES - Other (Bathaston - Bathford)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
BANES - Other (Norton Radstock)	5%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%
BANES - Other (Pawton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
BANES - Other (Peasedown St John)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
BANES - Other (Salford)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
BANES - Other (Weston)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Bath	23%	3%	32%	7%	7%	0%	0%	73%
Berkshire (Reading)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Bristol - Central	2%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	4%
Bristol - Ports	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Bristol - Sclodan	6%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	7%
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Hampshire (Winchester)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Keenham	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%
London	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
North Somerset (Lang Ashton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
North Somerset (Nailsea)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
North Somerset (Wincoburn)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
North Somerset (Yatton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Somerset (Frome)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Somerset (Street)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Somerset (Wells)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Somerset (Wincanton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
South Gloucestershire (Yarwood)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Swindon - East	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Swindon - West	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
The North	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
Wiltshire (Corham)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Wiltshire (Malmesbury)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Wiltshire (Marlborough)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Wiltshire (Wimborne)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>43%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>33%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>2%</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>100%</b>

Use of SRN

Entry Junction	Exit Junction	Number of Trips	Proportion of Total Trips
A36	A36 / A350	0	0%
A36	A36 / A361	10	0%
A36	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0%
A36	M3 J8	0	0%
A36 / A361	A36 / A350	0	0%
A36 / A366	A36 / A366	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A350	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A36	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A366	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / B3108	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0%
A36 / Branch Road	A36 / A366	0	0%
A4 / A46	M4 / A365	62	0%
A4 / A46	M32 J1	0	0%
A4 / A46	M32 J2	0	0%
A4 / A46	M4 J1	0	0%
A4 / A46	M4 J16	0	0%
A4 / A46	M4 J18	0	0%
A4 / A46	M4 J17	0	0%
A4 / A46	M5 J19	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 / A365	0	0%
A46 / A420	A46 / A420	14	1%
A46 / A420	M32 J19	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 J1	45	2%
A46 / A420	M32 J2	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 J3	20	1%
A46 / A420	M4 J1	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J12	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J15	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J16	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J17	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J18	4	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J20	5	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J20	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J21	0	0%
M32 J1	M5 J16	0	0%
M32 J1	M5 J17	0	0%
M32 J1	M5 J18	0	0%
M32 J1	M5 J24	0	0%
M32 J3	M32 J2	0	0%
M32 J3	M32 J3	0	0%
M5 J19	M5 J19	0	0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>9%</b>



Place of Work by Mode - Actual

Place of Work	Number of Trips by Mode							Total
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail		
BANES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	14
BANES - Other (Norton Radstock)	28	2	1	2	1	0	0	34
BANES - Other (Pawton)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
BANES - Other (Peasedown St John)	18	2	7	5	5	0	0	37
BANES - Other (Salford)	11	0	4	2	1	0	0	18
BANES - Other (Widworthy)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bath	566	118	450	80	247	0	0	1,461
Berkshire (Reading)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bristol - Central	23	2	4	2	4	14	0	45
Bristol - Ports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bristol - Sclodan	23	0	4	4	4	5	0	40
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hampshire (Winchester)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Keenham	20	5	4	2	0	0	0	31
London	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Somerset (Long Ashton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Somerset (Nailsea)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Somerset (Wiscombe)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Somerset (Yatton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Somerset (Frome)	4	0	2	0	0	0	0	6
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Somerset (Street)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Somerset (Wells)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Somerset (Wincanton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
South Gloucestershire (Yatton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Swindon - East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Swindon - West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
The North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	5
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire (Corham)	21	1	0	0	1	0	0	23
Wiltshire (Malmesbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire (Marlborough)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2
Wiltshire (Widworthy)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire (Widworthy)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>766</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>481</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>271</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,775</b>

Place of Work by Mode - Proportion of Total Trips

Place of Work	Proportion of Trips by Mode							Total
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail		
BANES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
BANES - Other (Norton Radstock)	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%
BANES - Other (Pawton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
BANES - Other (Peasedown St John)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
BANES - Other (Salford)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
BANES - Other (Widworthy)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Bath	32%	7%	25%	5%	15%	0%	0%	64%
Berkshire (Reading)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Bristol - Central	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	2%
Bristol - Ports	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Bristol - Sclodan	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Hampshire (Winchester)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Keenham	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
London	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
North Somerset (Long Ashton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
North Somerset (Nailsea)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
North Somerset (Wiscombe)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
North Somerset (Yatton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Somerset (Frome)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Somerset (Street)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Somerset (Wells)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Somerset (Wincanton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
South Gloucestershire (Yatton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Swindon - East	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Swindon - West	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
The North	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Wiltshire (Corham)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Wiltshire (Malmesbury)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Wiltshire (Marlborough)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Wiltshire (Widworthy)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Wiltshire (Widworthy)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>43%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>27%</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>1%</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>100%</b>

Use of SRN

Entry Junction	Exit Junction	Number of Trips	Proportion of Total Trips
A36	A36 / A350	0	0%
A36	A36 / A361	0	0%
A36	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0%
A36	M3 J8	0	0%
A36 / A361	A36 / A350	0	0%
A36 / A366	A36 / A366	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A350	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A361	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A366	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / B3108	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0%
A36 / Branch Road	A36 / A366	10	1%
A4 / A46	M4 / A365	48	0%
A4 / A46	M32 J1	0	0%
A4 / A46	M32 J2	0	0%
A4 / A46	M4 J1	0	0%
A4 / A46	M4 J16	0	0%
A4 / A46	M4 J18	0	0%
A4 / A46	M5 J17	0	0%
A4 / A46	M5 J19	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 / A365	0	0%
A46 / A420	A46 / A420	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 J19	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 J1	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 J2	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 J3	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J1	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J12	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J15	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J16	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J17	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J18	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J20	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J20	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J21	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J22	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J23	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J24	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J25	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J26	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J27	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J28	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J29	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J30	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J31	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J32	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J33	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J34	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J35	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J36	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J37	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J38	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J39	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J40	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J41	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J42	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J43	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J44	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J45	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J46	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J47	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J48	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J49	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J50	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J51	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J52	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J53	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J54	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J55	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J56	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J57	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J58	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J59	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J60	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J61	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J62	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J63	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J64	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J65	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J66	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J67	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J68	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J69	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J70	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J71	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J72	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J73	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J74	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J75	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J76	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J77	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J78	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J79	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J80	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J81	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J82	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J83	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J84	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J85	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J86	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J87	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J88	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J89	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J90	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J91	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J92	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J93	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J94	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J95	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J96	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J97	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J98	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J99	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J100	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J101	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J102	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J103	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J104	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J105	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J106	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J107	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J108	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J109	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J110	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J111	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J112	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J113	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J114	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J115	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J116	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J117	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J118	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J119	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J120	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J121	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J122	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J123	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J124	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J125	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J126	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J127	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J128	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J129	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J130	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J131	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J132	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J133	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J134	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J135	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J136	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J137	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J138	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J139	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J140	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J141	0	0%
A46 / A420			

2011 Census Data - Distribution by Mode

Export Details

Dataset:	WISKEYW - Location of usual residence and place of work by method of travel to work (MCSA level)
Population:	All usual residents aged 16 to 74
Unit:	Persons
Date:	2011
Date Exported:	CNS User copyright Reserved from Nomis on 16 February 2021
Usual Residence:	BANES 012

Raw Data

Place of Work	Number of Trips by Mode									Total
	Train	Bus, minibus or coach	Taxi	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	Driving a car or van	Passenger in a car or van	Bicycle	On foot		
BANES 001	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	4	0	8
BANES 002	0	0	0	0	9	1	0	4	0	15
BANES 003	1	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	5
BANES 004	0	4	0	0	15	1	0	2	0	25
BANES 005	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	2	0	7
BANES 006	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	10
BANES 007	0	82	1	3	100	12	25	544	0	775
BANES 008	1	11	0	0	59	3	12	21	0	107
BANES 009	0	18	3	1	28	3	4	141	0	190
BANES 010	0	2	0	1	15	0	6	4	0	28
BANES 011	0	0	0	0	12	1	0	5	0	21
BANES 012	4	19	2	3	110	11	22	298	0	530
BANES 013	0	3	0	0	10	0	9	5	0	19
BANES 014	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	13	0	27
BANES 016	0	2	0	0	10	0	3	0	0	15
BANES 017	1	6	0	0	18	1	0	7	0	33
BANES 018	0	0	0	0	29	0	0	10	0	46
BANES 019	0	3	0	0	9	1	0	14	0	27
BANES 020	0	7	0	0	30	3	6	2	0	48
BANES 023	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	5
BANES 026	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	2	0	18
BANES 028	0	0	0	0	15	1	0	0	0	16
Bristol 004	0	0	0	1	5	1	0	0	0	7
Bristol 021	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	5
Bristol 025	3	1	0	0	3	0	0	8	0	17
Bristol 026	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	3
Bristol 032	53	2	1	3	16	2	2	80	0	147
Bristol 038	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	6
Bristol 054	43	2	0	0	17	2	2	0	0	66
City of London 001	9	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	11
Mendip 001	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	6
Mendip 004	0	2	0	0	6	0	0	2	0	10
Mendip 006	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	7
North Somerset 004	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	6
North Somerset 011	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	2	0	7
South Gloucestershire 011	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	1	0	13
South Gloucestershire 017	17	0	0	0	25	0	0	1	0	46
South Gloucestershire 018	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	6
South Gloucestershire 021	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	6
South Gloucestershire 024	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	9
Swindon 012	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Swindon 016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Westminster 011	6	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	6
Westminster 013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Westminster 020	7	0	0	0	4	0	0	2	0	13
Wiltshire 000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 009	4	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	10
Wiltshire 010	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	1	0	21
Wiltshire 011	4	0	0	1	15	0	0	1	0	21
Wiltshire 017	0	1	0	0	10	2	3	0	0	16
Wiltshire 018	0	0	0	0	23	2	0	0	0	25
Wiltshire 023	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Wiltshire 027	3	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	7
Wiltshire 031	2	0	0	0	17	3	0	1	0	23
Wiltshire 037	2	0	0	0	9	0	2	13	0	26
Wiltshire 040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 042	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	8
Wiltshire 043	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 044	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 045	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 046	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 047	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 048	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 049	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 050	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 051	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 052	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 053	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 054	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 055	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 056	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 057	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 058	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 059	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 060	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 061	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 062	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 063	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 064	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 065	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 066	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 067	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 068	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 069	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 070	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 071	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 072	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 073	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 074	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 075	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 076	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 077	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 078	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 079	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 080	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 081	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 082	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 083	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 084	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 085	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 086	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 087	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 088	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 089	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 090	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 091	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 092	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 093	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 094	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 095	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 096	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 097	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 098	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 099	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 101	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 102	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 103	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 104	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 105	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 106	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 107	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 108	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 109	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 111	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 112	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 113	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 114	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 115	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 116	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 117	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 118	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 119	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 120	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 121	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 122	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 123	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 124	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 125	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 126	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 127	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 128	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 129	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 130	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 131	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 132	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 133	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 134	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 135	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 136	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 137	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 138	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltshire 139	0	0								

Place of Work by Mode - Actual

Place of Work	Number of Trips by Mode							Total
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail		
BANES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	14	0	4	6	2	0	26	
BANES - Other (Norton Radstock)	17	1	3	1	1	0	23	
BANES - Other (Pawton)	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	
BANES - Other (Peasedown St John)	31	3	2	6	7	0	49	
BANES - Other (Salford)	10	0	0	3	2	0	15	
BANES - Other (Weston)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bath	429	34	1,058	73	216	12	1,828	
Berkshire (Reading)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bristol - Central	37	4	1	4	4	86	146	
Bristol - Ports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bristol - Sclodman	53	3	2	4	3	36	101	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Hampshire (Winchester)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Keenham	16	1	8	2	0	1	28	
London	2	0	3	1	0	27	33	
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Long Ashton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Nailsea)	4	1	2	0	0	0	7	
North Somerset (Wincoburn)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Yatton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Somerset (Frome)	14	1	2	0	4	0	21	
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Somerset (Street)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Somerset (Wells)	7	0	0	0	0	0	7	
Somerset (Wincanton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	12	0	0	0	0	0	12	
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	8	0	0	0	0	0	8	
South Gloucestershire (Yarwood)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Swindon - East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Swindon - West	0	0	0	0	2	18	20	
The North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	13	0	0	0	2	3	18	
Wiltshire (Chispenham)	29	0	1	0	8	0	38	
Wiltshire (Cotswold)	33	4	0	3	1	0	41	
Wiltshire (Malmesbury)	6	1	0	0	0	0	7	
Wiltshire (Malkham)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	0	0	1	0	2	0	3	
Wiltshire (Wimborne)	8	1	0	0	0	0	9	
Wiltshire (Westbury)	7	0	1	0	0	1	9	
<b>Total</b>	<b>788</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>1,888</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>2,497</b>	

Place of Work by Mode - Proportion of Total Trips

Place of Work	Proportion of Trips by Mode							Total
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail		
BANES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
BANES - Other (Norton Radstock)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
BANES - Other (Pawton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
BANES - Other (Peasedown St John)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	
BANES - Other (Salford)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
BANES - Other (Weston)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Bath	17%	1%	45%	3%	9%	0%	75%	
Berkshire (Reading)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Bristol - Central	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	4%	6%	
Bristol - Ports	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Bristol - Sclodman	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	4%	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Hampshire (Winchester)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Keenham	1%	0%	4%	1%	0%	0%	6%	
London	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Long Ashton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Nailsea)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Wincoburn)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Yatton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Frome)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Street)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Wells)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Wincanton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Yarwood)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Swindon - East	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Swindon - West	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	
The North	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
Wiltshire (Chispenham)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	
Wiltshire (Cotswold)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Malmesbury)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Malkham)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
Wiltshire (Wimborne)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
<b>Total</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>2%</b>	<b>44%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>100%</b>	

Use of SRN

Entry Junction	Exit Junction	Number of Trips	Proportion of Total Trips
A36	A36 / A350	0	0%
A36	A36 / A361	14	1%
A36	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0%
A36	A36 / J8	0	0%
A36 / A361	A36 / A350	0	0%
A36 / A366	A36 / A366	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A350	8	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A36	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A366	26	1%
A36 / B3108	A36 / B3108	13	1%
A36 / B3108	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0%
A36 / Branch Road	A36 / A366	0	0%
A4 / A46	A4 / A363	81	0%
A4 / A46	M32 / J1	3	0%
A4 / A46	M32 / J2	8	0%
A4 / A46	M4 / J1	2	0%
A4 / A46	M4 / J16	0	0%
A4 / A46	M4 / J18	4	0%
A4 / A46	M6 / J17	12	0%
A4 / A46	M6 / J19	6	0%
A46 / A420	A4 / A363	0	0%
A46 / A420	A46 / A420	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 / J19	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 / J1	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 / J2	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 / J3	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 / J1	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 / J12	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 / J15	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 / J16	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 / J17	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 / J18	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 / J19	0	0%
A46 / A420	M6 / J17	0	0%
A46 / A420	M6 / J20	0	0%
A46 / A420	M6 / J21	25	1%
A46 / A420	M6 / J21	0	0%
A46 / A420	M6 / J21	0	0%
A46 / A420	M6 / J18	0	0%
A46 / A420	M6 / J24	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 / J2	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 / J3	0	0%
M6 / J19	M6 / J19	0	0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>8%</b>









Place of Work by Mode - Actual

Place of Work	Number of Trips by Mode							Total
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail		
BANES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	
BANES - Other (Norton Radstock)	30	3	3	1	3	1	41	
BANES - Other (Pawton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
BANES - Other (Peasedown St John)	28	0	1	1	2	1	33	
BANES - Other (Salford)	11	0	0	0	0	0	12	
BANES - Other (Westontrun)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bath	574	76	439	69	111	12	1,281	
Berkshire (Reading)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bristol - Central	51	4	1	5	1	52	114	
Bristol - Ports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bristol - Suburban	44	2	0	4	1	41	92	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Hampshire (Winchester)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Keenham	17	1	0	2	1	1	22	
London	0	0	0	0	1	11	12	
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Lang Ashton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Nailsea)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Wincoburn)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
North Somerset (Yatton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Somerset (Frome)	16	1	0	0	1	0	18	
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Somerset (Street)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Somerset (Wells)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Somerset (Wincoburn)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	6	2	0	0	0	0	8	
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
South Gloucestershire (Yarwood)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Swindon - East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Swindon - West	0	0	0	0	0	8	8	
The North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	20	1	0	1	0	1	23	
Wiltshire (Chiseldon)	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	
Wiltshire (Cotswold)	19	2	0	0	0	1	22	
Wiltshire (Malmesbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Marlborough)	4	1	0	0	1	0	6	
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	0	0	0	0	1	3	4	
Wiltshire (Wimborne)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<b>Total</b>	<b>904</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>447</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>1,792</b>	

Place of Work by Mode - Proportion of Total Trips

Place of Work	Proportion of Trips by Mode							Total
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail		
BANES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
BANES - Other (Norton Radstock)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	
BANES - Other (Pawton)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
BANES - Other (Peasedown St John)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	
BANES - Other (Salford)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
BANES - Other (Westontrun)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Bath	32%	4%	25%	4%	6%	1%	73%	
Berkshire (Reading)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Bristol - Central	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%	6%	
Bristol - Ports	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Bristol - Suburban	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Hampshire (Winchester)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Keenham	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
London	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Lang Ashton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Nailsea)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Wincoburn)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
North Somerset (Yatton)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Frome)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Street)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Wells)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Somerset (Wincoburn)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Yarwood)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Swindon - East	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Swindon - West	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
The North	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	
Wiltshire (Chiseldon)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Cotswold)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Malmesbury)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Marlborough)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Wimborne)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
<b>Total</b>	<b>68%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>25%</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>7%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>100%</b>	

Use of SRN

Entry Junction	Exit Junction	Number of Trips	Proportion of Total Trips
A36	A36 / A350	0	0%
A36	A36 / A361	0	0%
A36	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0%
A36	A36 / A361	0	0%
A36 / A361	A36 / A350	0	0%
A36 / A361	A36 / A366	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A350	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A361	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / A366	0	0%
A36 / B3108	A36 / B3108	24	1%
A36 / B3108	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0%
A36 / Branch Road	A36 / A366	32	2%
A4 / A46	A4 / A365	32	2%
A4 / A46	M32 J1	0	0%
A4 / A46	M32 J2	0	0%
A4 / A46	M4 J1	0	0%
A4 / A46	M4 J16	1	0%
A4 / A46	M4 J18	0	0%
A4 / A46	M5 J17	6	0%
A4 / A46	M5 J19	0	0%
A46 / A420	A4 / A365	0	0%
A46 / A420	A46 / A420	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 J19	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 J1	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 J2	0	0%
A46 / A420	M32 J3	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J1	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J12	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J15	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J16	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J17	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J18	0	0%
A46 / A420	M4 J20	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J20	0	0%
A46 / A420	M5 J21	27	2%
M32 J1	M32 J1	0	0%
M32 J1	M5 J17	0	0%
M32 J1	M5 J18	0	0%
M32 J1	M5 J24	0	0%
M32 J3	M32 J2	0	0%
M32 J3	M32 J3	0	0%
M5 J19	M5 J19	0	0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>9%</b>

## Appendix C:

### Trip Generation and Distribution by Site

**Residential Trip Generation and Distribution**

**Site Details**

No.	1
Location	Bath
Site Name	Green Park West and Sydenham Park
No. of Dwellings	250
MSOA for Analysis	B&NES 012
Trip Rate Category	Edge of Town Centre

**Person Trip Generation**

Time Period	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way
Weekday AM Peak Hour	58	162	219
Weekday PM Peak Hour	166	95	264

**Trips by Distribution and Mode**

Distribution	Weekday AM Peak Hour							Weekday PM Peak Hour								
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips
B&NES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	1%
B&NES - Other (Norton Radstock)	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	2	0	0	0	0	2	1%	
B&NES - Other (Paulton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
B&NES - Other (Passesdown St John)	3	0	0	1	0	0	4	2%	3	0	0	1	0	5	2%	
B&NES - Other (Salisbury)	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1%	1	0	0	0	0	2	1%	
B&NES - Other (Whitchurch)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Bath	38	3	93	7	19	1	160	73%	45	4	112	8	23	193	73%	
Bathwick (Reading)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Bristol - Central	3	0	0	0	0	8	13	6%	4	0	15	0	10	19	6%	
Bristol - Ports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Bristol - Suburban	5	0	0	0	0	3	9	4%	6	0	6	0	4	11	4%	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Hampshire (Winchester)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Kewstham	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	1%	2	0	1	0	0	3	1%	
London	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	1%	0	0	3	0	0	3	1%	
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
North Somerset (Lang Ashton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Nailsea)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Wingscombe)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Yatton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Frome)	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	1	0	0	0	0	2	1%	
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Street)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Wells)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
Somerset (Wincanton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Yate)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Swindon - East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Swindon - West	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1%	0	0	2	0	0	2	1%	
The North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	1	0	0	0	0	2	1%	
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	3	0	0	0	0	1	4	2%	3	0	1	0	4	2%		
Wiltshire (Corsham)	3	0	0	0	0	3	4	2%	3	0	0	0	0	4	2%	
Wiltshire (Marlborough)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
Wiltshire (Mareham)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	2	0	0	0	0	3	3	1%	3	1	4	0	0	4	1%	
Wiltshire (Warminster)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
<b>Total</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>264</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Mode Share</b>	<b>32%</b>	<b>2%</b>	<b>44%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>100%</b>		<b>32%</b>	<b>2%</b>	<b>44%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>100%</b>	

**Use of SRN**

Entry Junction	Exit Junction	Weekday AM Peak Hour	Weekday PM Peak Hour
A36	A36 / A350	0	0
A36	A36 / A361	1	1
A36	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0
A36	M3 J9	0	0
A36 / A361	A36 / A350	0	0
A36 / A366	A36 / A366	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A350	1	1
A36 / B3108	A36 / A361	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A366	2	3
A36 / B3108	A36 / B3108	1	1
A36 / B3108	A36 / Marsh Road	0	1
A4 / A46	A4 / A363	7	9
A4 / A46	M32 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M32 J2	1	1
A4 / A46	M4 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J16	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J18	0	0
A4 / A46	M5 J17	1	1
A4 / A46	M5 J19	1	1
A46 / A420	A4 / A363	0	0
A46 / A420	A46 / A420	0	0
A46 / A420	M25 J15	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J1	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J2	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J3	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J1	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J12	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J15	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J16	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J17	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J18	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J20	0	0
A46 / A420	M5 J17	0	0
A46 / A420	M5 J20	0	0
M32 J1	M32 J1	2	3
M32 J1	M5 J17	0	0
M32 J1	M5 J18	0	0
M32 J1	M62 J24	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J2	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J3	0	0
M5 J19	M5 J19	0	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>18</b>	<b>22</b>

**Residential Trip Generation and Distribution**

**Site Details**

No.	2
Location	Bath
Site Name	Western Riverside
No. of Dwellings	250
MSOA for Analysis	B&NES 013
Trip Rate Category	Suburban Area

**Person Trip Generation**

Time Period	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way
Weekday AM Peak Hour	45	190	235
Weekday PM Peak Hour	158	77	235

**Trips by Distribution and Mode**

Distribution	Weekday AM Peak Hour							Weekday PM Peak Hour								
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips
B&NES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%
B&NES - Other (Norton Radstock)	4	1	1	0	0	0	4	2.24%	4	1	1	0	0	0	5	2.24%
B&NES - Other (Paulton)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%
B&NES - Other (Passesdown St John)	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	2%	3	0	0	0	1	0	5	2%
B&NES - Other (Salisbury)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%
B&NES - Other (Whitchurch)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Bath	45	9	91	10	23	2	180	76%	45	8	91	10	23	2	179	76%
Benshore (Reading)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Bristol - Central	3	0	0	0	1	7	11	5%	3	0	11	0	1	7	11	5%
Bristol - Ports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Bristol - Suburban	8	0	0	0	0	3	10	4%	8	0	3	0	0	10	4%	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Hampshire (Winchester)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Kewham	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	2	0	0	0	0	1	3	1%
London	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Lang Ashton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Nailsea)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Wingscombe)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Yatton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Frome)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Street)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Wells)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
Somerset (Wincanton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%
South Gloucestershire (Yate)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%
Swindon - East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Swindon - West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
The North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%
Wiltshire (Cotswold)	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%
Wiltshire (Marnesbury)	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1%	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	1%
Wiltshire (Marlborough)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%
Wiltshire (Warminster)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Mode Share</b>	<b>33%</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>40%</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>11%</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>100%</b>		<b>33%</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>40%</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>11%</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>100%</b>	

**Use of SRN**

Entry Junction	Exit Junction	Weekday AM Peak Hour	Weekday PM Peak Hour
A36	A36 / A350	0	0
A36	A36 / A361	0	0
A36	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0
A36	M3 J9	0	0
A36 / A361	A36 / A350	0	0
A36 / A366	A36 / A366	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A350	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A361	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A366	2	2
A36 / B3108	A36 / B3108	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0
A4 / A46	A4 / A363	7	7
A4 / A46	M32 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M32 J2	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J16	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J18	0	0
A4 / A46	M5 J17	0	0
A4 / A46	M5 J19	0	0
A46 / A420	A4 / A363	0	0
A46 / A420	A46 / A420	0	0
A46 / A420	M25 J15	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J1	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J2	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J3	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J1	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J12	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J15	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J16	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J17	1	1
A46 / A420	M4 J18	1	1
A46 / A420	M4 J20	0	0
A46 / A420	M5 J17	0	0
A46 / A420	M5 J20	0	0
M32 J1	M32 J1	3	3
M32 J1	M5 J17	0	0
M32 J1	M5 J18	0	0
M32 J1	M62 J24	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J2	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J3	0	0
M5 J19	M5 J19	0	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>15</b>	<b>15</b>

**Residential Trip Generation and Distribution**

**Site Details**

No.	3
Location	Bath
Site Name	Twenton Park
No. of Dwellings	70
MSOH for Analysis	B&NES 011
Trip Rate Category	Suburban Area

**Person Trip Generation**

Time Period	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way
Weekday AM Peak Hour	13	53	66
Weekday PM Peak Hour	44	22	66

**Trips by Distribution and Mode**

Distribution	Weekday AM Peak Hour								Weekday PM Peak Hour							
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips
B&NES - Other (Batheston / Bathford)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%
B&NES - Other (Barton Reston)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2%
B&NES - Other (Paulton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%
B&NES - Other (Passedown St John)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2%
B&NES - Other (Salisbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	
B&NES - Other (Whitechurch)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Bath	21	4	17	0	9	0	54	82%	21	4	17	3	9	54	82%	
Berkshire (Reading)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Bristol - Central	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	3%	1	0	0	0	0	2	3%	
Bristol - Fairs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Bristol - Suburban	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	2%	1	0	0	0	0	2	2%	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Hampshire (Winchester)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Keenham	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2%	0	0	0	0	0	1	2%	
London	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Long Ashton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Naisea)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Winccombe)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Yatton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Frome)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Street)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Wells)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Wincanton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Yate)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Swindon - East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Swindon - West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
The North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Corham)	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1%	1	0	0	0	0	1	1%	
Wiltshire (Malmesbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Melksham)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
<b>Total</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>100%</b>	
<b>Mode Share</b>	<b>43%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>27%</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>1%</b>	<b>100%</b>		<b>43%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>27%</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>1%</b>	<b>100%</b>	

**Use of SRN**

Entry Junction	Exit Junction	Weekday AM Peak Hour	Weekday PM Peak Hour
A36 / 0	A36 / A350	0	0
A36	A36 / A361	0	0
A36	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0
A36	M4 J1	0	0
A36 / A361	A36 / A350	0	0
A36 / A361	A36 / A368	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A350	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A361	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A368	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / B3108	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0
A36 / Marsh Road	A36 / A368	0	0
A4 / A46	A4 / A363	2	2
A4 / A46	M32 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M32 J2	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J16	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J18	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J19	0	0
A4 / A46	M5 J7	0	0
A4 / A46	M5 J19	0	0
A46 / A420	A4 / A363	0	0
A46 / A420	A46 / A420	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J19	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J1	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J2	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J3	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J1	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J2	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J15	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J16	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J17	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J18	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J20	0	0
A46 / A420	M5 J10	0	0
A46 / A420	M5 J20	0	0
M32 J1	M32 J1	0	0
M32 J1	M5 J17	0	0
M32 J1	M5 J18	0	0
M32 J1	M62 J24	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J2	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J3	0	0
M5 J19	M5 J19	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>



**Residential Trip Generation and Distribution**

**Site Details**

No.	4
Location	Bath
Site Name	Royal United Hospital
No. of Dwellings	100
MSGA for Analysis	B&NES 308
Trip Rate Category	Suburban Area

**Person Trip Generation**

Time Period	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way
Weekday AM Peak Hour	18	76	94
Weekday PM Peak Hour	63	31	94

**Trips by Distribution and Mode**

Distribution	Weekday AM Peak Hour							Weekday PM Peak Hour								
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips
B&NES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%
B&NES - Other (Norton Radstock)	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	3%	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	3%
B&NES - Other (Paulton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
B&NES - Other (Passedown St John)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	1	0	0	0	0	1	1%	
B&NES - Other (Salisbury)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	1	0	0	0	0	1	1%	
B&NES - Other (Whitchurch)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Bath	22	3	30	7	7	0	69	73%	22	3	30	7	7	69	73%	
Bathwick (Reading)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Bristol - Central	2	0	0	0	1	1	5	5%	2	1	5	1	1	5	5%	
Bristol - Ports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Bristol - Suburban	5	0	0	0	0	1	7	7%	5	1	7	0	0	7	7%	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Hampshire (Winchester)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Keynsham	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	2%	1	0	0	0	0	2	2%	
London	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Lang Ashton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Nailsea)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Wingscombe)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Yatton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Frome)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Street)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Wells)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Wincanton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	1	0	0	0	0	1	1%	
South Gloucestershire (Yate)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Swindon - East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Swindon - West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
The North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	1	0	0	0	0	1	1%	
Wiltshire (Cotswold)	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2%	1	0	0	0	0	2	2%	
Wiltshire (Marnesbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Marlborough)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	1	0	0	0	0	1	1%	
Wiltshire (Warminster)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
<b>Total</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Mode Share</b>	<b>43%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>33%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>2%</b>	<b>100%</b>		<b>43%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>33%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>2%</b>	<b>100%</b>	

**Use of SRN**

Entry Junction	Exit Junction	Weekday AM Peak Hour	Weekday PM Peak Hour
A36	A36 / A350	0	0
A36	A36 / A361	0	0
A36	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0
A36	M3 J9	0	0
A36 / A361	A36 / A350	0	0
A36 / A366	A36 / A366	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A350	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A361	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A366	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / B3108	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0
A4 / A46	A4 / A363	3	3
A4 / A46	M32 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M32 J2	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J16	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J18	0	0
A4 / A46	M5 J17	0	0
A4 / A46	M5 J19	0	0
A48 / A420	A4 / A363	0	0
A48 / A420	A48 / A420	1	1
A48 / A420	M25 J15	0	0
A48 / A420	M32 J1	2	2
A48 / A420	M32 J2	0	0
A48 / A420	M32 J3	1	1
A48 / A420	M4 J1	0	0
A48 / A420	M4 J12	0	0
A48 / A420	M4 J15	0	0
A48 / A420	M4 J16	0	0
A48 / A420	M4 J17	0	0
A48 / A420	M4 J18	0	0
A48 / A420	M4 J20	0	0
A48 / A420	M5 J17	0	0
A48 / A420	M5 J20	0	0
M32 J1	M32 J1	0	0
M32 J1	M5 J17	0	0
M32 J1	M5 J18	0	0
M32 J1	M62 J24	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J2	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J3	0	0
M5 J19	M5 J19	0	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>

**Residential Trip Generation and Distribution**

**Site Details**

No.	5
Location	Bath
Site Name	St Martin's Hospital
No. of Dwellings	50
MSGA for Analysis	B&NES 017
Trip Rate Category	Suburban Area

**Person Trip Generation**

Time Period	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way
Weekday AM Peak Hour	9	38	47
Weekday PM Peak Hour	32	15	47

**Trips by Distribution and Mode**

Distribution	Weekday AM Peak Hour							Weekday PM Peak Hour								
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips
B&NES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%
B&NES - Other (Norton Radstock)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2%	1	0	0	0	0	1	2%	
B&NES - Other (Paulton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	
B&NES - Other (Passedown St John)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2%	1	0	0	0	0	1	2%	
B&NES - Other (Salisbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	
B&NES - Other (Whitchurch)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Bath	15	2	12	2	3	0	34	71%	15	2	11	2	3	34	71%	
Benshree (Reading)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Bristol - Central	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	6%	1	0	3	0	1	3	6%	
Bristol - Ports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Bristol - Suburban	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	4%	1	0	0	1	2	2	4%	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Hampshire (Winchester)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Keynsham	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2%	0	0	0	0	0	1	2%	
London	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Lang Ashton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Nailsea)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Wingscombe)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Yatton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Frome)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Street)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Wells)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Wincanton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Yate)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	
Swindon - East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Swindon - West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	
The North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	1	0	0	0	0	1	1%	
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	
Wiltshire (Cotswold)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	
Wiltshire (Marnesbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Marlborough)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2%	1	0	0	0	0	1	2%	
Wiltshire (Warminster)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
<b>Total</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Mode Share</b>	<b>50%</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>25%</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>7%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>100%</b>		<b>50%</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>25%</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>7%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>100%</b>	

**Use of SRN**

Entry Junction	Exit Junction	Weekday AM Peak Hour	Weekday PM Peak Hour
A36	A36 / A350	0	0
A36	A36 / A361	0	0
A36	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0
A36	M3 J9	0	0
A36 / A361	A36 / A350	0	0
A36 / A366	A36 / A366	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A350	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A361	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A366	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / B3108	1	1
A36 / B3108	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0
A36 / Branch Road	A36 / A366	1	1
A4 / A46	A4 / A363	1	1
A4 / A46	M32 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M32 J2	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J16	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J18	0	0
A4 / A46	M5 J17	0	0
A4 / A46	M5 J19	0	0
A46 / A420	A4 / A363	0	0
A46 / A420	A46 / A420	0	0
A46 / A420	M25 J15	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J1	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J2	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J3	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J1	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J12	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J15	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J16	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J17	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J18	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J20	0	0
A46 / A420	M5 J17	0	0
A46 / A420	M5 J20	0	0
M32 J1	M32 J1	1	1
M32 J1	M5 J17	0	0
M32 J1	M5 J18	0	0
M32 J1	M62 J24	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J2	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J3	0	0
M5 J19	M5 J19	0	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>

**Residential Trip Generation and Distribution**

**Site Details**

No.	6
Location	Bath
Site Name	Stort Hill
No. of Dwellings	100
MSGA for Analysis	B&NES 307
Trip Rate Category	Suburban Area

**Person Trip Generation**

Time Period	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way
Weekday AM Peak Hour	18	76	94
Weekday PM Peak Hour	63	31	94

**Trips by Distribution and Mode**

Distribution	Weekday AM Peak Hour							Weekday PM Peak Hour								
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips
B&NES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%
B&NES - Other (Norton Radstock)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
B&NES - Other (Paulton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
B&NES - Other (Passesdown St John)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
B&NES - Other (Salisbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
B&NES - Other (Whitchurch)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Bath	12	2	45	2	6	1	68	73%	12	2	45	2	6	1	68	73%
Benshree (Reading)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Bristol - Central	1	0	4	0	0	3	4	5%	1	0	4	0	3	4	5%	5%
Bristol - Ports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Bristol - Suburban	3	0	0	0	0	1	5	5%	3	0	0	0	1	5	5%	5%
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Hampshire (Winchester)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Kewham	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1%	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	1%
London	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1%	0	0	0	0	1	1	1%	1%
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Lang Ashton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Nailsea)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Wingscombe)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Yatton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Frome)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Street)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Wells)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Wincanton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
South Gloucestershire (Yate)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Swindon - East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Swindon - West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
The North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	1	0	0	0	0	1	1%	2%
Wiltshire (Cotswold)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	1%
Wiltshire (Marnesbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Marlborough)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%	1	0	0	0	0	1	1%	1%
Wiltshire (Warminster)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Mode Share</b>	<b>29%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>49%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>100%</b>		<b>29%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>49%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>100%</b>	

**Use of SRN**

Entry Junction	Exit Junction	Weekday AM Peak Hour	Weekday PM Peak Hour
A36	A36 / A350	0	0
A36	A36 / A361	1	1
A36	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0
A36	M3 J9	0	0
A36 / A361	A36 / A350	0	0
A36 / A366	A36 / A366	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A350	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A361	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A366	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / B3108	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0
A4 / A46	A4 / A363	4	4
A4 / A46	M32 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M32 J2	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J16	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J18	0	0
A4 / A46	M5 J17	0	0
A4 / A46	M5 J19	0	0
A46 / A420	A4 / A363	0	0
A46 / A420	A46 / A420	0	0
A46 / A420	M25 J15	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J1	1	1
A46 / A420	M32 J2	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J3	1	1
A46 / A420	M4 J1	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J12	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J15	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J16	1	1
A46 / A420	M4 J17	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J18	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J20	0	0
A46 / A420	M5 J17	0	0
A46 / A420	M5 J20	0	0
M32 J1	M32 J1	0	0
M32 J1	M5 J17	0	0
M32 J1	M5 J18	0	0
M32 J1	M62 J24	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J2	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J3	0	0
M5 J19	M5 J19	0	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>11</b>	<b>11</b>

**Residential Trip Generation and Distribution**

**Site Details**

No.	7
Location	Kyrisham
Site Name	Fire Station
No. of Dwellings	21
MSOH for Analysis	B&NES 002
Trip Rate Category	Edge of Town Centre

**Person Trip Generation**

Time Period	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way
Weekday AM Peak Hour	14	14	18
Weekday PM Peak Hour	14	8	22

**Trips by Distribution and Mode**

Distribution	Weekday AM Peak Hour							Weekday PM Peak Hour								
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips
B&NES - Other (Batheston / Bathford)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%
B&NES - Other (Barton Reston)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%
B&NES - Other (Paulton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
B&NES - Other (Passedown St John)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%
B&NES - Other (Salton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3%	1	0	0	0	0	1	3%	
B&NES - Other (Whitechurch)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%
Bath	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	17%	3	0	0	0	0	4	17%	
Berkshire (Reading)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Bristol - Central	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	13%	1	0	0	0	1	3	13%	
Bristol - Fairs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	
Bristol - Suburban	4	0	0	0	1	0	5	26%	4	0	0	0	1	6	26%	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Hampshire (Winchester)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Kewstham	2	0	2	0	0	0	5	26%	2	0	3	0	0	6	26%	
London	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	
North Somerset (Long Ashton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Naisea)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Winccombe)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Yatton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Frome)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Street)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Wells)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Wincanton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2%	0	0	0	0	0	0	2%	
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2%	0	0	0	0	0	0	2%	
South Gloucestershire (Yate)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2%	0	0	0	0	0	0	2%	
Swindon - East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Swindon - West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
The North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Corham)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Malmesbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Melksham)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
<b>Total</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>100%</b>	
<b>Mode Share</b>	<b>64%</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>14%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>100%</b>		<b>64%</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>14%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>100%</b>	

**Use of SRN**

Entry Junction	Exit Junction	Weekday AM Peak Hour	Weekday PM Peak Hour
A36 / 0	A36 / A350	0	0
A36	A36 / A361	0	0
A36	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0
A36	M4 J1	0	0
A36 / A361	A36 / A350	0	0
A36 / A361	A36 / A366	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A350	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A361	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A366	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / B3108	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A366	0	0
A4 / A46	A4 / A363	0	0
A4 / A46	M32 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M32 J2	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J16	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J18	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J19	0	0
A4 / A46	M5 J7	0	0
A4 / A46	M5 J19	0	0
A46 / A420	A47 / A363	0	0
A46 / A420	A48 / A420	0	0
A46 / A420	M25 J19	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J1	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J2	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J3	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J1	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J2	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J15	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J16	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J17	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J18	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J20	0	0
A46 / A420	M5 J20	0	0
A46 / A420	M5 J20	0	0
M32 J1	M32 J1	1	1
M32 J1	M5 J17	0	0
M32 J1	M5 J18	0	0
M32 J1	M62 J24	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J2	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J3	0	0
M5 J19	M5 J19	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>

**Residential Trip Generation and Distribution**

**Site Details**

No.	8
Location	Keynsham
Site Name	Ynelpots Nursing Home
No. of Dwellings	35
MSGA for Analysis	B&NES 002
Trip Rate Category	Edge of Town Centre

**Person Trip Generation**

Time Period	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way
Weekday AM Peak Hour	8	23	31
Weekday PM Peak Hour	24	13	37

**Trips by Distribution and Mode**

Distribution	Weekday AM Peak Hour						Weekday PM Peak Hour									
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips
B&NES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%
B&NES - Other (Norton Radstock)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%
B&NES - Other (Paulton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
B&NES - Other (Passedown St John)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%
B&NES - Other (Salisbury)	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	3%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3%
B&NES - Other (Whitchurch)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%
Bath	4	0	0	0	0	0	5	17%	5	0	0	0	0	1	6	17%
Bathurst (Reading)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Bristol - Central	2	0	0	0	2	0	4	13%	2	0	0	0	2	0	5	13%
Bristol - Ports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Bristol - Suburban	8	0	0	0	1	0	8	26%	7	1	1	0	1	10	26%	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Hampshire (Winchester)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Keynsham	3	1	0	0	0	0	8	26%	4	1	4	0	0	10	26%	
London	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%
North Somerset (Lang Ashton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Nailsea)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Wingscombe)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Yatton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Frome)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Street)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Wells)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Wincanton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2%	1	0	0	0	0	1	2%	
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2%	1	0	0	0	0	1	2%	
South Gloucestershire (Yate)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2%	1	0	0	0	0	1	2%	
Swindon - East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Swindon - West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
The North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Corsham)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Marnesbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Marlborough)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Warminster)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Mode Share</b>	<b>64%</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>14%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>100%</b>		<b>64%</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>14%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>100%</b>	

**Use of SRN**

Entry Junction	Exit Junction	Weekday AM Peak Hour	Weekday PM Peak Hour
A36	A36 / A350	0	0
A36	A36 / A361	0	0
A36	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0
A36	M3 J9	0	0
A36 / A361	A36 / A350	0	0
A36 / A366	A36 / A366	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A350	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A361	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A366	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / B3108	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0
A36 / Branch Road	A36 / A366	0	0
A4 / A46	A4 / A363	0	0
A4 / A46	M32 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M32 J2	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J16	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J18	0	0
A4 / A46	M5 J17	0	0
A4 / A46	M5 J19	0	0
A46 / A420	A4 / A363	0	0
A46 / A420	A46 / A420	0	0
A46 / A420	M25 J15	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J1	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J2	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J3	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J1	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J12	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J15	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J16	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J17	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J18	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J20	0	0
A46 / A420	M5 J17	0	0
A46 / A420	M5 J20	0	0
M32 J1	M32 J1	1	1
M32 J1	M5 J17	0	1
M32 J1	M5 J18	0	0
M32 J1	M62 J24	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J2	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J3	0	0
M5 J19	M5 J19	0	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>

**Residential Trip Generation and Distribution**

**Site Details**

No.	9
Location	Keynsham
Site Name	safeguarded Land
No. of Dwellings	280
MSGA for Analysis	B&NES 003
Trip Rate Category	Edge of Town

**Person Trip Generation**

Time Period	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way
Weekday AM Peak Hour	57	217	274
Weekday PM Peak Hour	169	69	237

**Trips by Distribution and Mode**

Distribution	Weekday AM Peak Hour							Weekday PM Peak Hour								
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips
B&NES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%
B&NES - Other (Norton Radstock)	4	0	1	0	0	0	5	2%	4	0	1	0	0	0	4	2%
B&NES - Other (Paulton)	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%
B&NES - Other (Passedown St John)	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
B&NES - Other (Salmons)	5	1	0	0	0	0	7	3%	5	1	1	0	0	0	8	3%
B&NES - Other (Whitchurch)	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%
Bath	0	0	3	1	5	3	47	17%	29	3	1	4	2	41	17%	
Benshore (Reading)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Bristol - Central	19	1	0	3	14	7	44	16%	17	1	1	2	12	38	16%	
Bristol - Ports	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	1	0	0	0	0	1	1%	
Bristol - Suburban	71	3	1	2	83	2	162	30%	62	2	1	2	4	72	30%	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Hampshire (Winchester)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Keynsham	31	3	3	24	2	1	61	22%	27	2	21	1	1	52	22%	
London	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	2	0	0	0	0	2	1%	
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Lang Ashton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Nailsea)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Wingscombe)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Yatton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Frome)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Street)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Wells)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Wincanton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Cribbs Causeway)	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	2%	4	0	0	0	0	4	2%	
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Yate)	4	0	0	0	0	0	5	2%	4	0	0	0	0	4	2%	
Swindon - East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Swindon - West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
The North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Corsham)	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	1	0	0	0	0	1	1%	
Wiltshire (Marnesbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Marlborough)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
Wiltshire (Warminster)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>274</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>237</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Mode Share</b>	<b>69%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>9%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>100%</b>		<b>69%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>9%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>100%</b>	

**Use of SRN**

Entry Junction	Exit Junction	Weekday AM Peak Hour	Weekday PM Peak Hour
A36	A36 / A350	0	0
A36	A36 / A361	0	0
A36	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0
A36	M3 J9	0	0
A36 / A361	A36 / A350	0	0
A36 / A366	A36 / A366	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A350	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A361	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A366	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / B3108	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0
A36 / Branch Road	A36 / A366	1	1
A4 / A46	A4 / A363	3	2
A4 / A46	M32 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M32 J2	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J16	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J18	0	0
A4 / A46	M5 J17	0	0
A4 / A46	M5 J19	0	0
A46 / A420	A4 / A363	0	0
A46 / A420	A46 / A420	0	0
A46 / A420	M25 J15	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J1	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J2	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J3	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J1	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J12	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J15	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J16	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J17	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J18	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J20	0	0
A46 / A420	M5 J17	0	0
A46 / A420	M5 J20	0	0
M32 J1	M32 J1	11	9
M32 J1	M5 J17	4	4
M32 J1	M5 J18	1	1
M32 J1	M62 J24	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J2	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J3	1	1
M5 J19	M5 J19	1	1
<b>Total</b>		<b>21</b>	<b>18</b>

**Residential Trip Generation and Distribution - Summary (All Sites)**

**List of Sites**

No.	Site Name	No. of Dwellings
1	Green Park West and Sydenham Park	250
2	Western Riverside	250
3	Iwerton Park	70
4	Royal United Hospital	100
5	St Martin's Hospital	50
6	Ston Hill	100
7	Fire Station	21
8	Trevor's Nursing Home	35
9	Safeguarded Land	280
<b>Total</b>		<b>1,156</b>

**Person Trip Generation**

Time Period	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way
Weekday AM Peak Hour	231	847	1,078
Weekday PM Peak Hour	734	361	1,095

**Vehicle Trip Generation**

Time Period	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way
Weekday AM Peak Hour	104	383	488
Weekday PM Peak Hour	323	159	482

**Trips by Distribution and Mode**

Distribution	Weekday AM Peak Hour								Weekday PM Peak Hour							
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips
B&NES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	7	0	1	1	0	0	10	1%	7	0	1	1	0	0	10	1%
B&NES - Other (Norton Radstock)	14	1	2	1	1	0	19	2%	14	1	2	1	1	0	19	2%
B&NES - Other (Pulston)	4	1	1	0	0	0	6	1%	4	1	1	0	0	0	6	0%
B&NES - Other (Passedown St John)	11	1	1	0	0	0	13	2%	11	1	1	0	0	0	13	2%
B&NES - Other (Salisbury)	10	2	1	1	1	0	15	1%	10	2	1	1	1	0	15	1%
B&NES - Other (Whitchurch)	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0%	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0%
Bath	192	25	290	32	73	7	620	58%	197	26	7	308	34	76	647	59%
Berkshire (Reading)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Bristol - Central	34	3	1	4	19	28	88	8%	33	3	1	4	18	28	86	8%
Bristol - Ports	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0%	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0%
Bristol - Suburban	102	5	2	3	7	12	131	12%	95	5	2	3	7	124	11%	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Hampshire (Winchester)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Keynsham	42	4	31	2	2	1	82	8%	40	4	29	2	1	77	7%	
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0%	2	0	0	0	0	2	0%	
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
North Somerset (Long Ashton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Naissea)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
North Somerset (Winscombe)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Yatton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Frome)	4	0	0	0	1	0	5	0%	4	0	0	0	1	5	0%	
Somerset (Shapton Mallet)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Steele)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Wells)	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0%	2	0	0	0	0	2	0%	
Somerset (Wincanton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Chibbs Causeway)	8	0	0	0	0	0	8	1%	7	0	0	0	0	7	1%	
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	0%	5	0	0	0	0	5	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Yate)	7	0	0	0	0	0	7	0%	6	0	0	0	0	6	0%	
Swindon - East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Swindon - West	1	0	0	0	0	3	4	0%	1	0	0	0	3	4	0%	
The North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0%	3	0	0	0	0	3	0%	
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	7	0	0	0	2	0	9	1%	7	0	2	0	0	9	1%	
Wiltshire (Corsham)	10	1	0	0	0	0	11	1%	10	1	0	0	0	11	1%	
Wiltshire (Marnesbury)	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0%	1	1	0	0	0	2	0%	
Wiltshire (Milksham)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	8	1	0	0	0	0	9	1%	9	1	0	0	0	11	1%	
Wiltshire (Warminster)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
Wiltshire (Westbury)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
<b>Total</b>	<b>488</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>331</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>1,078</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>482</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>348</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>1,095</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Mode Share</b>	<b>45%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>31%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>100%</b>		<b>44%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>32%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>100%</b>	

**Residential Trip Generation and Distribution - Summary by Location**

**Bath Sites**

List of Sites

No.	Site Name	No. of Dwellings
1	Green Park West and Sydenham Park	250
2	Western Roadside	250
3	Twenton Park	70
4	Royal United Hospital	100
5	St Martin's Hospital	50
6	Sion Hill	100
<b>Total</b>		<b>820</b>

**Person Trip Generation**

Time Period	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way
Weekday AM Peak Hour	181	594	755
Weekday PM Peak Hour	527	271	758

**Vehicle Trip Generation**

Time Period	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way
Weekday AM Peak Hour	27	267	294
Weekday PM Peak Hour	185	55	230

**Vehicle Trip Rates**

Time Period	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way
Weekday AM Peak Hour	0.266	0.325	0.355
Weekday PM Peak Hour	0.226	0.116	0.342

**Trips by Distribution and Mode**

Distribution	Weekday AM Peak Hour								Weekday PM Peak Hour							
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips
BANES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	6	0	1	1	0	0	8	1%	6	0	1	1	0	0	9	1%
BANES - Other (Norton Radstock)	10	0	1	1	1	0	13	2%	10	1	1	1	0	14	2%	
BANES - Other (Paulton)	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	0%	2	0	0	0	0	3	0%	
BANES - Other (Peasedown St John)	8	1	1	1	0	0	14	2%	9	1	0	0	0	15	2%	
BANES - Other (Scotford)	4	1	0	0	0	0	5	1%	4	1	0	0	0	6	1%	
BANES - Other (Witchurch)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
Bath	153	22	288	31	87	4	565	75%	160	22	306	32	71	4	596	75%
Berkshire (Reading)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Bristol - Central	12	1	0	1	2	21	38	5%	13	1	1	3	22	40	5%	
Bristol - Ports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Bristol - Suburban	21	1	1	1	1	9	34	5%	23	1	1	1	1	27	3%	
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Hampshire (Winchester)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Herefordshire	6	1	1	0	0	0	8	1%	6	1	1	0	0	9	1%	
London	1	0	0	0	0	3	4	1%	1	0	0	0	4	5	1%	
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordano)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
North Somerset (Lang Ashton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Narford)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
North Somerset (Winscombe)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
North Somerset (Yate)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Frome)	4	0	0	0	1	0	5	1%	4	0	0	0	0	5	1%	
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Street)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Somerset (Wells)	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0%	2	0	0	0	0	2	0%	
Somerset (Wincanton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Chibba Causeway)	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0%	3	0	0	0	0	3	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0%	3	0	0	0	0	3	0%	
South Gloucestershire (Zale)	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0%	2	0	0	0	0	2	0%	
Swindon - East	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
Swindon - West	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0%	1	0	0	0	0	3	0%	
The North	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	3	0	0	0	0	0	4	1%	3	0	0	0	0	4	1%	
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	7	0	0	0	0	0	9	1%	7	0	0	0	0	9	1%	
Wiltshire (Corsham)	8	0	0	0	0	0	10	1%	9	0	0	0	0	11	1%	
Wiltshire (Malmesbury)	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0%	1	0	0	0	0	2	0%	
Wiltshire (Maidenhead)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	7	0	0	0	0	1	10	1%	8	1	0	0	0	10	1%	
Wiltshire (Wootton Bassett)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
Wiltshire (Westbury)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	1	0%	
<b>Total</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>296</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>755</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>315</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>759</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Mode Share</b>	<b>33%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>39%</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>100%</b>		<b>35%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>39%</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>100%</b>	



Keynsham Sites

List of Sites

No.	Site Name	No. of Dwellings
7	Fire Station	21
8	Treetops Nursing Home	36
9	Safeguarded Land	280
<b>Total</b>		<b>336</b>

Person Trip Generation

Time Period	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way
Weekday AM Peak Hour	0	263	323
Weekday PM Peak Hour	207	90	296

Vehicle Trip Generation

Time Period	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way
Weekday AM Peak Hour	48	173	221
Weekday PM Peak Hour	141	61	202

Vehicle Trip Rates

Time Period	Arrivals	Departures	Two-Way
Weekday AM Peak Hour	0.143	0.657	0.657
Weekday PM Peak Hour	0.419	0.182	0.601

Trips by Distribution and Mode

Distribution	Weekday AM Peak Hour								Weekday PM Peak Hour							
	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips	Vehicles	Car Share	Walk	Cycle	Bus	Rail	Total	Proportion of Trips
BANES - Other (Bathaston / Bathford)	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%
BANES - Other (Norton Radstock)	5	0	0	0	0	0	5	2%	4	0	1	0	0	0	5	2%
BANES - Other (Paulton)	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%
BANES - Other (Peasdown St John)	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	1%	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	1%
BANES - Other (Saltford)	7	1	1	0	0	0	9	3%	6	1	1	0	0	0	8	3%
BANES - Other (Whitchurch)	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%
Bath	40	4	2	1	5	3	55	17%	36	3	2	1	5	3	51	17%
Berkshire (Reading)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Bristol - Central	22	1	0	3	16	7	50	16%	20	1	0	3	15	6	46	15%
Bristol - Ports	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	1%
Bristol - Suburban	81	3	1	2	6	2	96	30%	74	3	1	2	6	2	88	30%
Gloucestershire (Wotton-under-Edge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Hampshire (Winchester)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Keynsham	36	3	30	2	1	0	73	23%	53	3	28	2	1	0	68	23%
London	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Bristol Airport)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Chew Magna)	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%
North Somerset (Easton-in-Gordale)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Long Ashton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Nailsea)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Winccombe)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
North Somerset (Yatton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Frome)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Shepton Mallet)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Street)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Wells)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Somerset (Wincanton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
South Gloucestershire (Bradley Stoke)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%
South Gloucestershire (Gibbs Causeway)	5	0	0	0	0	0	5	2%	5	0	0	0	0	0	5	2%
South Gloucestershire (Wick)	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%
South Gloucestershire (Yate)	5	0	0	0	0	0	5	2%	5	0	0	0	0	0	5	2%
Swindon - East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Swindon - West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
The North	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%
Wiltshire (Bradford-on-Avon)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Chippenham)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Corsham)	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1%
Wiltshire (Malmesbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Mekinsam)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Royal Wootton Bassett)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Trowbridge)	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0%
Wiltshire (Warrminster)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Wiltshire (Westbury)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>323</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>292</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>296</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Mode Share</b>	<b>68%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>11%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>9%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>100%</b>		<b>68%</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>11%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>100%</b>	

**Residential Trip Generation and Distribution - Trips on Strategic Road Network**

**Additional Vehicle Trips on the SRN - Entry / Exit Junctions**

Entry Junction	Exit Junction	Weekday AM Peak Hour	Weekday PM Peak Hour
A36	A36 / A350	0	0
A36	A36 / A361	3	3
A36	A36 / Marsh Road	0	0
A36	M3 J9	0	0
A36 / A361	A36 / A350	0	0
A36 / A366	A36 / A366	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A350	1	1
A36 / B3108	A36 / A361	0	0
A36 / B3108	A36 / A366	5	5
A36 / B3108	A36 / B3108	2	2
A36 / B3108	A36 / Marsh Road	0	1
A36 / Branch Road	A36 / A366	2	2
A4 / A46	A4 / A363	27	28
A4 / A46	M32 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M32 J2	1	1
A4 / A46	M4 J1	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J16	0	0
A4 / A46	M4 J18	1	1
A4 / A46	M5 J17	1	1
A4 / A46	M5 J19	1	1
A46 / A420	A4 / A363	0	0
A46 / A420	A46 / A420	1	1
A46 / A420	M25 J19	0	0
A46 / A420	M32 J1	3	3
A46 / A420	M32 J2	1	1
A46 / A420	M32 J3	2	2
A46 / A420	M4 J1	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J12	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J15	0	0
A46 / A420	M4 J16	1	1
A46 / A420	M4 J17	1	1
A46 / A420	M4 J18	1	1
A46 / A420	M4 J20	0	0
A46 / A420	M5 J17	1	1
A46 / A420	M5 J20	0	0
M32 J1	M32 J1	18	17
M32 J1	M5 J17	5	5
M32 J1	M5 J18	1	1
M32 J1	M62 J24	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J2	0	0
M32 J3	M32 J3	1	1
M5 J19	M5 J19	1	1
<b>Total</b>		<b>83</b>	<b>85</b>

**Additional Vehicle Trips by Junction**

Junction	Weekday AM Peak Hour	Weekday PM Peak Hour
A36	3	3
A36 / A350	1	1
A36 / A361	3	3
A36 / A366	7	7
A36 / B3108	8	9
A36 / Branch Road	2	2
A36 / Marsh Road	1	1
A4 / A363	27	28
A4 / A46	30	32
A46 / A420	13	13
M25 J19	0	0
M3 J9	0	0
M32 J1	28	27
M32 J2	1	1
M32 J3	4	3
M4 J1	0	0
M4 J12	0	0
M4 J15	0	0
M4 J16	1	1
M4 J17	1	1
M4 J18	2	2
M4 J20	0	0
M5 J17	7	7
M5 J18	1	1
M5 J19	1	1
M5 J20	0	0
M62 J24	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>147</b>

**Additional Vehicle Trips by Key Link**

Location	Weekday AM Peak Hour	Weekday PM Peak Hour
A46, between A4 and A420	3	4
A46, between A420 and M4	15	16
A4, between A46 and A363	27	28
A36, between A4 and B3108	3	3
A36, between B3108 and A366	13	14
M32, between A4174 and M4 J19	14	13

